2022 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Decatur Alabama

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Decatur Comprehensive Annual Financial Report September 30, 2022

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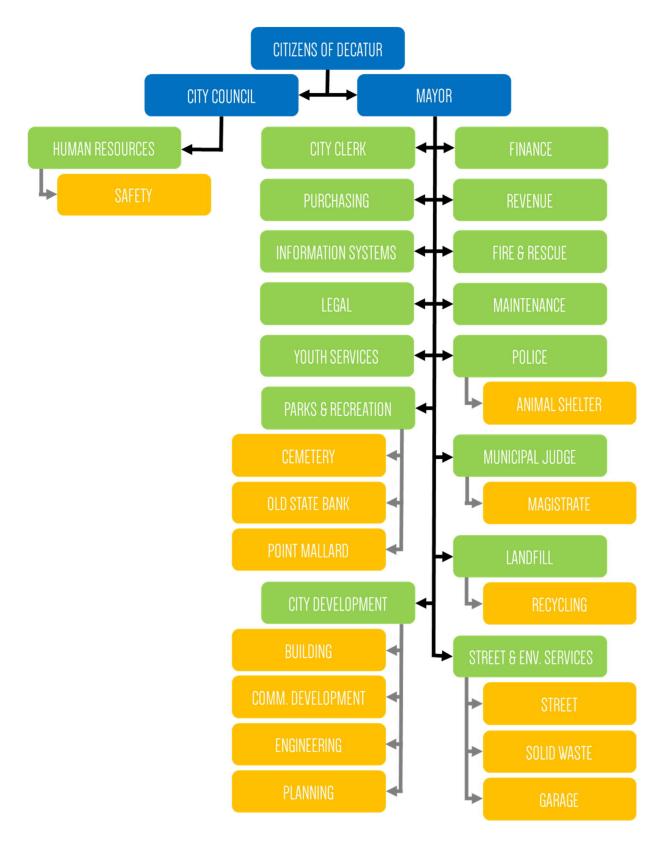
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City of Decatur Organizational Structure September 30, 2022



City of Decatur 2022

Boards and Commissions

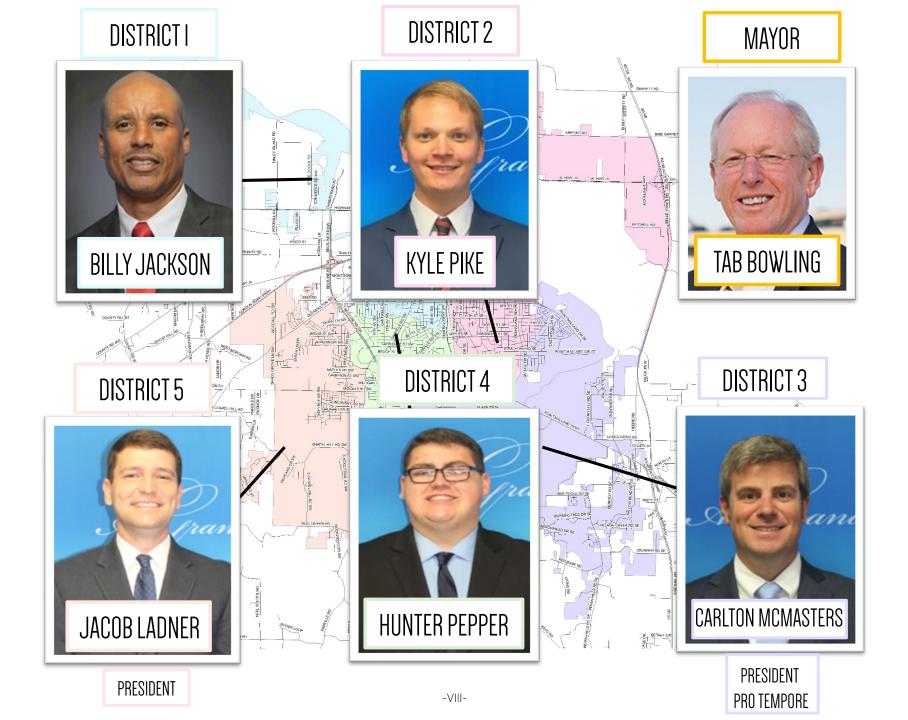
Historic Preservation Commission Industrial Development Board Public Building Authority Housing Authority Board of Examinations and Appeals Parks & Recreation Board Old Bank Building Board Community Preservation Board Downtown Redevelopment Authority Decatur Library Board Planning Commission Board of Zoning and Adjustment Decatur Animal Services Board Personnel Board Municipal Utilities Board City Board of Education Educational Building Authority Bingo Review Committee

Medical Clinic Board

City / County Boards

North Central Mental Retardation Authority State Products Mart Authority E-911 Board Decatur/Morgan County Port Authority EMS Advisory Committee Mental Health Center of North Central Alabama Board of Equalization Healthcare Authority of Morgan County Airport Authority Decatur/Morgan County Farmer's Market

Morgan County Industrial Park & Economic Development Cooperative District Downtown Parking Advisory Task Force



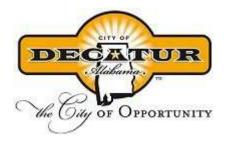
City of Decatur Department Directors September 30, 2022

Chief Financial Officer City Attorney City Clerk Building Community Development & Planning Engineering Fire Chief Information Systems Municipal Judge Landfill Parks & Recreation Personnel Police Chief Street & Environmental Services Youth Services

Kyle Demeester Herman Marks Stephanie Simon Dane Shaw Dane Shaw Dane Shaw Tracy Thornton Brad Phillips Ta'kisha Gholston Wanda Tyler Jason Lake Richelle Sandlin Todd Pinion Daniel Boutwell Brandon Watkins

Other Key Personnel

City Engineer Finance Manager Maintenance Supervisor Purchasing Agent Revenue Administrator Solid Waste/Street Department Carl Prewitt Dawn Runager Kurt Johnson Charles Booth Lori Rossetti Reginald Carter



March 31, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of Decatur, Alabama

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Decatur, Alabama, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. This report including the exhibits and statistical data contained herein, has been prepared by the Finance Department of the City of Decatur in conformity with the standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material aspects, and that it is presented in a manner to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City.

An accounting system is designed to assemble, analyze, clarify, record and report financial data. In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding: (1) safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments made by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions. Key controls are evaluated periodically by the City's finance department.

Alabama state law requires an annual audit to be made, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, of all books and accounts of the City by independent certified public accountants. This requirement has been met and the report of D. Wates and Associates, PC, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 is included in this report. In a d d i t i o n t o t his year's annual audit, the City also will have a single audit, in accordance with federal regulations. The single audit report is published for the public and will be issued separately.

GAAP requires management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Decatur's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of our independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Decatur, Alabama was named in honor of the illustrious naval hero, Commodore Stephen Decatur, famed for his gallantry in the conflict with the Barbary States of North Africa, and later in the War of 1812. The town was incorporated December 8, 1826 by an act of the legislature.

Decatur, the county seat of Morgan County, is situated in northern Alabama, on the Tennessee River, midway between Nashville, Tennessee (110 miles to the north), Birmingham, Alabama (85 miles to the south), Atlanta, Georgia (200 miles to the east), and Memphis, Tennessee (200 miles to the west). Downtown Huntsville, Alabama is twenty miles east of Decatur.

Since October 1968, the City of Decatur has been governed by a mayor-council form of government. The mayor is chief executive officer of the city and is elected by general election to a four-year term. The city council is the legislative body and consists of five (5) members, who are elected for four-year terms. Prior to 1988, members of the city council were elected on an "at large" basis. In 1988, the city council established five (5) electoral districts, one of which is primarily African American in population. An election was held August 23,1988, on a "single member district" basis to fill all five places on the city council, elections continue to be held on a quadrennial basis.

The City of Decatur provides a full range of services. These include police and fire protection, sanitation services, the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, recreational facilities (30 parks comprising 1,280 acres, 22 developed playgrounds, 46 tennis courts, 3 recreation centers, 35 ball fields, 3 pools, 2 golf courses both public & private, 62 acres of soccer fields), cultural events, community services, and general administrative services. Utility services are provided through a separate Municipal Utilities Board, which is a major proprietary fund included in the City's financial statements.

The city operates Point Mallard Park, a premier outdoor family park on the Tennessee River, and home of America's first wave pool. The City continues to make investments in the park to attract visitors to the area as well as serve the citizens of Decatur.

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions in the annually appropriated budgets adopted by the City Council. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the budget process. A formal budget is not adopted for the debt service funds because effective control is achieved through the related debt's indenture provisions. Although not legally required, the City Council also approves operating budgets for the Point Mallard and Landfill enterprise funds. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. A formal amendment to the original budget is adopted after the Council reviews and approves changes at mid-year. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Local Economy

The information in the financial statements is better understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Decatur operates.

Based on a recent analysis by SmartAsset, the city of Decatur metro area is the second best place to work in the manufacturing industry in the United States. Decatur/Morgan County is home to approximately 145 Industries, including 12 Fortune 500 companies and 7 Global 500 companies. As the economy took the next step post global pandemic, the City of Decatur saw 17 expansion/equipment upgrades totaling \$707,538,034 and 586 new jobs. We would be remiss to not mention the accomplishments and growth of our industrial taxpayers – which also factor into future development needs. The following notes are worth highlighting:

- United Launch Alliance \$300M expansion, bringing 250 new jobs. The expansion enables them to manufacture rockets at double the rate as demand for the product increases. The new buildings will serve to support ULA's contract with Amazon for Project Kuiper, an ambitious global broadband connectivity effort aimed at providing high-speed internet services to underserved areas around the world.
- Haier/GE Appliances plant had record production in 2020 and 2021 and another record year occurred in 2022. A recent expansion increased its capacity and allowed it to hire hundreds of new employees.
- Toray plans a \$15M improvement to the Decatur plant.
- Beyond Gravity announced an additional \$42 million capital investment and 158 new jobs to support United Launch Alliance's production of Vulcan Rockets.
- Nucor Steele \$125M new plant dedicated to their new automation business unit (Nucor Tower & Structures). 200 new jobs created.

In addition to the industrial expansion, the City continues to see retail establishments locate into Decatur. Residential areas are also seeing expansion in correlation to the increased demand for housing. Some of the more notable items that occurred in 2022 are the following:

- The construction phase of Foxwood Subdivision began which will bring 160 garden/mid-size homes
- The City entered into a contract to sell downtown parcels of land to Riverloft Apartments who plan to bring 100 Class A apartment units, along with retail real estate to the City's downtown district.
- The zoning phase was completed by Rausch Coleman Builders who will add 250 homes in Phase 1 and an additional 200 mid-size/town home style living quarters to the western boundary of our City.
- Legacy Cove continues to see activity as it relates to their 15 river view estate properties
- Crumbl Cookies, a cookie shop known for their variety of cookie flavors offered each week on a rotating menu along with their open-kitchen concept, began business in Decatur in FY22.
- Crunch Fitness opened a \$5.5M fitness center, offering \$1M worth of state-of art equipment, weekly classes and highly-experienced personal trainers to Decatur residents.
- Bealls Outlet, a bargain lover's boutique selling items from women's fashion to home décor, remodeled facilities in Decatur Commons.
- Other exciting food establishments welcomed to the City are Culver's (Burger's and Custard), Red Pier (Cajun Seafood, Two Fish and a Toad (Salad/Sandwiches), 7 Brew Coffee (Coffee) and Dutch Brothers (Coffee).

Overall revenues continue their historical increasing trend and City management continues to support a conscientious effort to provide quality of life attractions and services to our City. These overwhelming factors position the City of Decatur favorably for growth.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Decatur for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the thirtieth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirement, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report is possible because of the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We wish to express our appreciation to our independent auditors, Darrell Wates and Associates, PC, Certified Public Accountants. We would also like to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support of the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Kyle Demeester Chief Financial Officer City of Decatur

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Decatur, Alabama

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Decatur, Alabama (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Decatur, Alabama's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Decatur's Board of Education ("Board of Education"), which is a discretely presented component unit of the City, or the financial statements of the Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund ("Utilities Board"), a business-type activity and major proprietary fund. The Board of Education represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units as of September 30, 2022, The Utilities Board represents 97.68 percent, 89.77 percent, and 92.68 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the Business-Type Activities and proprietary funds. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board of Education and Utilities Board are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

D. Wates & Associates

Certified Public Accountants / Consultants

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis starting on page 4, the pension information starting on page 98, and the other post-employment information starting on page 102 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our



D. Wates & Associates Certified Public Accountants / Consultants

inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budget to actual schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budget to actual schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Decatur, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Decatur, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Decatur, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Darrell W. Wates, CPA, PC

Darrel W. Wates, CPA, PC dba D. Wates & Associates

Decatur, Alabama March 31, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Decatur (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the challenges of the coming and subsequent years), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the adopted budget) and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Because the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and known facts, we encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

2022 Highlights

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of City of Decatur exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$302.1 million (net position). Of this amount, the City had a deficit in unrestricted net position, (which represents the amounts available to meet the City of Decatur's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors), of \$53.3 million. This deficit is offset by \$26.3 million in restricted net position and \$329.1 million in net investment in capital assets. The primary reason for the deficit balance in unrestricted net position is the resulting liability for the City's Pension and Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) obligations.
- The City's governmental activities net position increased from the beginning net position by \$28.8 million while the business-type activities net position increased by \$24.2 million.
- As of the close of fiscal year 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$79.35 million, an increase of \$25.3 million from fiscal year 2021.
- At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$24 million, an increase of \$1.6 million from fiscal year 2021.
- The City's governmental long-term liabilities had a net increase of \$9.4 million during the 2022 fiscal year, while the City's business-type activities long-term liabilities decreased \$8.6 million.
- The City's policy is to maintain, at all times, a minimum reserve of 3 months (90 days) General Fund Operating Expenses. \$21 million of the \$28 million committed fund balance is related to this reserve.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.
- The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

- The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused annual leave).
- Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, public services, educational, community service, community development, and personnel board functions. The educational function relates to financial resources provided to the Decatur Board of Education for support of the city school system.
- Business-type activities of the City include the Municipal Utilities Board, Sanitary Landfill and Point Mallard. All of these activities are collectively referred to in the financial statements as those of the primary government.
- Financial information of the Board of Education is referred to in the financial statements as that of the discretely-presented component unit. This discussion and analysis focuses on the primary government. Complete financial statements (including MD&A) of the component unit may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City.
- The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 17 of this report.
- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Funds of the City are divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The city maintains 17 individual governmental funds.

- The General Fund, School Fund and Capital Improvements Fund are considered to be major funds, and information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these funds.
- The 14 other governmental funds are considered to be non-major governmental funds, and they are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the basic financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as businesstype activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Sanitary Landfill and Point Mallard operations and the Municipal Utilities Board Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements provide information as follows.

The Municipal Utilities Board Fund is considered to be a major proprietary fund of the City, and information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net assets and in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund net assets for these funds.

The other two enterprise activities are considered to be non-major proprietary funds, and they are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the basic financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these funds is provided in the form of combining statements as supplementary information.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 24 of this report.

Fiduciary Fund

A Fiduciary fund is used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Decatur's own programs. The City maintains only one fiduciary fund related to the trust for the Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan of the Municipal Utilities Board. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 29 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 32 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. Because the City adopts an annual operating budget for most of its governmental funds, a comparison of budget to actual results is provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget. This information and the combining non-major funds statements referred to earlier can be found beginning on page 106 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The City's combined net position was approximately \$302.1 million as of September 30, 2022. Analyzing net position of governmental and business-type activities separately, the governmental activities had a deficit balance of approximately \$4.7 million and the business-type activities net position was approximately \$306.8 million. This analysis focuses on the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position (Table 1), and changes in revenues and expenses (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 City of Decatur's Net Position (Unaudited) Governmental Activities Total **Business-Type Activities** September 30, September 30, September 30, September 30, September 30, September 30, 2021 2022 Change 2022 2021 Change 2022 2021 Assets Current and other asset \$ 147.699.766 \$ 70.904.502 \$ 76.795.264 \$ 290.583.169 \$ 274.839.777 \$ 15.743.392 \$ 438,282,935 \$ 345.744.279 104.390.737 94.677.204 299.233.717 419.918.000 393.910.921 Capital and Right to use leased assets 9.713.533 315.527.263 16.293.546 252,090,503 165,581,706 86.508.797 606,110,432 574,073,494 32.036.938 Total assets 858,200,935 739.655.200 Deferred outflows of Resources Losses on debt refundings 795,223 889.089 (93,866) 2,103,735 2.297.925 (194,190) 2,898,958 3,187,014 OPER Contributions 12,772,291 18,219,634 (5,447,343) 8,624,748 1,402,458 7,222,290 21.397.039 19,622,092 Pension contributions subsequent to 6.570.918 18.715.760 measurement date 12.891.890 12.144.842 747.048 6.124.883 (446.035) 19.016.773 Total deferred outflows of resources 26,459,404 31,253,565 (4,794,161) 16,853,366 10,271,301 6,582,065 43,312,770 41,524,866 Liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding 185.620.941 176,183,408 9,437,533 260,603,733 269 238 493 (8,634,760) 446 224 674 445,421,901 Other liabililties 63,655,618 14,424,361 49,231,257 39,536,519 24,035,846 15,500,673 103, 192, 137 38,460,207 Total liabilities 249,276,559 190 607 769 58.668.790 300,140,252 293,274,339 6 865 913 549,416,811 483,882,108 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related 1,783,655 1,783,655 1,783,655 Excess of actual earnings over projected earnings on OPEB plan investments 24,573,140 39.259.365 (14,686,225) 9.732.654 8,276,450 1,456,204 34,305,794 47.535.815 Excess of actual earnings over projected 7.657.223 6.225.967 13,883,190 earnings on pension plan investments 510,437 7,146,786 139,939 6.086.028 650,376 34,014,018 39.769.802 (5.755.784) 15.958.621 8.416.389 7.542.232 49.972.639 48.186.191 Total deferred inflows of resources Net position 68,734,208 57,492,241 11,241,967 260,360,162 257,574,347 2,785,815 329,094,370 315,066,588 Net investment in capital assets Restricted[.] Debt service 19,744,950 7.881.333 11.863.617 19 744 950 7 881 333 185,424 73,458 Capital Improvements 258,882 258,882 185,424 6.079.517 6.276.086 6.079.517 6,276,086 196,569 Other Unrestricted (deficit) (80,009,846 (97,299,482) 26.759.813 17.198.387 9.561.426 (80,101,095) 17.289.636 (53,250,033) (4,740,670) 28,801,630 306,864,925 4.210.858 249,111,767 Total net position (33,542,300) 282.654.067 302,124,255

The largest portion of the City's net position is reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, infrastructure and other), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used, such restrictions being imposed by legal requirements other than those imposed by the City Council (e.g. state or federal law). Net position from governmental activities increased \$28.8 million in fiscal year 2022. This increase can be attributed to a strong local economy and conservative budgeting.

Long-term liabilities for governmental activities increased \$9.4 million due primarily to the issuance of additional bonds.

The business-type activities long-term liabilities decreased \$8.7 million due primarily to scheduled debt principal payments made by the Municipal Utilities Board.

For governmental activities, unrestricted net position increased by \$17.2 million during the 2022 fiscal year. At the close of fiscal year 2022, governmental activities reflected a deficit unrestricted net position of \$80 million. This deficit is due primarily to long-term liabilities for bonds, compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits. The deficit is partially offset by \$6.5 million in restricted net position and \$68.7 million in net investment in capital assets. Because of the focus on current assets and liabilities, the City's budget is developed to address the needs of current operations. The City plans to fund long term liabilities in future budgets as those liabilities consume current assets.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the City's business-type activities reported a surplus unrestricted net position of \$26.7 million (an increase of \$9.5 million during fiscal year 2022). This increase is primarily due to recognition of extraordinary income of \$9.2 million for reimbursement of past expense related to polyfluoroalkyl (PFAS) disposal.

Table 2 provides a summary of the City's operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, with comparative totals for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

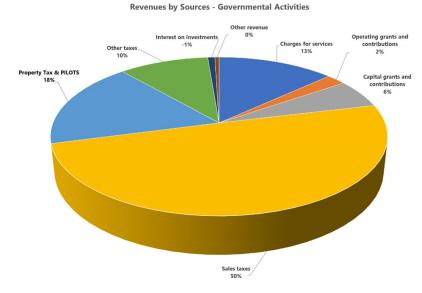
	Gov	ernmental Activitie	es	Bu	siness Type Activi	ties	Total		
	September 30,	September 30,		September 30,	September 30,		September 30,	September 30	
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	
REVENUES									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 16,246,138	\$ 13,707,058	\$ 2,539,080	\$ 177,194,470	\$ 152,441,439	\$ 24,753,031	\$ 193,440,608	\$ 166,148,49	
Operating grants and contributions	2,700,754	3,122,439	(421,685)	-	-	-	2,700,754	3,122,439	
Capital grants and contributions	7,159,412	7,155,168	4,244	730,767	921,133	(190, 366)	7,890,179	8,076,30	
General revenues							-		
Sales taxes	61,120,053	55,838,932	5,281,121	-	-		61,120,053	55,838,932	
Property taxes and payemnts in lieu of taxes	21,772,067	20, 596, 224	1,175,843	-	-	-	21,772,067	20,596,224	
Other taxes	12,494,430	11,157,647	1,336,783	-	-	-	12,494,430	11,157,64	
Interest on investments	(998,910)	1,644,900	(2,643,810)	2,061,311	475,867		1,062,401	2,120,76	
Other revenue	579,096	164,001	415,095	96,700	64,071	32,629	675,796	228,072	
Total revenues	121,073,040	113,386,369	7,686,671	180,083,248	153,902,510	24,595,294	301,156,288	267,288,879	
EXPENSES									
General government	9,041,026	12,944,319	(3,903,293)	-	-	-	9,041,026	12,944,31	
Public safety	28,248,293	27,027,485	1,220,808	-	-	-	28,248,293	27,027,48	
Public works	10,238,921	9,927,356	311,565	-	-	-	10,238,921	9,927,356	
Public services	11,268,150	9,859,751	1,408,399	-	-	-	11,268,150	9,859,75	
Educational assistance	27,631,709	26,016,676	1,615,033	-	-	-	27,631,709	26,016,676	
Community service contracts	3,393,276	2,955,611	437,665	-	-	-	3,393,276	2,955,61	
Community development	2,420,240	2,756,394	(336,154)	-	-	-	2,420,240	2,756,394	
Interest on long-term debt	1,169,828	895,287	274,541	-	-	-	1,169,828	895,28	
Unallocated depreciation	1,480,489	1,609,561	(129,072)	-	-	-	1,480,489	1,609,56	
Municipal Utilities Board	-		-	152,877,786	135,880,186	16,997,600	152,877,786	135,880,186	
Point Mallard	-	-	-	5,483,738	5,137,263	346,475	5,483,738	5,137,263	
Sanitary Landfill				5,769,116	5,831,354	(62,238)	5,769,116	5,831,354	
Total expenses	94,891,932	93,992,440	- 899,492	164,130,640	146,848,803	17,281,837	- 259,022,572	240,841,24	
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfer	26,181,108	19,393,929	6,787,179	15,952,608	7,053,707	8,898,901	42,133,716	26,447,636	
Extraordinary item	1,605,911		1,605,911	9,272,861		9,272,861	10,878,772	(1,605,91	
Transfers	1,003,911	(2,234,098)	3,248,709	(1,014,611)	2,234,098	(3,248,709)		(1,003,91	
Increase (decrease) in net position	28,801,630	17,159,831	11,641,799	24,210,858	9,287,805	14,923,053	53,012,488	24,841,72	
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	(33,542,300)	(50,702,131)	17,159,831	282,654,067	273,366,262	9,287,805	249,111,767	222,664,13	

Governmental Activities

The governmental activities net position increased \$28.8 million during fiscal year 2022. Total revenues, extraordinary items and transfers increased \$12.5 million, or 11.28% percent from fiscal year 2021. Significant changes in revenue include the following:

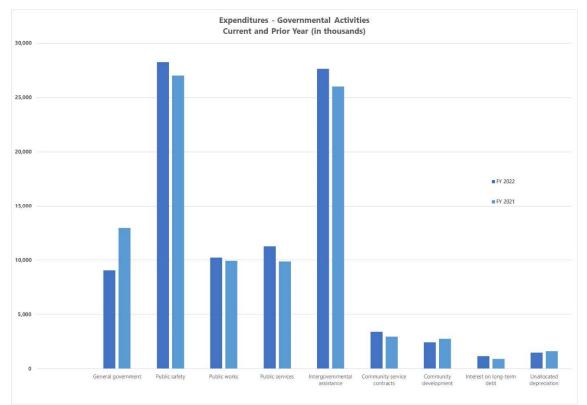
- Every revenue source other than interest on investments experienced increases from fiscal year 2021 due to a strong local • economy. Interest on investments revenue experienced a \$2.6 million decrease. The majority of this loss is related to fixed income investments which the City intends to hold to maturity. As such, the City does not expect to realize these losses as no redemption prior to maturity is expected.
- Property taxes and payments in lieu of tax revenues increased \$1.1 million (5.7%) due to an increase in the certified property • tax values and a strong market for new home construction.
- Sales tax revenue increased \$5.2 million (9.46%) due to increased discretionary customer spending, as the effects related to the COVID-19 pandemic continued to decline.
- Other revenue increased \$415 thousand, primarily due to an increase in resale value on capital assets sold.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased \$421 thousand due to the decline in funding received related to COVID-19 • response (including housing and rental assistance).
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$4 thousand (.06%) due to a continuing effort to improve infrastructure • utilizing grant opportunities available to the City.

The following shows the breakdown of the General Revenues of Governmental Activities:



- Total governmental activities expenses increased \$899 thousand (1%) from fiscal year 2021.
- General government expenses decreased \$3.9 million (30.1%) primarily due to the reduction in OPEB liability. The City • discontinued the practice of paying other post-employment benefits for City personnel beginning service after October 2009. As a result, the expected long-term liability resulting from the OPEB benefits has steadily decreased and is expected to continue in this manner as no additional retirees are added to the plan.
- Public safety expenses increased \$1.2 million (4.5%) due mostly to Personnel Board recommended market-based adjustments in in salaries and wages and new fleet vehicle purchases.
- Streets, public works, and transportation expenses increased \$311 thousand, (3.1%) due primarily to the escalation of • infrastructure projects, construction of a new parking facility and purchases of new equipment.
- Public service expenses (include cultural and recreational expenses) increased \$1.4 million (14.1%) primarily due to various . building and park improvement projects as well as salaries and wage adjustments.

- Educational assistance expenses increased by \$1.6 million (6%) due to the increase in tax revenues shared with the school system.
- Interest on long-term debt increased \$274 thousand (30.6%) due to interest payments on newly issued debt as well as the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which changed the accounting treatment of long-term lease obligations resulting in a portion of expenses formerly included in one of the functional categories of the City as rent expense now being classified as interest on these obligations.
- Community Development expense decreased \$336 thousand (12.2%) due to the decrease of funding available through COVID-19 grants.



Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities total net position increased \$24.2 million from fiscal year 2021.

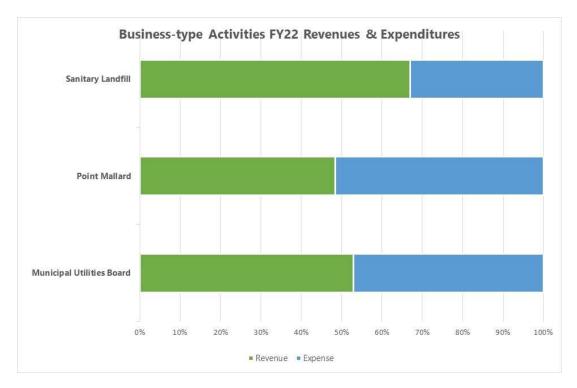
Revenues

- Total revenues increased by \$24.7 million primarily due to \$24.3 million increase in operating revenues from the Municipal Utilities Board. Gas, water, electric and wastewater operating revenues all increased from fiscal year 2021.
- Electric System operating revenues increased by \$12.6 million (14.09%) due to increases in usage and purchase power component of rates during the current year.
- Gas System operating revenues increased \$6.2 million (42%) due to higher purchased gas component of rates and sales volumes at 10% above prior year.
- Operating revenues for the Water System increased by \$703 thousand (4.56%) as a result of volumetric increases coming from all customer classes.
- Operating revenues for the Wastewater System increased \$4.76 million (24.05%) due to increased rates and sales volumes. In addition, extraordinary income of \$5.9 million was recognized due to reimbursement of past expense related to polyfluoroalkyl (PFAS) disposal.
- Point Mallard parks, no longer affected by COVID-19 restrictions, saw an overall increase in operating revenue of \$204 thousand.

• Sanitary Landfill operating revenues increased \$174 thousand from prior year and recognized extraordinary income of \$3.3 million due to reimbursement of past expense related to PFAS disposal.

Expenditures

- Total operating expenditures increased \$17.2 million.
- For Electric System, there was an \$11.2 million (15.09%) increase from the prior year in purchased power cost. Other operating expenses were down \$10 thousand. Net position increased 7.34% from the prior year.
- Gas System saw a \$5.4 million (51.42%) increase in purchased gas cost and a decrease of \$64 thousand in other operating expense. Net position increased 2.75% from the prior year.
- In addition to the increases in usage in Water System, treatment expense increased by \$1 million (21.31%) driven by sales volumes and increases in chemical and utility costs. Other operating expense decreased \$164 thousand. Net position increased 2.08% from the prior year.
- For Wastewater System, treatment expense increased \$77 thousand and other operating expense increased \$42 thousand. Net position increased 11.28% over the prior year.
- Point Mallard operating expense increased \$346 thousand primarily due to the personal board recommended marketbased pay adjustments and increased costs of utility rates and usage from prior year. Net position decreased by \$338 thousand.
- Sanitary Landfill saw an overall decrease in operating expense of \$62 thousand or 1% from prior year. Net position increased \$5.9 million.



Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned, assigned, and committed fund balance categories may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The combined fund balances of the City's governmental funds as of September 30, 2022 were \$79.3 million, an increase of \$25.3 million from the 2021 fiscal year. Of this amount, \$22.1 million constitutes unassigned and \$52.9 million committed fund balance, which is generally available for spending at the City's discretion, although it is subject to certain commitments made within each fund by the City Council.

Analysis of Individual Funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. Fund balance of the General Fund increased \$4.1 million over 2021 for an ending balance of \$52,743,814. Of this balance, \$24,006,832, or 45.2%, is unassigned, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is (1) not in spendable form \$237,233, (2) restricted for particular purposes, \$1,547 or (3) committed for particular purposes, \$28,498,202.

Due to the increase in settlement funds and bond proceeds, the Capital Improvements Fund qualified as a major fund. It has an ending fund balance of \$21,484,907 and all of it is committed.

The School Fund has a zero fund balance as all funds are remitted directly to the Board of Education on a monthly basis. \$2.87 million was the amount due to the School Fund as of 9/30/22.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of the City's proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service funds) is to provide the same type of information as found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Other factors concerning the finances of the City's proprietary funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original Budget compared to final budget

Differences between the General Fund original budget and the final amended budget include a revision to both the projected revenues and expenditures. Original revenue estimates for 2022, prepared in the summer of 2021, assumed moderate growth in the local and national economies. Original budget for annual operating expenditures is prepared based upon revenue projections. A mid-year review is done based upon trends and revisions are made to the budget as needed.

Total General Fund Revenue was originally projected to grow by 10% over the FY 2021 forecast amounts, most of which was in sales and use taxes budget.

Final budget compared to actual results

The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

Revenue Source	Estimated Revenues	Actual Revenues	Difference
Taxes and PILOTs	51,816,650	60,355,697	8,539,047
Licneses and permits	7,188,100	8,334,558	1,146,458
Revenues from money and property	1,060,700	(913,054)	(1,973,754)

The surpluses in the above revenue sources were caused by cautious optimism in the budgeting process due to the emergence from the pandemic and uncertainty of inflation's effect on revenues. Most notably in final budget to actual is the category taxes and payments in lieu of taxes, which includes sales and use taxes that are directly driven by inflation. Although an increase in the cost of consumer goods would lead to an increase in sales and use tax revenues, the concern was that consumer spending would be curbed by inflation. The difference between final budget and actuals for revenues from money and property is the recording of the difference in FMV of the City's investments from 9/30/21 to 9/30/22.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Table 3

- The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022 totals \$419.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, utility plant-in-service, park facilities, roads, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, greenways, drainage and sewer systems.
- Total capital assets increased \$25.56 million from 2021.
- Capital assets used by governmental activities increased \$9.27 million primarily attributable to various infrastructure improvements in progress.
- Capital assets used for business-type activities increased by \$16.3 million primarily due to normal expansions of the utility systems within the Municipal Utilities Board Fund.
- The City's capital assets by type at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are shown in Table 3 below.

City of Decatur's Capital Assets (Unaudited)																
	Go	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activites						Total			
	September 30	Se	ptember 30,			Se	September 30,		September 30,				ptember 30,	Se	ptember 30,	
	2022		2021		Change		2022		2021		Change		2022		2021	
Land	\$ 17.841.894	\$	16.058.804	\$	1.783.090	\$	4.618.653	\$	4.568.653	\$	50,000	\$	22,460,547	\$	20,627,457	
Land improvements	8,502,266		8,847,365	Ψ	(345,099)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	8,502,266	Ψ	8,847,365	
Buiildings and improvements	20,286,097		17,350,319		2,935,778		11,642,108		12,836,586		(1,194,478)		31,928,205		30,186,905	
Infrastructure	28,864,783		30,958,497		(2,093,714)		-		-		-		28,864,783		30,958,497	
Construction in progress	18,211,904		10,516,752		7,695,152		21,003,761		11,992,122		9,011,639		39,215,665		22,508,874	
Machinery and equipment	10,245,992		10,945,467		(699,475)		2,487,826		3,228,907		(741,081)		12,733,818		14,174,374	
Utilitty plant-in-service	-		-		-		275,774,915		266,607,449		9,167,466		275,774,915		266,607,449	
	\$ 103,952,936	\$	94,677,204	\$	9,275,732	\$	315,527,263	\$	299,233,717	\$	16,293,546	\$	419,480,199	\$	393,910,921	

*The FY21 balances are restated due to the implementation of GASB 87, Leases.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4B of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Major Capital Events during the Fiscal Year

- \$1.7 million was spent to complete construction of a new fire station.
- \$828 thousand was spent on construction of a new parking deck.
- \$249 thousand was spent on roof improvements to the Princess Theatre.
- \$304 thousand was spent on resurfacing tennis courts at Delano Park and Jimmy Johns Tennis Center.
- \$1.1 million was spent on purchasing and outfitting fleet vehicles for the police department.
- \$520 thousand was spent on new two new street sweepers for the street department.
- \$240 thousand was spent on video camera installations at various intersections throughout the city for the police department
- \$1.1 million was spent on construction of a new municipal solid waste disposal area at the Morgan County Regional Landfill.
- \$802 thousand was spent on the second phase of a major road improvement project.
- \$5.9 million was spent on property and rights of way acquisition, engineering and construction, for a major road project to promote residential and commercial growth.

Long-Term Debt

As of September 30, 2022, the City had \$259.2 million in long-term debt outstanding. Debt by type can see seen in Table 4. Of this amount, and \$204 million is comprised of revenue bonds and warrants secured solely by specific revenue sources (utility system debt).

Governmental Activities \$54.7 million is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Long-term debt of the governmental activities increased by \$13.2 million due in large part to the issuance of additional general obligation warrants. Decatur City

Business-Type Activities Long-term debt of Business-Type Activities is fully attributable to Decatur Utilities (the Municipal Utilities Board Fund). Decatur Utilities and the City issue revenue bonds primarily to finance improvements to the water and wastewater systems. These bonds are repaid from revenues derived by DU from operation of the Systems.

Table 4

General Obligation and Revenue Debt											
	Gov	vernmental Activit	ies	Busi	ness-Type Activit	Total					
	September 30,	September 30,		September 30,	September 30,		September 30,	September 30,			
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021			
Governmental Activities											
General obligation warrants	\$ 54,770,000	\$ 41,715,043	\$ 13,054,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,770,000	\$ 41,715,043			
Revenue warrants	-	-	-	204,010,000	209,130,000	(5,120,000)	204,010,000	209,130,000			
Lease obligations	452,428	291,036	161,392	-			452,428	291,036			
	\$ 55,222,428	\$ 42,006,079	\$ 13,216,349	\$ 204,010,000	\$ 209,130,000	\$ (5,120,000)	\$ 259,232,428	\$ 251,136,079			

City of Decatur's Outstanding Debt (Unaudited)

Bond Ratings

The City's general obligation bond rating:

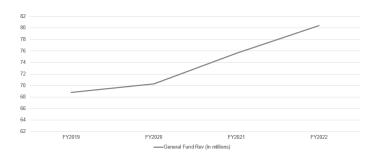
Standard & Poor's Corporation:AAMoody's Investor Services, Inc.Aa2

Other than debt paid from proprietary fund revenue sources (e.g. revenue bonds), State of Alabama law limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can issue for purposes other than schools and drainage systems to twenty percent of the assessed value of real and personal property. As of September 30, 2022, the City's allocable debt outstanding was \$109.9 million less than the legal debt limit. Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt and leases can be found in Notes 4D and 4E of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Mayor and City Council have considered many factors in the development of the fiscal year 2023 budget. The approach to the budget process has been one of anticipated growth. Revenue projections are based on estimates from the source of the revenue as well as trend analysis, historical data, and current economic conditions. FY23's General Fund budget was prepared with an overall increase in revenues and expenditures of 10.4% from FY22's budget with FY22 being more conservative due to the concern of inflation and lingering aspects of the pandemic.

While projecting General Fund revenues, City management considered the fact that General Fund revenues have increased historically over the past 4 years and feel confident the trend will continue.





With the expansion of commercial and residential growth, City management believes revenues will meet budgetary goals. Real property in the City has not experienced decreases in taxable assessed value and no decrease is anticipated.

Lodgings tax will increase from 7% to 10% in FY23. In addition, an 80 room hotel currently under construction is slated to open in FY23 bringing a new parking deck with retail spaces on the bottom floor.

With unemployment in the City remaining relatively unchanged between 2% and 3% since July 2021, management is optimistic about consumer confidence and spending.

Department expenditures were level funded in operations to accommodate normal salary increases as well as current vacancies with active recruitment. The emerging competitive pay environment was also a factor, considering a cost analysis of workforce and how management can afford to maximize personnel costs. The analysis resulted in a 6% market adjustment for the 2023 fiscal year.

Efforts to replace city vehicles and heavy equipment according to a life cycle method have been implemented.

Budgeted expenditures are expected to meet goals as original budgets were forecast with price inflation taken into consideration.

With the City Council's concerted effort to improve facilities and infrastructure for the City's residents, there is also a focus on seeking and utilizing grants and other funding to help offset the cost of these capital projects therefore maximizing the potential of tax revenues.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives from taxpayers, customers and creditors.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Kyle Demeester, Chief Financial Officer, P.O. Box 488 Decatur, Alabama 35602, by calling (256) 341-4550, or by sending an email to kdemeester@decatur-al.gov.

This report and other City financial information are available on the City's website at www.decaturalabamausa.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



City of Decatur Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

	Р	rimary Governm	nent	Component Unit
		Business-Type		Decatur City
	Activities	Activities	Total	Board of Education
ASSETS				
Cash & investments, at cost	\$ 134,665,186	\$ 96,298,266	\$ 230,963,452	\$ 121,431,427
Receivables (net of allowances)				
Accounts Taxes	710,264 5,954,964		17,031,345 5,954,964	-
Leases	1,829,088		1,829,088	
Due from governmental entities	3,990,626		3,990,626	27,953,733
Inventories	80,345		2,630,936	243,723
Prepaid items	112,530	11,625	124,155	-
Other	88,410	269,402	357,812	-
Internal balances	268,353	(268,353)) -	-
Restricted assets				
Cash & investments, at cost	-	175,400,557		-
Right to use leasd assets, net of accumulated amortizate	437,801	-	437,801	
Capital assets		05 (00 445	(4 (7 (040	10 500 4 4
Land and construction in process	36,053,798		61,676,213	13,528,146
Other assets, net of accumulated depreciation	67,899,138	289,904,848	357,803,986	159,387,160
TOTAL ASSETS	252,090,503	606,110,432	858,200,935	322,544,189
	232,070,303	000,110,432	030,200,733	322,344,107
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Losses on debt refundings	795,223	2,103,735	2,898,958	-
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	12,772,291			25,489,616
Pension contributions subsequent to		-,,	,	
measurement date	12,891,890	6,124,883	19,016,773	27,749,026
		., .,	,,	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	26,459,404	16,853,366	43,312,770	53,238,642
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	5,590,919	13,438,796	19,029,715	2,166,921
Accrued liabilities	2,033,473	2,866,896	4,900,369	8,620,850
Contract retainages	610,086	-	610,086	-
Due to component units	2,871,186	-	2,871,186	-
Due to governmental entities	323,524	-	323,524	-
Customer deposits	652,817	11,100,336	11,753,153	-
Deferred revenue	51,573,613	12,130,491	63,704,104	27,466
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Matured warrants payable	-	5,165,000	5,165,000	-
Noncurrent liabilities				
Due within one year	4,931,077	212,085	5,143,162	4,470,135
Net other postemployment benefit obligation	-	-	-	
Due in more than one year	180,689,864	255,226,648	435,916,512	330,956,586
	240 276 550	200 140 252	E 40 416 911	244 241 059
TOTAL LIABILITIES	249,276,559	300,140,252	549,416,811	346,241,958
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred revenue				18,230,000
Lease related	1,783,655	_	1,783,655	10,230,000
Net difference between projected and actual	1,703,033		1,705,055	
earnings on OPEB plan investments	24,573,140	9,732,654	34,305,794	41,982,961
Net difference between projected and actual	21,070,110	7,702,001	51,505,771	11,702,701
earnings on pension plan investments	7,657,223	6,225,967	13,883,190	27,768,000
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	34,014,018		49,972,639	87,980,961
	,,			
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	68,734,208	260,360,162	329,094,370	(40,245,947)
Restricted for:				
Highways and Streets	258,882	-	258,882	-
Debt service	-	19,744,950	19,744,950	-
Other	4,858,092	-	4,858,092	-
Perpetual care:				
Expendable	-	-	-	-
Nonexpendable	1,417,994		1,417,994	-
Unrestricted	(80,009,846)) 26,759,813	(53,250,033)	(18,194,141)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (1 710 670) \$ 306.864.025	\$ 302,124,255	\$ (58,440,088)
	\$ (4,740,670) \$ 306,864,925	\$ 302,124,255	\$ (58,440,088)

City of Decatur Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

			PROGRAM REVEN	JE		NET REVEN	NUE (EXPENSE) & CH.	ANGES IN NET	ASSETS
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERN ACTIV		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	COMPONENT UNITS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government	\$ 9,041,026	\$ 8,204,274 2,380,924		\$ 529,898	\$	(306,854)	\$-\$	(306,854)	\$-
Public safety Public works	28,248,293 10,238,921	4,917,476	81,883 853,458	- 97,551		25,785,486) (4,370,436)	-	(25,785,486) (4,370,436)	-
Public works Public services	11,268,150	4,917,478	97,288	252,680		(10,174,718)	-	(4,370,436) (10,174,718)	-
Educational assistance	27,631,709	/43,404	77,200	232,000		27,631,709)		(10,174,718) (27,631,709)	
Community development	2,420,240		1,668,125	6,279,283	-	5,527,168		5,527,168	
Community service contracts	3,393,276		1,000,123	0,217,205		(3,393,276)		(3,393,276)	
Interest on long-term debt	1,169,828		-	-		(1,169,828)	-	(1,169,828)	-
Unallocated depreciation	1,480,489	-	-	-		(1,480,489)	-	(1,480,489)	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	94,891,932	16,246,138	2,700,754	7,159,412	(6	8,785,628)		(68,785,628)	-
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Municipal Utilities Board	152,877,786	164,224,211	-	730,767		-	12,077,192	12,077,192	-
Point Mallard	5,483,738	5,144,403	-	-		-	(339,335)	(339,335)	-
Sanitary Landfill	5,769,116	7,825,856	-	-		-	2,056,740	2,056,740	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	164,130,640	177,194,470	-	730,767		-	13,794,597	13,794,597	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	259,022,572	193,440,608	2,700,754	7,890,179	(6	8,785,628)	13,794,597	(54,991,031)	
COMPONENT UNIT	120 110 4/0	0 107 750	72 405 200	(227.042					(42.100.4/1)
Decatur City Board of Education	130,110,469	8,187,758	72,495,208	6,327,042		-	-	-	(43,100,461)
TOTAL COMPONENT UNIT	\$ 130,110,469	\$ 8,187,758	\$ 72,495,208	\$ 6,327,042		-	-	-	(43,100,461)
		GENERAL REVEN	IUES						
		Sales & use taxe				61,120,053	-	61,120,053	25,649,658
			nd payments in lieu of	taxes		21,772,067	-	21,772,067	20,472,017
		Other taxes			1	2,494,430	-	12,494,430	986,544
		Interest on inves	stments			(998,910)	2,061,311	1,062,401	1,200,822
		Other				579,096	96,700	675,796	4,383,240
		Extraordinary ite	m			1,605,911	9,272,861	10,878,772	
		Transfers				1,014,611	(1,014,611)	-	-
		TOTAL GENERAL	REVENUES & TRAN	ISFERS	<u> </u>	7,587,258	10,416,261	108,003,519	52,692,281
		CHANGE IN NET	POSITION		2	28,801,630	24,210,858	53,012,488	9,591,820
		Net position, begin	ning		(3	3,542,300)	282,654,067	249,111,767	(68,031,908)
		NET POSITON, E	NDING		\$ ((4,740,670)	\$ 306,864,925 \$	302,124,255	\$ (58,440,088)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Decatur Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2022

		General Fund	School Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash & investments	\$	47 250 172	¢ 1 /10 070	¢ 40.000 E00	\$ 19,320,012	¢ 121.010.44E
Cash with fiscal agents	Ф	47,359,172 3,038,157	\$ 1,410,979	\$ 62,928,502	\$ 19,320,012 608,364	\$ 131,018,665 3,646,521
Investments		5,050,157	-	_		5,040,521
Receivables (net of allowances)						
Accounts		645,417	683	-	64,164	710,264
Taxes		4,612,633	1,289,823	-	52,508	5,954,964
Leases		1,829,088		-		1,829,088
Due from other funds		1,314,925	21,365	-	80,570	1,416,860
Due from component units				-		-
Due from governmental entities		506,415	148,732	400,000	2,935,479	3,990,626
Deposits		71,405	-		17,005	88,410
Prepaids		111,455	-	-	1,075	112,530
Inventories		80,345	-	-	-	80,345
Total assets		59,569,012	2,871,582	63,328,502	23,079,177	148,848,273
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		1,886,715	396	796,100	2,907,708	5,590,919
Accrued liabilities		1,514,811	-	-	35,326	1,550,137
Contract retainages		20,000	-	23,838	566,248	610,086
Due to other funds		410,735	-	-	737,772	1,148,507
Due to component units		-	2,871,186	-	-	2,871,186
Due to governmental entities		12,830	-	29,568	281,126	323,524
Customer deposits		652,817	-	-	-	652,817
Other		-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		4,497,908	2,871,582	849,506	4,528,180	12,747,176
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue		543,635	-	40,994,089	13,434,023	54,971,747
Lease related		1,783,655	-	-	-	1,783,655
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,327,290	-	40,994,089	13,434,023	56,755,402
Fund balance						
Nonspendable		237,233	-	-	1,419,069	1,656,302
Restricted		1,547	-	-	2,770,655	2,772,202
Committed		28,498,202	-	21,484,907	2,877,458	52,860,567
Unassigned		24,006,832	-	-	(1,950,208)	22,056,624
Total fund balance		52,743,814	-	21,484,907	5,116,974	79,345,695
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
and fund balance	\$	59,569,012	\$ 2,871,582	\$ 63,328,502	\$ 23,079,177	:

City of Decatur Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Total fund balance per Govenmental Funds Balances Sheet	\$ 79,345,695
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets and right to use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	104,390,737
Other long-term receivables are not available for current-period expenditures and,	
therefore, are deferred inflows in the funds.	3,398,134
The deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and the net pension	
liability related to the City's pension plan are not expected to be liquidated with expendable	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	(43,351,848)
The deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and the net other post employment	
benefits liability related to the City's other post retirement plans are not expected to be liquidated	
with expendable financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(87,504,602)
Long-term liabilities, including warrants payable, are not due and payable in the current	<i></i>
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (61,018,786)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (4,740,670)

City of Decatur Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		General Fund	School Fund	Im	Capital provements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenue	.		44.000.040	^		•	<u>_</u>	(1 100 050
Sales & use taxes	\$	46,280,834 \$	14,839,218		-	\$ -	\$	61,120,052
Property taxes		4,462,028	10,883,794		-	-		15,345,822
Other taxes		9,612,835	1,522,532		-	596,414		11,731,781
Licenses & permits Fines & forfeitures		8,334,558 583,206	-		-	- 402,931		8,334,558 986,137
Revenues from money & property		(913,054)	-		- 41,419	203,968		(667,667)
Charges for services		6,133,091	-		41,417	203,900		6,133,091
Intergovernmental		6,339,146	606,051		488,032	8,818,285		16,251,514
Gifts & donations		98,338			50,000			148,338
Other revenues		590,848	-		1,605,911	391,367		2,588,126
Total revenues		81,521,830	27,851,595		2,185,362	10,412,965		121,971,752
Expenditures								
Current		45 704 (00			4 4 4 5 4 5	1 100 000		10 000 110
General government		15,731,609	-		1,466,563	1,122,238		18,320,410
Public safety		29,413,519	-		-	286,124		29,699,643
Public works Public services		9,263,527	-		1,638,224	1,931,305 271,482		12,833,056
Educational assistance		9,875,268	- 27,631,709		583,240	271,402		10,729,990 27,631,709
Community services contracts		- 3,173,389	219,887		-	-		3,393,276
Community development		680,240	219,007		_	8,026,281		8,706,521
Debt service								
Principal		4,519,004	-		-	901,243		5,420,247
Interest and fiscal charges Debt issuance costs		847,178	-		-	147,836		995,014 242 575
Debt issuance costs		-	-		242,575	-		242,575
Total expenditures		73,503,734	27,851,596		3,930,602	12,686,509		117,972,441
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					<i>(</i> , _ , _ , _ , . ,)	<i>/-</i> · · ·		
over expenditures		8,018,096	(1))	(1,745,240)	(2,273,544)		3,999,311
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Lease proceeds		32,039	-		-	-		32,039
General obligation warrants issued		-	-		18,185,000	-		18,185,000
Premium on debt issued		-	-		2,066,675	-		2,066,675
Discount on debt issued		-	-		-	-		-
Payment to escrow agent		-	-		-			- F FOF 10/
Transfers in Transfers (out)		300,003 (4,242,640)	-		3,339,407 (270,150)	1,955,696 (31,508)		5,595,106 (4,544,298)
Total other financing (uses) sources		(3,910,598)	-		23,320,932	1,924,188		21,334,522
Net change in fund balance		4,107,498	(1))	21,575,692	(349,356)		25,333,833
Fund balance, beginning		48,636,316	1		(90,785)	5,466,330		54,011,862
Fund balance, ending	\$	52,743,814 \$	-	\$	21,484,907	\$ 5,116,974	\$	79,345,695

City of Decatur Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balanes of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 25,333,833
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense.	9,556,792
Governmental funds report the sales of capital assets as revenues and unlike the Statement of Activities, do not recognize the effect of the cost of those assets and their related depreciation. This is the amount by which the cost of assets sold, minus	
their accumulated depreciation, was exceeded by the proceeds from the sales. This amount is included in Other revenue in the Statement of Activities.	(262,818)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources	610,094
For governmental funds, the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. warrants and leases)	
provide current financial resources and the repayment of long-term debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	
Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items	
when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the	
treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(14,874,706)
Other expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require current	
financial resources.	8,438,435
Change In Net Position Of Governmental Activities	\$ 28,801,630

City of Decatur

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget & Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund				School Fund			
	Budget		-	Variance with Final Budget Positive				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 51,774,150 \$	51,816,650	\$ 60,355,697	\$ 8,539,047	\$ 22,130,460	\$ 22,130,460	\$ 27,851,595	\$ 5,721,135
Licenses and permits	7,188,100	7,188,100	8,334,558	1,146,458	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	318,800	318,800	583,206	264,406	-	-	-	-
Revenues from money and property	1,060,700	1,060,700	(913,054)	(1,973,754)	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	5,812,668	5,812,668	6,133,091	320,423	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	5,724,424	5,724,424	6,339,146	614,722	-	-	-	-
Gifts and donations	10,000	67,500	98,338	30,838	-	-	-	
Other revenues	229,500	229,500	590,848	361,348	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	72,118,342	72,218,342	81,521,830	9,303,488	22,130,460	22,130,460	27,851,595	5,721,135
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	15,356,511	16,442,001	15,731,609	710,392	-	-	-	-
Public safety	29,688,325	33,505,233	29,413,519	4,091,714	-	-	-	-
Public works	6,970,913	13,591,867	9,263,527	4,328,340	-	-	-	-
Public services	9,916,282	12,662,701	9,875,268	2,787,433	-	-	-	-
Educationalal assistance	-		-	-	22,130,460	22,130,460	27,631,709	(5,501,249)
Community services contracts	2,746,480	2,799,480	3,173,389	(373,909)	-	-	219,887	(219,887)
Community development	711,245	758,178	680,240	77,938				
Debt service								
Principal	5,048,520	4,878,485	4,519,004	359,481	-	-	-	-
Interest	601,630	848,618	847,178	1,440		-	-	-
Total expenditures	71,039,906	85,486,563	73,503,734	11,982,829	22,130,460	22,130,460	27,851,596	(5,721,136)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,078,436	(13,268,221)	8,018,096	21,286,317			(1)	1
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	7,082	277,232	300,003	22,771	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(947,988)	(5,287,486)	(4,242,640)	1,044,846		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(940,906)	(5,010,254)	(3,942,637)	1,067,617		-	-	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other								
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	137,530	(18,278,475)	4,075,459	22,353,934	-	-	(1)	1
Fund balance, beginning	48,636,316	48,636,316	48,636,316		1	1	1	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 48,773,846 \$	30,357,841	\$ 52,711,775	\$ 22,353,934	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Decatur Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

	Municipal Utilities Board	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 64,582,041	\$ 31,716,225 \$	96,298,266
Receivables (net of allowance)			
Accounts	14,260,014	570,228	14,830,242
Other	1,490,839	-	1,490,839
Due from other funds	-	738,058	738,058
Prepaid items	-	11,625	11,625
Inventories, at cost	2,505,076	45,515	2,550,591
Other	269,402	-	269,402
Total current assets	83,107,372	33,081,651	116,189,023
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments:			
Revenue warrant covenant accounts	175,400,557	-	175,400,557
Capital assets:			
Land	3,071,923	1,546,730	4,618,653
Buildings	5,572,208	9,690,560	15,262,768
Improvements other than buildings	-	19,632,570	19,632,570
Furniture & equipment	-	8,210,180	8,210,180
Utility plant in service	481,498,084	-	481,498,084
Construction work in progress	19,704,210	1,299,552	21,003,762
Less accumulated depreciation	(205,723,169)	(28,975,585)	(234,698,754)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated			
depreciation)	304,123,256	11,404,007	315,527,263
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	479,523,813	11,404,007	490,927,820
Total assets	562,631,185	44,485,658	607,116,843
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
OPEB contribution	7,767,410	857,338	8,624,748
Pension contributions subsequent to			
measurement date	5,397,966	726,917	6,124,883
Deferred cost on refunding	2,103,735	-	2,103,735
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,269,111	1,584,255	16,853,366

Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Claims payable	13,167,81 2,732,09 112,79	9 134,797	13,438,796 2,866,896 137,085 75,000
Customer deposits	11,100,33	6 -	11,100,336
Revenue warrants payable - current	5,165,00		5,165,000
Due to other funds	1,006,41	1 -	1,006,411
Total current liabilities	45,414,94	7 505,068	45,920,015
Noncurrent liabilities			
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs		- 4,539,776	4,539,776
Revenue notes payable	204,782,43		204,782,435
Compensated absences	1,015,12		1,233,760
Claims payable		- 75,000	75,000
Net pension liability	16,893,27		19,532,456
Net other postemployment benefit liability	20,464,52	2 4,598,699	25,063,221
Total noncurrent liabilities	243,155,35	5 12,071,293	255,226,648
Total liabilities	288,570,30	2 12,576,361	301,146,663
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to settlement income		0 -	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	8,089,50	9 1,643,145	9,732,654
Net difference between projected and actual	0,007,00	9 1,043,143	9,132,034
earnings on pension plan investments	5,780,02	4 445,943	6,225,967
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,869,53	3 2,089,088	15,958,621
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	248,956,15	5 11,404,007	260,360,162
Restricted for debt service	19,744,95	0 -	19,744,950
Unrestricted	6,759,35	6 20,000,457	26,759,813
Total net position	\$ 275,460,46	1 \$ 31,404,464	\$ 306,864,925

City of Decatur Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Municipal Utilities Board	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals
Operating revenue Charges for services	\$ 164,224,2	11 \$ 12,970,259	\$ 177,194,470
Total operating revenue	164,224,2	11 12,970,259	177,194,470
Operating expenses Personnel, operations & maintenance Closure and postclosure costs Depreciation and amortization	125,259,0	- 280,884	133,521,677 280,884 15,498,199
Administrative costs	8,749,67	79 781,690	9,531,369
Total operating expenses	147,579,27	75 11,252,854	158,832,129
Operating income (loss)	16,644,93	36 1,717,405	18,362,341
Nonoperating revenue (expenses) Interest income Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposition of assets Miscellaneous revenue (expense)	1,617,98 (5,298,5 5,00	- 44,244	2,061,311 (5,298,511) 44,244 52,456
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(3,675,52	26) 535,026	(3,140,500)
Income (loss) before contributions, transfers & special items	12,969,4	10 2,252,431	15,221,841
Capital contributions	730,76		730,767
Special item Transfers in	5,929,43 36,19		9,272,861 44,373
Transfers (out)	(1,058,74		
Change in net position	18,607,06	55 5,603,793	24,210,858
Total net position, beginning	256,853,39	96 25,800,671	282,654,067
Total net position, ending	\$ 275,460,4	61 \$ 31,404,464	\$ 306,864,925

City of Decatur Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Municipal Utilities Board	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals
Operating activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services	\$162,734,091 \$ (102,623,724) (17,719,214)	5 13,123,686 \$ (5,429,194) (4,334,596) 1,119	175,857,777 (108,052,918) (22,053,810) 1,119
Net cash provided by operating activities	42,391,153	3,361,015	45,752,168
Noncapital financing activities Payments received from advances to other funds Transfers in Transfers (out)	36,197 (1,058,747)	129,372 8,176 (237)	129,372 44,373 (1,058,984)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	(1,022,550)	137,311	(885,239)
Capital and related financing activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Proceeds from issuing warrants Capital contributions Principal payments on warrants Interest paid on warrants Extraordinary item	(30,597,398) - - 730,767 (5,119,999) (5,342,334) 5,929,438	(1,194,347) 44,244 - - - 3,343,423	(31,791,745) 44,244 - 730,767 (5,119,999) (5,342,334) 9,272,861
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(34,399,526)	2,193,320	(32,206,206)
Investing activities Decrease (increase) in restricted assets Miscellaneous non-operating income Interest received	7,002,125 9,398 1,613,589	- - 443,326	7,002,125 9,398 2,056,915
Net cash provided (used) by investing activites	8,625,112	443,326	9,068,438
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	15,594,189	6,134,972	21,729,161
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	48,987,852	25,581,253	74,569,105
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 64,582,041 \$	31,716,225 \$	96,298,266

	Municipal Utilities	Other Enterprise Funds	Tatala
	Board	FUIIUS	Totals
Operating income (loss)	\$ 16,644,936	\$ 1,717,405 \$	18,362,341
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	13,570,519	1,927,680	15,498,199
Landfill postclosure costs	-	236,634	236,634
Miscellaneous item	-	47,459	47,459
Decrease (increase) in operating assets and			
increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Change in assets and liabilities:	(4, 100, 44.()	407.007	(4 000 000)
Receivables	(1,490,116)	107,087	(1,383,029)
Accounts payable	(1,895,084)	39,756	(1,855,328)
Claims payable	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Inventory Dranaid items	(280,396)	(8,148)	(288,544)
Prepaid items Due to (from) other funds	54,491 474,348	(4,714)	49,777 474,348
Accrued liabilities	474,340	- 10,418	474,348 10,418
Net pension liability	(242,946)	(631,893)	(874,839)
Net OPEB obligation	(1,856,430)	(30,669)	(1,887,099)
Customer deposits	(1,621)	(30,007)	(1,621)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 42,391,153	\$ 3,361,015 \$	45,752,168

City of Decatur Municipal Utilities Board Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - OPEB Plan September 30, 2022

	Municipal Utilities Board	
Assets		
Cash & cash equivalents Investments	\$	370,332
Equity		6,387,495
Balanced		278,203
Fixed		1,432,188
Other exchange products		259,663
Total investments		8,357,549
Net position available for benefits		8,727,881
Liabilities		12,520
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	8,715,361

City of Decatur Municipal Utilities Board Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - OPEB Plan September 30, 2022

	Municipal Utilities Board	
Additions		
Contributions		
Employer	\$ 1,793,240	
Investment income		
Interest and dividend income	164,204	
Realized gains (losses)	(55,568)	
Net appreciation (loss) in fair value of investments	(981,017)	
Total investment income	(872,381)	
Total additions	 920,859	
Deductions		
Benefit payments	1,761,260	
Administrative expenses	42,579	
Total deductions	 1,803,839	
Net change in fiduciary net position	(882,980)	
Net position restricted for pensions		
Beginning of year	 9,598,341	
End of year	\$ 8,715,361	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Decatur, Alabama (the "City") was established in 1820, incorporated in 1826, and since October 1968 has been governed by an elected Mayor and five-member Council. The City is the County Seat of Morgan County.

The City complies with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the government's operations, and so data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government. The City has one component unit that meets the blended criteria. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a September 30 year-end.

Primary Government

The primary government consists of various departments, agencies and other organizational units governed directly by the mayor and council of the City of Decatur. The following organizations were evaluated and found to be an integral part of the primary government. This means that all financial information is integrated into the body of the primary government and they are in no way separate from that entity.

- Community Preservation Board
- Board of Examination and Appeals for Construction Industries
- Board of Zoning Adjustment
- City of Decatur Business Development Board
- City of Decatur Historic Preservation Commission
- Landfill
- Old Bank Board
- Parks and Recreation Board
- Planning Commission
- Municipal Utilities Board

Blended Component Unit

Personnel Board: The Personnel Board is responsible for overseeing all employee related matters for the City. Responsibilities of the Board include maintaining employee records, reviewing payroll data and approving new employees and pay increases. The members of the Board are appointed by the City Council and the City provides financial support to the Board. The Personnel Board is presented as a governmental fund type.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

City of Decatur Board of Education: The Board of Education is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the government's jurisdiction. The voters elect the members of the Board and the Board approves all budgets. However, the Board is fiscally dependent upon the government due to the tax levies received from the City of Decatur. The Board of Education is presented as a governmental fund type.

Complete financial statements for the Board of Education, a component unit, may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Board of Education 302 Fourth Avenue Northeast Decatur, Alabama 35601

Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Personnel Board.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Financial information of the City, the primary government, and the Board of Education, the City's component unit, is presented as follows:

- Management's discussion and analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.
- Government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

These statements report all activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities are reported separately from business-type activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues whereas business-type activities are normally supported by fees and charges from services and are usually intended by management to be financially self-sustaining.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program or function. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and other items, are presented as general revenues.

• Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental and enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are presented for the governmental and proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, property taxes, licenses and permits, courts fines and costs, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government, except those accounted for in another fund.
- The Capital Improvements Fund account for financial resources used to refund other G.O. Warrants held by the City and for future capital projects related to additional funding received from debt issued and settlement income directly committed to capital projects
- The School Fund accounts for the specific revenues that are for specific expenditures which include sales and use tax, and the designated portion of the tobacco tax, general property tax, automotive tax, and tax-equivalent Electric and Water departments.

The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

• The Municipal Utilities Board Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal Utilities Board (commonly referred to as Decatur Utilities), which provides electricity, gas, water, and wastewater treatment to the City of Decatur and other regions. Decatur Utilities is managed by a three-member Board appointed by the City Council.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

- The Special Revenue Funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including major capital projects or permanent funds). Such funds are established when required by statute, charter provision, local ordinance, or executive decision to finance particular functions or activities.
- The Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources from bond proceeds and other sources which have been committed for future capital projects.
- The Permanent Fund accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Proprietary Funds:

• Enterprise Funds account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the governing body has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Fiduciary Funds:

• The Fiduciary Fund for the Municipal Utilities Board's defined benefit OPEB plan accounts for the accumulation of resources for OPEB benefit payments to qualified employees.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between various functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expense from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expense generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Municipal Utilities Board enterprise fund are charges to customers for services and fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Alabama, Alabama counties, or the general obligations of Alabama Municipalities.

Cash and investments classified as restricted assets on the Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund balance sheet were created per the warrant indentures and are to be used only for the repayment of outstanding revenue warrants of the Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund.

State statute requires the City and its component units to invest in or collateralize funds with direct obligations of the United States, obligations of certain Federal agencies for which the full faith and credit of the United States of America has been pledged, general obligation issues of other states, the State of Alabama, Alabama counties and Alabama Municipalities.

Investments are stated at fair value, generally based on quoted market prices, except for money market investments and U.S. Treasury obligations with original maturities greater than three months from the date of acquisition, which are reported at costs plus any accrued interest which approximates fair value.

Receivables and Payables

All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Amounts receivable and payable from federal, state, county, and local governments are classified as "due from/to other governmental entities." The only individually significant amounts due from any single entity as of September 30, 2022, was \$592,921 due from Morgan County for various tax receivables and \$2,999,299 due from the State of Alabama through the Alabama Department of Transportation for reimbursement on various grant and other infrastructure projects.

Ad valorem, sales, franchise and liquor taxes and beverages licenses and taxes recorded within the General Fund and the non-major governmental funds are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to Governmental Funds are reported on their balance sheets, in spite of their measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of Governmental Fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables are deferred until they become current receivables and are reported as deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenue. Noncurrent portions of non-revenue related long-term loans receivable are offset by non-spendable fund balance.

Property taxes are levied in May for the following year beginning October 1, at which time a lien is attached. These taxes are due and payable on October 1 and delinquent after December 31 in each year (except with respect to motor vehicles, which have varying due dates), after which a penalty and interest are required to be charged. If real property taxes are not paid by June 15th following the due date, a tax sale is required to be held. Revenue is recognized in the year when the taxes are collected. The taxes are collected by the Morgan County Revenue and License Commissioners and remitted to the City net of a collection fee ranging from 1 to 4 percent for the different taxes.

Privilege licenses and city liquor taxes are collected directly by the City and recorded when received since they are taxpayer-assessed.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of Governmental Fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The City uses the purchases method to account for monthly medical insurance payments. The average monthly payment is \$454,106.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets tangible in nature, with an initial individual cost of more than \$7,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed, and any gain or loss arising from the disposal is credited or charged to operations.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the component units are generally recorded using the same policy as the City.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets except infrastructure is charged as an expense against their operations or functions whereas the infrastructure depreciation is unallocated. Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Building improvements	10-20 years
Buildings	20-40 years
Sidewalks, streets, and bridges	20-50 years
Traffic signals	15 years
Utility plants in service	40-50 years
Improvements:	
Pumping stations	50 years
Outfall lines	50 years
Land improvements	12-25 years
Surface lots	15-20 years
Furniture and equipment	3-12 years
Heavy Equipment	7-10 years
Greenways	15 years
Drainage systems	40 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Compensated Absences

City employees may accumulate up to three-hundred and seventy (370) days of sick leave. Employees of the City who were employed by the City prior to January 1, 2013 and who have twenty-five (25) years of service or, who have reached sixty (60) years of age and have 10 years of service, are entitled to payment for one-half (1/2) of their accumulated sick leave upon retirement, not to exceed a maximum of 600 hours. Employees of the City hired after January 1, 2013 who have reached sixty-two (62) years of age (age 56 for certified full-time firefighter and law enforcement officer) and have 10 years of service credit are entitled to payment for one-half (1/2) of their accumulated sick leave upon retirement, not to exceed a maximum of 600 hours. The liability is calculated according to GASB Statement No. 16 using the termination payment method for governmental funds and the vesting method for proprietary funds. Vacation is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it only at the time they mature. Amounts not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are considered to be and are accrued as a long-term liability within the governmental activities of the government-wide statement of net assets and within the proprietary fund statement of net position. Compensated absences have been historically liquidated through the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily, the General Fund and the nonmajor proprietary funds of Pt. Mallard and Sanitary Landfill. All reimbursable leave is paid at the time of an employee's resignation or retirement.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. The deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period and consists of the unamortized amounts for losses on debt refundings as well as pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date for reporting of net pension liabilities. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period and consists of unavailable revenue and net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

Net Position

Net position is classified and displayed in three components, as applicable:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at fiscal year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is excluded from the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - Consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When an expense/expenditure is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted assets available, it is the City's policy to apply those expenses/expenditures to restricted assets, to the extent such are available, and then to unrestricted assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - All other assets that constitute the components of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories and the non-revenue related long-term portion of loans receivable; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u>- This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u>- Amounts committed by ordinance by the highest level of decision-making (City Council) cannot be used for any other purpose unless the highest level of decision-making (City Council) removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment or by its language it expires. An ordinance and a resolution are equally binding to the City.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u>- This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has the authority to assign amounts with "intent" to be used for specific purposes or may designate a finance committee or official for that purpose. Currently the City has not assigned a committee or official for that purpose and therefore has not classified any fund balances as assigned.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u>- This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Encumbrances-The City had outstanding purchase orders related to operating needs and contractual commitments as of September 30, 2021, which represent an encumbrance on resources at year-end, the most significant of which was \$2,554,693 within the General Fund. These encumbrances are already included in the classifications of net position and fund balances in the financial statements as of September 30, 2022.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

The City Council has set a General Fund minimum fund balance target at 25% or 3 months of budgeted expenditures and resolves to maintain unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 10% of budgeted revenues. The policy of the City is at all times to maintain a minimum reserve of 3 months (90 days) General Fund operating expenditures and in addition maintain unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 10% of budgeted revenues. At fiscal year-end, there were sufficient funds to meet the reserve and exceed the requirement by more than \$20 million. The General Fund Operating Expenditure Reserve is classified as committed and can only be used in state of emergencies as declared by City Council and during revenue shortfall situations as defined by policy and determined by City Council.

E. GASB Accounting Pronouncements

Pronouncements effective for the 2022 Financial Statements:

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards focused on certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. Comparability of financial statements among governments will be enhanced by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. Decision-usefulness will also be enhanced by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of leasing arrangements. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The City has adopted this statement in its 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. It enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies the accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. There was no impact of this pronouncement to the City's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR). This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. There was no impact of this pronouncement to the City's financial statements.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. There was no impact of this pronouncement to the City's financial statements.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. There was no impact of this pronouncement to the City's financial statements.

Pronouncements issued, but not yet effective, which will be adopted by the City in future years:

The City plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2021, in fiscal 2023. This Statement improves the comparability of financial reporting for issuers by eliminating the option to recognize a liability for a conduit debt obligation.

The City plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2021, in fiscal 2023. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs).

The City plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, required for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2022, in fiscal 2023. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements.

The City plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, required for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2022, in fiscal 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements to governments.

The City plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 required for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, in fiscal 2025. The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

The City plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences required for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, in fiscal 2025. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

Management is in the process of determining the effects that the adoption of these statements will have on the City's basic financial statements.

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including warrants payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$61,018,786 difference are as follows:

Warrants Payable	\$ 56,265,125
Capital lease payable	452,430
Accrued interest payable	483,336
Compensated absences	3,024,484
Claims Payable	793,411
	\$ 61,018,786

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$9,556,792 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 17,245,614
Capital contributions	97,105
Depreciation expense on capital assets	(7,455,965)
Amortization expense on right to use leased assets	(293,765)
Transfers out of capital assets to Business-Type Activites	 (36,197)
	\$ 9,556,792

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., warrants and leases) provides current financial resources and the repayment of long-term debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$14,874,706 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
General Obligation Refunding debt	\$ (18,185,000)
Lease obligations	(32,039)
Principal repayments:	
General obligation debt	5,130,181
Lease obligations	290,066
Deferral of premiums	(2,066,675)
Amortization of premium, discounts, and refunding loss	 (11,239)
	\$ (14,874,706)

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Another element of that reconciliation states that "other expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require current financial resources." The detail of this \$8,438,435 difference is as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (505,767)
Claims	413,919
Accrued interest	(163,575)
Net pension obligation	(956,753)
Other postemployment expenses	 9,650,611
	\$ 8,438,435

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following section describes the budgeted and non-budgeted funds:

Annually-Budgeted Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds Not Annually-Budgeted
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds
	Community Development Fund
Special Revenue Funds	Municipal Court Fund
7 Cent Gas Tax Fund	Capital Projects Funds
4&5 Cent Gas Tax Fund	
2019 Gas Tax Fund	Capital Improvement Fund
School Fund	Sewer Fund
Personnel Board Fund	2016 Capital Improvements Fund
Heritage Trust Fund	
Docket Fees Fund	Permanent Fund
Room Occupancy Fund	Perpetual Care Fund
Corrections Fund	
Drug Seizure Fund	

The Municipal Utilities Board Fund is managed by a separate board appointed by the City Council. This Fund is independent of the City's budgeting process. The Community Development Fund adopts a grant-length budget as prescribed by grantor provisions. The Debt Service Funds are not annually budgeted since budgetary control exists through general obligation bond indenture provisions. While annual budgets are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds for management purposes, budgetary control is exercised using formally adopted project length budgets.

The City Council adopts budgets on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds, with the exception of the Community Development Fund.

The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments and expenditure requests, which result in a budget overrun, require the approval of the City Council. The council reviews and approves these changes at mid-year when a formal amendment to the original budget is adopted. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability - Continued

Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, each city department prepares budget requests for submission to the finance department that will compile them and, together with an estimate of anticipated revenues, submit them to the mayor's office. The mayor and budget staff begins individual department reviews with department heads.

After changes are recommended and budget schedules are updated, the budget is finalized for submission to the City Council. The City Council reviews the budget, makes changes, and approves the budget. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as either committed or assigned in fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

On or before October 1 of each year, the City of Decatur Board of Education, a discretely presented component unit, is required to prepare and submit to the state superintendent of education the annual budget to be adopted by the Board. The city superintendent of education or Board cannot approve any budget for operations of the school system for any fiscal year, which shows expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available, plus any balances on hand. The superintendent, with the approval of the Board, has the authority to make changes within the approved budget provided that a deficit is not incurred by such changes. The superintendent may approve amendments to program budgets without Board approval. Individual amendments to the budget as originally adopted are not considered material.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations of the following amounts for the year ended September 30, 2022:

General Fund – General Government Function	
Purchasing – Personnel Services	\$ 2,810
Information services – Personnel Services	20,524
Miscellaneous - Other	940,239
General Fund – Public Safety Function	
Police – Operating Expenses	\$ 30,080
General Fund – Community Service Contracts	
Decatur Convention and Visitors' Bureau	\$373,909

The excess expenditures were provided by available fund balance in the related funds.

Note 4 – Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The following information is provided to give an indication of the steps the City takes to protect its cash deposits and the level of risk assumed for certain investments.

At fiscal year end, the entire bank balances of the City, and the Board of Education were covered by federal depository insurance and insured by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement, or SAFE Program. The SAFE Program is administered by the State Treasurer according to State of Alabama statute. Any bank or financial institution in the State of Alabama accepting deposits of public funds is required to insure those funds by pledging eligible collateral to the State Treasurer for the SAFE collateral pool. The entire pool stands behind each deposit. Eligible collateral are those securities currently designated as acceptable collateral for state deposits as defined by State law.

The City has an established investment policy in line with state legal requirements including but not limited to Alabama Code Sections 11-81-19, 11-81-20 and 11-81-21 ("Investment Statutes") and Title 41, Chapter 14A of the Code of Alabama ("Safe Act"). The policy is reviewed on an ongoing basis by an investment committee consisting of the Chief Financial Officer, the City Clerk, the Mayor and two (2) members of Council to ensure it addresses the needs and risks of the City. The policy sets limits by instrument and issuer (within instrument) and establishes a diversified investment strategy, and minimum credit quality.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Combined Balance Sheet for the primary government is as follows:

Cash and deposits Certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds	\$ 384,219,262 6,978,303 123,119
Total cash & cash equivalents	391,320,684
US Government Guaranteed Small Business Investment Companies US Government Guaranteed Small	9,926,554
Business Administatrion Obligations	 5,116,771
Total Fixed income investments	 15,043,325
Total	\$ 406,364,009

Per Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
Cash and investments	131,018,665
Cash with fiscal agents	3,646,521
	 134,665,186
Per Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Restricted cash for debt service	 96,298,266 175,400,557 271,698,823
Total	\$ 406,364,009

Component Unit

The discretely presented component Unit, the Board of Education, held only cash on hand or with financial institutions at year-end.

Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of any Alabama county or city board of education secured by pledge of the three-mill school tax and other obligations as outlined in the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 19-3-120 and Section 19-3-120.1. As noted above, the City has further implemented its own investment policy. This policy does not violate any authorizations already provided by the State. The Board of Education currently holds no deposits or other investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's formal investment policy ensures that securities mature to meet operating cash requirements to avoid the need to sell on the open market prior to maturity. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

The maturities of the City's debt securities are as follows:

	Percent
Fair Value	ofTotal
\$ 1,671,081	11.11%
7,668,943	50.98%
1,350,367	8.98%
4,352,934	28.94%
\$ 15,043,325	100.00%
	\$ 1,671,081 7,668,943 1,350,367 4,352,934

Credit risk

As described above, state law limits the kind of investments the City can make. The City has made no further laws in addition to state law related to investments allowed. The City's policies are designed to maximize investment earnings, while protecting the security of principal and providing adequate liquidity, in accordance with all applicable state laws. The Board of Education currently holds no deposits or other investments.

Custodial credit risk

The City requires all bank deposits, which includes USTO money market funds held by banks, be insured by federal depository insurance or the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement, or SAFE Program, which was the case for all bank deposits as of September 30, 2020, except for minor cash deposits and cash on hand. The SAFE Program is administered by the State Treasurer, and any bank or financial institution in the State of Alabama accepting deposits of public funds is required to insure those funds by pledging eligible collateral to the State Treasurer for the SAFE collateral pool. The entire pool stands behind each deposit. Eligible collateral are those securities currently designated as acceptable collateral for state deposits as defined by State law. Also, the deposits with banks complied with state investment policies.

The Board of Education's investment policy limits the custodial credit risk by only investing in U.S. Government obligations and certificates of deposit.

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the relative inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by
- correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumption about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

The asset's or liability's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The determination of what constitutes observable inputs requires judgment by City's management. City management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of an investment or liability within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment or liability.

The following is a description of the recurring valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments. The methods described may produce fair value calculations that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. When quoted prices in active markets are not available, fair values are based on evaluated prices received by the City's investment manager from third party service providers.

The City applies fair market value updates to its securities on an ongoing basis. Security pricing is provided by a third party, and is reported at least monthly to the City by its investment manager. Assets are categorized by asset type, which is a key component of determining hierarchy levels.

Asset types allowable per the City's investment policy generally fall within hierarchy level 1 and 2. The City recorded its investments at fair value, and primarily uses the Market Approach to valuing each security.

As of September 30, 2022, the city had the following investments:

Investment Vehicle	Fair Value	Fair Value Hierarchy	Credit Quality
US Government Debt:			
US Government Guaranteed Small Business Investment Companies	\$ 9,926,554	2	N/A
US Government Guaranteed Small Business Administatrion Obligations	5,116,771	2	N/A
	\$ 15,043,325		

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Note 4 – Detailed Notes on All Funds – Continued

As of September 30, 2022, the Municipal Utilities Board's OPEB Trust had the following investments:

Investments	Fair Value	Fair Value Hierarchy	Credit Quality
Equity Securities:			
Mutual Funds	\$ 4,625,697	1	N/A
Exchange Trade Products	1,410,399	1	
Common Stocks	351,399	1	N/A
	\$ 6,387,495		
Balanced Funds	278,203	1	N/A
Fixed	1,432,188	1	
Other exchange products	259,663	1	N/A
	\$ 8,357,549		

Fair Value

Investments in money market funds and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are exempt from fair value hierarchy disclosures per paragraph 69.c. of GASB Statement 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and are valued at the City's cost and any accrued interest on these investments.

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B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance otember 30, 2021	A	dditions	D	eletions	ansfers In/ nsfers Out)	Balance otember 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 16,058,804	\$	1,829,467	\$	(46,377)	\$ -	\$ 17,841,894
Construction in progress	 10,516,752		11,435,219		(71,567)	(3,668,500)	18,211,904
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	26,575,556		13,264,686		(117,944)	(3,668,500)	36,053,798
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Building and improvements	48,635,476		475,655		(233,752)	3,627,833	52,505,212
Land improvements	29,663,084		774,292		(391,574)	-	30,045,802
Furniture, equipment, and other	34,877,189		2,429,343		(834,202)	(835,436)	35,636,894
Infrastructure	 117,812,447		366,704		-	-	118,179,151
Total capital assets, being depreciated	230,988,196		4,045,994		(1,459,528)	2,792,397	236,367,059
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Building and improvements	(31,285,157)		(1,133,629)		199,671	-	(32,219,115)
Land improvements	(20,815,719)		(1,008,599)		280,782	-	(21,543,536)
Furniture, equipment, and other	(23,931,722)		(2,853,319)		834,202	559,937	(25,390,902)
Infrastructure	 (86,853,950)		(2,460,418)		-	-	(89,314,368)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (162,886,548)		(7,455,965)		1,314,655	559,937	(168,467,921)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 68,101,648		(3,409,971)		(144,873)	3,352,334	67,899,138
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 94,677,204	\$	9,854,715	\$	(262,817)	\$ (316,166)	\$ 103,952,936

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2021	 Additions	[Deletions	nsfers In/ Isfers Out)	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,568,653	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 50,000	\$	4,618,653
Construction in progress		11,992,122	63,376,240		(54,314,601)	(50,000)		21,003,761
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		16,560,775	63,376,240		(54,314,601)	-		25,622,414
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		34,959,383	84,427		(148,473)	-		34,895,337
Furniture, equipment and other		9,737,183	-		(1,527,000)	-		8,210,183
Utility plant-in-service		463,005,311	22,780,129		(4,287,356)	-		481,498,084
Total capital assets, being depreciated		507,701,877	22,864,556		(5,962,829)	-		524,603,604
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(22,122,797)	(1,186,599)		56,167	-		(23,253,229)
Furniture, equipment and other		(6,508,276)	(741,081)		1,527,000	-		(5,722,357)
Utility plant-in-service	_	(196,397,862)	(13,570,519)		4,245,212	-		(205,723,169)
Total accumulated depreciation		(225,028,935)	(15,498,199)		5,828,379	-		(234,698,755)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		282,672,942	7,366,357		(134,450)	-		289,904,849
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	\$	299,233,717	\$ 70,742,597	\$	(54,449,051)	\$ -	\$	315,527,263

Depreciation expense of \$1,480,489 for the Governmental activities Infrastructure assets is not allocated to the functions. The depreciation expense for all other depreciable assets is charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General governmental	\$ 677,035
Public Safety	1,853,828
Public Works	1,754,276
Public Services	 1,690,337
Total allocated depreciation exepense - governmental activities	5,975,476
Total unallocated depreciation expense - governmental activities	 1,480,489
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 7,455,965

Business-type Activities:	
Municipal Utilities Board Fund	\$ 13,570,519
Sanitary Landfill Fund	1,268,832
Point Mallard Fund	 658,848
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 15,498,199

Activity for the discretely presented component unit, Board of Education for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance otember 30, 2021	Α	additions	C	eletions	sfers In/ fers Out)	Balance otember 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 9,878,009	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,878,009
Construction in progress	 11,627,473		3,433,400		(11,410,736)	-	3,650,137
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	21,505,482		3,433,400		(11,410,736)	-	13,528,146
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	213,803,574		14,073,534		-	-	227,877,108
Furniture, equipment and other	 14,940,824		1,796,920		(965,223)	-	15,772,521
Total capital assets, being depreciated	228,744,398		15,870,454		(965,223)	-	243,649,629
Less accumulated depreciation for:	 (78,818,714)		(7,188,177)		964,699	-	(85,042,192)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 149,925,684		8,682,277		(524)	-	158,607,437
Component Unit capital assets, net	\$ 171,431,166	\$	12,115,677	\$	(11,411,260)	\$ -	\$ 172,135,583

A summary of leased assets for Governmental Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

	_	alance ember 30, 2021	Additions	Delet	ions	alance ember 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:						
Leased Assets:						
Right to use asset - Buildings	\$	419,558	\$ 22,623	\$	-	\$ 442,181
Right to use asset - Equipment		279,969	9,416		-	 289,385
		699,527	32,039		-	 731,566
Less Accumulated Amortization:						
Right to use asset - Buildings		-	(124,999)		-	(124,999)
Right to use asset - Equipment		-	(168,766)		-	 (168,766)
		-	(293,765)		-	(293,765)
Total leased assets	\$	699,527	\$ (261,726)	\$	_	\$ 437,801

Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

\$ 125,784
167,981
\$ 293,765

A summary of leased assets for the discretely presented component unit, Board of Education for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balanc Septembe				alance ember 30,
	2021		Additions	Deletions	 2022
Leased Assets:					
Right to use asset - Equipment	\$	-	\$ 850,607	\$ -	\$ 850,607
		-	850,607	-	850,607
Less Accumulated Amortization:					
Right to use asset - Equipment		-	(70,884)		 (70,884)
		-	(70,884)		 (70,884)
Total leased assets	\$		\$ 779,723	\$ -	\$ 779,723

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

		Due To:										
		Ge	neral Fund	<u>Scho</u>	ol Fund	_	n-major vernment	Non-major <u>Enterprise</u>				
	General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 410,735	\$ 410,735			
rom:	Municipal Utilities Board		904,476		21,365		80,570	-	1,006,411			
Due Fr	Non-Major Government		410,449				-	327,323	737,772			
Ō	Total Due To	\$	1,314,925	\$	21,365	\$	80,570	\$ 738,058	\$ 2,154,918			

\$409,154 of the balance due to the general fund and \$327,323 of the balance due to non-major proprietary funds from non-major governmental funds resulted from advances made for the construction of Ingalls Harbor Pavilion.

\$410,735 of the balance due to the non-major proprietary funds from the general fund resulted from an advance made for turf at the Jack Allen Recreational Complex.

Transfers In/Out

		Transfers To:							
		Ger	neral Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Non-major Government	Non-major <u>Enterprise</u>			
	General Fund	\$	-						
From:	Capital Improvement Fund		270,150						
	Municipal Utilities Board		-						
sfers	Non-Major Government		29,853						
Transfers	Non-Major Proprietary								
-	Total In	\$	300,003						

Transfers have been used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects the money to the fund that expends the money, (2) move receipts restricted or earmarked for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in a fund to provide operating advances to other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations during the current year. During the year, \$36,197 of capital assets were transferred from Governmental Activities to the Municipal Utilities Board which have not been shown in the above schedule. The due to/from balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Due To/From Primary Government and Component Units:

		Due To:					
		Component Unit Bo <u>ard of Educatio</u> n	n Total In				
Due rom:	Primary Government-School Fund	<u>\$ 2,871,186</u>	<u>\$ 2,871,186</u>				
Due From:	Total Out	<u>\$ 2,871,186</u>	<u>\$ </u>				

D. Leases

Lessee

The City is a lessee for several leases of land, equipment, and office space (buildings). The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Lease-related amortization expense of approximately \$296,765 was recorded in fiscal year 2022.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) the lease term, and (3) lease payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. Lease-related interest expense under all leases totaled approximately \$27,841 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease assets and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position. The aggregate amortization schedule for the non-cancellable lease liability is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Principal	nterest
2023	\$ 244,290	\$ 20,721
2024	124,723	5,203
2025	 83,417	 1,314
Total governmental activities	\$ 452,430	\$ 27,238

Board of Education

On June 20, 2022, the Board entered into a 48-month lease for copiers at various locations in the district. An initial lease and corresponding right-to-use asset was recorded in the amount of \$850,607. The lease has an interest rate of 3.38% and the equipment lease has an estimated useful life of 48 months. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position. The aggregate amortization schedule for the non-cancellable lease liability is as follows:

	Prir	Principal		erest
2023	\$	204	\$	22
2024		211		16
2025		218		8
2026		151		1
Total	\$	784	\$	47

The Board has also entered into several short-term leased for use of storage. These leases are not required to be presented in the Statement of Net Position.

Lessor

The City is a lessor for several leases of office space, building, property/land, and cell towers. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the City, initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term. For the current fiscal year, the City recognized approximately \$148,801 in lease revenue and approximately \$57,404 in lease related interest revenue.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lease.

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The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable. The value of future minimum installment purchase payments as of September 30, 2022, is as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:	Principal		Ir	nterest
2023	\$	154,963	\$	57,166
2024		164,737		51,987
2025		151,917		46,607
2026		129,094		42,225
2027		138,579		37,889
2028-2032		520,192		124,596
2033-2037		258,378		72,779
2038-2042		245,544		27,523
2043-2047		65,684		3,067
Total governmental activities	\$	1,829,088	\$	463,839

E. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Warrants

The City issues general obligation ("G.O.") warrants, which are a direct obligation and pledge of the full faith and credit of the City, for the following purposes:

- a. For the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.
- b. To refund other G.O. warrants.

Source of Repayment of Long-Term Debt

Repayment of the City's long-term debt is generally provided for as follows:

Type of Debt	Paid From	Resources Provided By
Governmental Activities:		
G.O. warrants - major capital facilities	– General Fund	General Fund
	Room Occupancy	Room Occupancy
G.O. warrants- infrastructure and	General Fund	General Fund
economic development	Sewer Fund	Sewer Fund
Business-Type Activities:		
Revenue warrants	Municipal Utilities Board Fund	Municipal Utilities Board Fund

Outstanding Debt

The amount of debt outstanding at September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Series	Face Amount in thousands)	Dated	Final Maturity	Interest Rates (%)	Principal Maturities	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental activities:							
G.O. Warrants - general purposes							
2016-A 2016-B 2021-Taxable Refunding 2021-B 2021-C Taxable	\$ 21,630 5,140 17,770 16,150 2,035	5/12/2016 11/2/2016 12/22/2020 12/7/2021 12/7/2021	8/7/2022 10/1/2036 10/1/2036 12/1/2046 12/1/2029	2.0-3.0% 2.0 - 3.0% .26 - 1.82% 3.0 - 4.0% 1.53 - 1.76%	305-2,765 210-320 1,070-1,540 710-1,105 665-690	\$ 17,655 4,045 14,885 16,150 2,035	\$ 2,550 225 1,470 -
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 62,725					\$ 54,770	\$ 4,245
Series Business-Type activities:	Face Amount in thousands)	Dated	Final Maturity	Interest Rates (%)	Principal Maturities	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Water System Revenue Warrants							
2020 2021	\$	11/5/2020 2/17/2021	8/15/2033 2/15/2051	.50-2.20% 2.125-4.0%	703-823 305-600	\$ 8,307 7,900	\$ 705 315
	\$ 17,780					\$ 16,207	\$ 1,020
Wastewater System Revenue Warra	ints						
2019 2020 2021-A 2021-B	25,655 64,445 95,815 4,758 \$ 190,673	8/15/2019 11/5/2020 2/17/2021 2/17/2021	8/15/2033 8/15/2033 2/15/1951 8/15/2033	2.0-3.5% .50-2.2% 2.125-4.0% 2.125-4.0%	715 - 880 715 - 880 130-10,305 1,330-7,360	7,300 22,733 63,775 93,995 \$ 187,803	745 1,930 135 1,335 \$ 4,145
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 208,453					\$ 204,010	\$ 5,165
Total Primary Government	\$ 271,178					\$ 258,780	\$ 9,410

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Board of Education

Face Amount					Interest	Principal	Ending	Amount Due		
Series	(in the	ousands)	Dated	Final Maturit	yRates (%)	Maturities	Balance	Within One Year		
2010 QSCB	\$	1,050	2010	9/1/2027	5.15%	1,050	\$ 1,050	\$	-	
2011QZAB		5,000	2011	5/1/2026	4.60%	5,000	5,000		-	
2013 BRAC		1,830	2013	6/1/2033	3.25-5.00%	82-533	1,349		82	
Series 2013		30,325	2013	2/1/2035	2.75-5.00%	1,260-9,230	24,775		1,260	
Series 2015		87,750	2015	2/1/2045	2.00-5.00%	980-6,535	83,360		980	
2017 QZAB		1,750	2018	12/15/2027	0.00%	1,750	1,750		-	
Series 2018		1,450	2018	2/1/2025	2.71	204-216	1,050		204	
Series 2019		5,995	2020	2/1/2045	1.69 - 4.00%	165-1,575	5,995		165	
Series 2020		90,045	2020	2/1/2045	1.57 - 3.03%	800-1,360	90,045		800	
	\$	225,195					\$214,374	\$	3,491	

The City is not obligated in any manner for the debt of the Board of Education, a discretely presented component unit.

Future Debt Service

The City's future debt service requirements on its outstanding warrants and bonds as of September 30, 2022 are shown below. There is \$4,571,685 available in the Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund to service the revenue warrants.

	(thousands)					
Primary Government	G.O. Warrants					
Governmental Activities:	Principal			Interest		
2023	\$	4,245	\$	1,207		
2024		4,305		1,142		
2025		4,370		1,074		
2026		4,435		1,004		
2027		4,510		930		
2028-2032		13,200		3,848		
2033-2037		9,175		2,285		
2038-2042		4,925		1,219		
2043-2047		5,605		424		
Total governmental activities	\$	54,770	\$	13,133		

Note 4 – Detailed Notes on All Funds – Continued

Business-Type Activities:	Pri	Principal		terest	
2023	\$	5,165	\$	5,252	
2024		5,220		5,198	
2025		5,285		5,134	
2026		5,355		5,062	
2027		5,445		4,976	
2028-2032		28,805		23,280	
2033-2037		32,145		19,944	
2038-2042		36,435		15,655	
2043-2047		41,550		10,539	
2048-2051		38,605		3,060	
Total business-type activities	\$	204,010	\$	98,100	

Component Unit - Board of Education	•	ısands) /arrants	(thous Note Pa	,	
Governmental Activities: Board of Education	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 3,796	\$ 7,245	\$ 87	\$ 8	
2024	3,937	7,099	89	6	
2025	77,553	5,321	91	4	
2026	8,999	3,546	93	2	
2027	7,191	3,174	-	-	
2028-2032	24,190	13,621	-	-	
2033-2037	27,825	10,024	-	-	
2038-2042	32,105	5,747	-	-	
2043-2047	21,715	1,001	-	-	
2048-2051	-	-	-	-	
Total Governmental Activities - Comp. Unit	\$ 207,312	\$ 56,778	\$ 360	\$ 20	

Note 4 – Detailed Notes on All Funds – Continued

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government

Governmental activities:	ginning alance	Ad	ditions	Red	luctions	nding alance	unt Due One Year
General obligation warrants	\$ 41,715	\$	18,185	\$	(5,130)	\$ 54,770	\$ 4,245
Less amounts deferred for:							
Issue discounts & premiums	 308		2,067		(85)	 2,290	
Total warrant, bonds, & notes	42,023		20,252		(5,215)	57,060	4,245
Leases	711		32		(290)	453	244
Compensated absences	2,519		775		(270)	3,024	302
Claims Payable	1,207		250		(664)	793	140
Net pension obligation	54,030		21,674		-	75,704	-
Net OPEB Liability	 76,115		-		(27,528)	 48,587	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 176,605	\$	42,983	\$	(33,967)	\$ 185,621	\$ 4,931

Business-Type activities:	ginning alance	Add	litions	Red	luctions	inding alance	nt Due One Year
Revenue warrants	\$ 209,130	\$	-	\$	(5,120)	\$ 204,010	\$ 5,165
Less amounts deferred for:							
Issue discounts & premiums	 6,168				(231)	 5,937	 -
Total warrants	215,298		-		(5,351)	209,947	5,165
Landfill closure and postclosure	4,303		237		-	4,540	-
Compensated absences	1,315		375		(318)	1,372	137
Claims payable	200		-		(50)	150	75
Net pension obligation	26,251		-		(6,719)	19,532	-
Net OPEB Liability	 21,872		3,191			 25,063	 -
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 269,239	\$	3,803	\$	(12,438)	\$ 260,604	\$ 5,377

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on All Funds - Continued

Component Units – Board of Education

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	ount Due 1 One Year
Governmental activities							
Revenue Warrants	\$ 121,364	\$	96,040	\$	(2,501)	\$ 214,903	\$ 3,575
Issue discounts & premiums	3,575		101		(163)	3,513	163
Capitalized Leases	2,601		-		(494)	2,107	377
Net pension Liability	75,721		15,180		-	90,901	-
Net OPEB Liability	 73,820		-		(37,426)	 36,394	 -
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 277,081	\$	111,321	\$	(40,584)	\$ 347,818	\$ 4,115

F. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has, through its Industrial Development Board, issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2022, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the outstanding issue was approximately \$74,600,000. The original issue amounts of these series totaled \$86,000,000.

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Note 4 – Detailed Notes on All Funds – Continued

G. Fund Balance Constraints

The constraints on fund balance as listed in aggregate in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are detailed according to balance classification and fund below:

Issuication and fund below.							
				Capital		Other	
			Im	provements	Go	vernmental	
	G	eneral Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	\$	80,345	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 80,345
Prepaid		111,455		-		1,075	112,530
Lease related		45,433		-		-	45,433
Permanent Fund		-		-		1,417,994	1,417,994
Total Nonspendable		237,233		-		1,419,069	1,656,302
Restricted:							
Special Revenues		-		-		2,770,655	2,770,655
Tri-Centennial		1,547		-		-	1,547
Total Restricted		1,547		-		2,770,655	2,772,202
Committed:							
OPEB Reserve		2,572,707		-		-	2,572,707
Reserve Policy		21,038,962		-		-	21,038,962
Water for Resale		695,437		-		-	695,437
Sanitation		352,916		-		-	352,916
Alley Fees		537,489		-		-	537,489
Ingalls Rental Fees		90,785		-		-	90,785
Room Occupancy Designation		409,154		-		-	409,154
Encumbrances		2,554,693		-		-	2,554,693
Capital Improvements		-		21,484,907		800,480	22,285,387
Personnel Board		-		-		76,033	76,033
Sewer Extension		-		-		1,255,496	1,255,496
Other		246,059		-		745,449	991,508
Total Committed		28,498,202		21,484,907		2,877,458	52,860,567
Unassigned:		24,006,832			. <u> </u>	(1,950,208)	 22,056,624
Total Fund Balance:	\$	52,743,814	\$	21,484,907	\$	5,116,974	\$ 79,345,695

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on All Funds - Continued

H. Tax Equivalents

The Municipal Utilities Board Fund is required to pay to the City a tax equivalent which is determined by applying the current property tax rates to the Utilities' net plant in service at the end of the preceding year. The amount of tax equivalents paid to the City by the Municipal Utilities Board Fund during 2022 was \$1,881,805 by the Electric System, \$527,440 by the Gas System, \$647,096 by the Water System and \$1,156,262 by the Wastewater System. These amounts are reported as intergovernmental revenue in the General Fund, the School Fund, and the Sewer Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) of the City and as operating expenses in the financial statements of the Municipal Utility Board Enterprise Fund.

I. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will only be paid near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The total amount of \$4,539,776 reported for landfill closure and postclosure care liability at September 30, 2022 within the proprietary statement of net position, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 55.62 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure of \$2,432,304 as the remaining capacity is filled. These costs are based on the amount required to be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of September 30, 2022. The City expects to close the landfill in the year 2043. Actual costs of closure and postclosure may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations.

Note 5 – Other Information

A. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Grants

The City participates in a number of federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other government units. As of September 30, 2022, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the grantor agencies, but the City believes that future disallowed expenditures related to the unaudited grant programs, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the City.

Construction Contracts

The City has entered into various construction contracts as of September 30, 2022. The unfulfilled balance of these contracts that relate to the non-major governmental funds operations are included in the "Committed" fund balance classification as described more fully in Note 4G.

Purchase Commitments

Under its wholesale power agreement, the Electric System is committed to purchase its electric power and energy requirement from the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). The rates for such purchases are subject to review periodically. Additionally, the Electric System has entered into a TVA agreement that allows customers to finance new and/or replacement HVAC units and repay on their monthly utility bill. DU serves as the collection agent for repayment of these loans. The outstanding balance of these loans receivable was \$5,640,090 and the outstanding balance due to TVA for collection of the loans was also \$5,640,090.

Occasionally, the Gas System enters into natural gas purchase commitments to purchase minimum volumes of gas at fixed prices for up to five years in advance. These futures can either be held for use in the contracted future month or cashed out at a profit and the proceeds used to reduce the cost of gas in future months. At September 30, 2022 contract commitments total \$2,060,000 for fiscal year 2023, \$2,423,950 for fiscal year 2024, \$2,489,100 for fiscal year 2025, and \$1,796,100 for fiscal year 2026.

Decatur Utilities entered into a 30-year agreement with the Lower Alabama Gas District for the supply of 448 to 2596 MMBtu of natural gas per day at an index-based price. This agreement began December 1, 2020 and will expire November 30, 2050

Decatur Utilities entered into a 30- year agreement with Southeast Gas Authority for the supply of 62 to 275 MMBtu of natural gas per day at an index-based price. This agreement began November 1, 2021 and will expire October 31, 2051.

Decatur Utilities entered into a 30- year agreement with Southeast Gas Authority for the supply of 223 to 1,053 MMBtu of natural gas per day at an index-based price. This agreement began December 1, 2022 and will expire November 30, 2052.

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of claims and lawsuits. The outcome of these matters is uncertain as of the date of this report. The City Attorney estimates the total liability with respect to these claims and lawsuits that are not covered by insurance will not exceed \$500,000, \$200,000 and \$75,000 of which is estimated to be currently payable and has been accrued as a liability in the City's General Fund and the Sanitary Landfill Fund, a nonmajor proprietary fund, respectively at September 30, 2022. \$225,000 of the remaining portion has been reported in the government-wide statement of net assets as noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year, with \$150,000 and \$75,000 being represented in the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities columns, respectively.

The Board of Education is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Board's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

B. Jointly Governed Organizations

Joint Ventures

The City of Decatur is involved in three joint ventures:

Decatur- Morgan County Port Authority was incorporated in 1982 for the purpose of developing the port and industrial park located in Morgan County on the Tennessee River. The Authority has a five-member board, of which two members are appointed by the City and a third in conjunction with the County. There are no financial assets, liabilities or ongoing activity related to the authority during the year or at September 30, 2022.

Morgan County Industrial Park Economic Development Cooperative District Board was incorporated in 2008, as a joint venture between the seven municipalities with Morgan County and the Morgan County Commission. The Authority has a nine-member board, in which the City appoints one member. During 2010, the Board issued \$16.7 million in bonds to purchase 166 acres and infrastructure improvements for a new industrial park in Morgan County near Decatur. The new park will focus on the aerospace, biotech and defense industries in Huntsville. The City pledged a 48.55 percent share (based on population/census) of the cooperative district's TVA in-lieu-of tax funds received by Morgan County, and has that share of voting power on the Board

Wheeler Basin Regional Library Board was organized in 1962 to provide information resources to the citizens of Decatur and surrounding areas. It has a ten-member board of which the City Council appoints three members. The City owns and maintains the building in which the library is located. This ongoing equity interest is recorded within the City's capital assets, as ownership is not attributable to any individual fund. The Library Board issues separately audited financial statements available from the Wheeler Basin Regional Library Board at 504 Cherry Street Northeast, Decatur, Alabama, 35601.

The City in conjunction with Morgan County created the following agencies and authorities in order to better service the citizens of Decatur and Morgan County.

Jointly Governed

Decatur-Morgan County Emergency Management Agency provides measures for the mobilization, organization, and direction of the civilian population and necessary support agencies to prevent, or minimize, the effect of fire, flood, earthquake and epidemic. The officers and employees of the City and Morgan County comprise the agency. The City provided \$35,000 in appropriations during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Decatur-Morgan County Farmers Market Board manages the operation of the facility known as the farmers market located adjacent to the intersection of First Avenue Southeast and Second Street Southeast in Decatur. The Board is comprised of five members who are jointly appointed by the governing bodies of the City of Decatur and Morgan County.

The Health Care Authority of Morgan County-Decatur operates the Decatur General health care facilities located on Seventh Street, Decatur, Alabama. The Authority is comprised of five directors who are jointly appointed by the governing bodies of the City of Decatur and Morgan County.

Morgan County Emergency Management Commission District is commonly known as 911. This seven-member board, of which the City Council appoints three members, manages the emergency phone service 911 along with other duties. The City of Decatur provided \$443,817 in appropriations during the fiscal year.

North Central Alabama Mental Health Board provides mental health and general welfare services to the citizens of North Alabama. The Board is comprised of nine members of whom three are appointed by the City Council. The City of Decatur provided \$30,000 in appropriations during the fiscal year.

North Central Alabama Mental Retardation Authority provides services to mentally disabled children. The Board is comprised of five members of whom one is appointed by the City Council.

Pryor Field Airport Authority was organized in 1963 to oversee the Pryor Field Airport located within Limestone County. Its board is comprised of five members of whom one member is appointed by each of the following: Limestone County Commission, Decatur City Council, Morgan County Commission, and Athens City Council. The City contributed \$30,000 to the Authority during the fiscal year.

C. Related Organizations

The City's officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability does not extend beyond member appointments. The City Council appoints the board members of the Board of Equalization; Decatur, Alabama Health Care Authority; Downtown Redevelopment Authority; Industrial Development Board of the City of Decatur; and Medical Clinic Board. The Mayor appoints the board members of the Housing Authority of the City of Decatur, Alabama.

D. Pension Plans

The Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan or ERS) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to the plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Plan Description

The Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (ERS), an agency multiple-employer plan, was established October 1, 1945, pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Title 36, Chapter 27 (Act 515 of the Legislature of 1945). The purpose of the ERS is to provide retirement allowances and other specified benefits for state employees, State Police, and, on an elective basis, to all cities, counties, towns, and quasi-public organizations. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of ERS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 15 trustees. Act 390 of the Legislature of 2021 created two additional representatives to the ERS Board of Control Effective October 1, 2021. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The Code of Alabama 1975, Title 36, Chapter 27 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the ERS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

The ERS Board of Control consists of 15 trustees as follows:

- 1. The Governor, ex officio.
- 2. The State Treasurer, ex officio.
- 3. The State Personnel Director, ex officio.
- 4. The State Director of Finance, ex officio.
- 5. Three vested members of ERS appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, no two of whom are from the same department of state government nor from any department of which an ex officio trustee is the head.
- 6. Eight members of ERS who are elected by members from the same category of ERS for a term of four years as follows:
 - (a) Two retired members with one from the ranks of retired state employees and one from the ranks of retired employees of a city, county, or a public agency each of whom is an active beneficiary of ERS.
 - (b) Two vested active state employees.
 - (c) One full time employee of a participating municipality or city in ERS pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6.
 - (d) One full time employee of a participating county in ERS pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6.
 - (e) One full time employee or retiree of a participating employer in ERS pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6.
 - (f) One full time employee of a participating employer other than a municipality, city or county in ERS pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6.

Benefits provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the ERS. Benefits for ERS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. State employees who retire after age 60 (52 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Local employees who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 or 30 years of service (regardless of age), depending on the particular entity's election, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.875% for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 ERS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 (56 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.375% for each year of state police service in computing the formula method.

Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending September 30 are paid to the beneficiary.

Act 132 of the Legislature of 2019 allowed employers who participate in the ERS pursuant to Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6 to provide Tier 1 retirement benefits to their Tier 2 members. Tier 2 members of employers adopting Act 2019-132 will contribute 7.5% of earnable compensation for regular employees and 8.5% for firefighters and law enforcement officers. A total of 590 employers adopted Act 2019-132.

The ERS serves approximately 879 local participating employers. The ERS membership includes approximately 104,510 participants. As of September 30, 2021, the City's membership consisted of:

		Municipal Utilities
	City of Decatur	Board
Retired members of their beneficiaries currently receiving		
benefits	395	131
Vested inactive members	21	27
Non-vested inactive members	67	26
Active members	510	180
Post-DROP retired members still in active service	1	
	994	364

Contributions

Covered members of the ERS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, covered members of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation. State Police of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation.

Employers participating in the ERS pursuant to Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6 were not required by statute to increase covered member contribution rates but were provided the opportunity to do so through Act 2011-676. By adopting Act 2011-676, Tier 1 regular members' contribution rates increased from 5% to 7.5% of earnable compensation and Tier 1 certified law enforcement, correctional officers', and firefighters' member contribution rates increased from 6% to 8.5% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the ERS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. Tier 2 State Police members of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. These contributions rates are the same for Tier 2 covered members of ERS local participating employers.

The ERS establishes rates based upon an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability, the preretirement death benefit, and administrative expenses of the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2022 (or other year-end if not September), the City's active employee contribution rate was 6.50% percent of covered employee payroll, and the City's average contribution rate to fund the normal and accrued liability costs was 13.69% percent of pensionable payroll.

City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022, was 16.27% of pensionable pay for Tier 1 employees, and 14.51% of pensionable pay for Tier 2 employees. These required contribution rates are based upon the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, a percent of annual pensionable payroll, and actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the City and the Municipal Utilities Board were \$4,351,433 and \$1,857,012 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 rolled forward to September 30, 2021 using standard roll-forward techniques as shown in the following table:

City of Decatur

	[Expected	 Actual
(a) Total Pension Liability as of September 30, 2019	\$	149,451,831	\$ 155,672,648
(b) Discount Rate		7.70%	7.45%
(c) Entry Age Normal Cost for October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020		2,449,812	2,725,037
(d) Transfers Among Employees		-	198,929
(e) Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020		(9,701,166)	 (9,701,166)
<pre>(f) Total Pension Liability as of September 30, 2020 [(a) x (1 + (b))] +(c) + (d) + [(e) x 1+0.5* (b)))]</pre>	\$	153,334,773	\$ 160,131,691
(g) Difference between expected and actual			\$ 6,796,918
(h) Less Liability Transferred for Immediate Reco	gnition		 (198,929)
(i) Experience (gain) / loss (g) - (h)			\$ 6,597,989

The Municipal Utility Board's (the "Board") net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 rolled forward to September 30, 2021 using standard roll-forward techniques as shown in the following table:

Municipal Utilities

	E	Expected	 Actual
(a) Total Pension Liability as of September 30, 2020	\$	60,887,058	\$ 58,019,774
(b) Discount Rate		7.70%	7.70%
(c) Entry Age Normal Cost for October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021		910,080	910,080
(d) Transfers Among Employees		-	69,816
(e) Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021		(3,734,235)	(3,734,235)
(f) Total Pension Liability as of September 30, 2021			
$[(a) x (1 + (b))] + (c) + (d) + [(e) x 1 + 0.5^{*} (b)))]$	\$	62,607,438	\$ 59,589,190
(g) Difference between expected and actual			\$ (3,018,248)
(h) Less Liability Transferred for Immediate Recog	nition		 (69,816)
(I) Difference between expected and actual (g) - (h	ı)		\$ (3,088,064)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined based on the annual actuarial funding valuation report prepared as of September 30, 2020. The key actuarial assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% - 6.00%
Investment rate of return*	7.45%

*Net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the sex distinct Pub-2010 Below-Median Tables, projected generationally using the MP-2020 scale, which is adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019:

Group	Membership Table	<u>Set Forward (+)/</u> Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Non-FLC Service Retirees	General Healthy Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	Male: 90% ages < 65, 96% ages >= 65 Female: 96% all ages
FLC/State Police Service Retirees	Public Safety Healthy Below Median	Male: +1, Female: none	None
Beneficiaries	Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	None
Non-FLC Disabled Retirees	General Disability	Male: +7, Female: +3	None
FLC/State Police Disabled Retirees	Public Safety Disability	Male: +7, Female: none	None

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2015 – September 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
	Allocation	of Return*
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.80%
U.S. Large Stocks	32.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stock	9.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives	10.00%	9.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.50%
Cash Equivalents	5.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

*Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.00%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was the long-term rate of return, 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the ERS Board of Control. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability - City of Decatur

	Increase (Decrese)						
	To	tal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	et Position	
		Liability	N	et Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balances at 09/30/2020	\$	149,451,831	\$	92,461,813	\$	56,990,018	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		2,449,812		-		2,449,812	
Interest		11,134,296		-		11,134,296	
Changes of assumptions		5,766,327		-		5,766,327	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		831,663		-		831,663	
Contributions - employer		-		3,947,956		(3,947,956)	
Contributions - employee		-		1,874,466		(1,874,466)	
Net investment income		-		20,123,999		(20,123,999)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						-	
contributions		(9,701,166)		(9,701,166)		-	
Administrative expense		-		-		-	
Transfers among Employers		198,929		198,929		-	
Net changes	\$	10,679,861	\$	16,444,184	\$	(5,764,323)	
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$	160,131,692	\$	108,905,997	\$	51,225,695	

Changes in Net Pension Liability - Municipal Utilities Board

	al Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Position Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances at 09/30/2020	\$ 60,887,058	\$	37,596,524	\$	23,290,534
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	910,080		-		910,080
Interest	4,544,535		-		4,544,535
Changes of assumptions	1,767,960		-		1,767,960
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	(3,088,065)		-		(3,088,065)
Contributions - employer	-		1,630,854		(1,630,854)
Contributions - employee	-		700,082		(700,082)
Net investment income	-		8,200,831		(8,200,831)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(3,734,235)		(3,734,235)		-
Administrative expense	-		-		-
Transfers among empolyers	 69,816		69,816		-
Net Changes	 470,091		6,867,348		(6,397,257)
Balances at 09/30/2021	\$ 61,357,149	\$	44,463,872	\$	16,893,277

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the City (independent of the Municipal Utility Board as the Board is reported separately) and the Municipal Utility Board's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the City's and the Municipal Utility Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.45%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increases	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
City's net pension liability	\$ 70,171,417	\$ 51,225,695	\$ 35,346,159	
Board's net pension liability	\$ 23,764,746	\$ 16,893,277	\$ 11,066,866	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 68 Report for the ERS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer and accompanying notes is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City and Board recognized pension expense of \$5,369,824 and \$1,549,277 respectively. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
	_	Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experiences		\$ 4,025,851	\$ 253,530
Changes of assumption		5,241,523	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		-	7,849,636
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	4,351,433	 -
	Total	\$ 13,618,807	\$ 8,103,166

At September 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual					
experiences		\$	2,014,245	\$	2,574,333
Changes of assumption			1,526,708		-
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments			-		3,205,690
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	-		1,857,012		-
	Total	\$	5,397,965	\$	5,780,023

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			Mu	nicipal Utilities
	(City of Decatur		Board
Year ended September 30:				
2023	\$	775,876	\$	(77,327)
2024		987,365		(49,182)
2025		(181,793)		(663,942)
2026		(1,124,170)		(1,307,179)
2027		706,930		(141,440)
Thereafter		-		-

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension liability of the City have been allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. The same balances of the Municipal Utilities Board are also reported within the business-type activities column of the Statement of Net Positon. The following presents the further allocation of the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension liability of the City as a whole amongst the governmental and business-type activities:

	Business-Type					
	Governmental		Activities			
		Activities	(less MU	B as shown below)		Total
Deferred Outflows	\$	12,893,090	\$	725,717	\$ 1	3,618,807
Net Pension Liability	\$	48,586,515	\$	2,639,180	\$5	1,225,695
Deferred Inflows	\$	7,657,223	\$	445,943	\$	8,103,166

	Ν	Aunicipal	Nonmajor	
	Utilities Board		Proprietary Funds	 Total
Deferred Outflows	\$	5,397,966	\$ 725,717	\$ 6,123,683
Net Pension Liability	\$	16,893,276	\$ 2,639,180	\$ 5 19,532,456
Deferred Inflows	\$	5,780,024	\$ 445,943	\$ 6,225,967

Component Unit

Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established September 15, 1939, pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25 (Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939) for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of TRS is vested in its Board of Control. The TRS Board of Control consists of 15 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

Benefits provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits are equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending June 30 are paid to a qualified beneficiary.

Contributions. Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Effective October 1, 2021, the covered Tier 2 members contribution rate increased from 6% to 6.2% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Effective October 1, 2021, the covered Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters' contribution rate increased from 7% to 7.2% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022 was 12.43% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.32% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$7,470,026 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At September 30, 2022 the Board reported a liability of \$76,139,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2021 the Board's proportion was .808247%, which was an increase of .070925% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Board recognized pension expense of \$6,903,000. At September 30, 2022 the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Deferred	Deferred
		C	Dutflows of	Inflows of
			Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual	_			
experiences		\$	3,525,000	\$ 4,436,000
Changes of assumption			7,992,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments			-	17,973,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions			8,762,000	5,359,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date			7,470,026	 -
	Total	\$	27,749,026	\$ 27,768,000

\$7,470,026 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from system contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to the pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2020	\$ (220,000)
2021	(112,000)
2022	(3,203,000)
2023	(3,954,000)
2024	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Investment rate of return*	7.45%
Projected Salary increases	3.25% - 5.00%

*Net of pension plan investment expense

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2020. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes in September 2021, which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2021.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the Pub-2010 Teacher tables with the following adjustments, projected generationally using scale MP-2020 adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019 :

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+) / Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	Teacher Retiree - Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	Male: 108% ages < 63, 96% ages > 67; Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages , 69; 98% > 74 Phasing down 69-74
Beneficiaries	Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2, Female: None	None
Disabled Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8, Female: +3	None

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Rate
		Allocation	of Return*
Fixed Income		15.00%	2.80%
U.S. Large Stocks		32.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stock		9.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks		4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks		12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks		3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives		10.00%	9.00%
Real Estate		10.00%	6.50%
Cash Equivalents		5.00%	2.50%
	Total	100.00%	

*Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.00%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was the long term rate of return, 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.45%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increases	
	(6.45%)		(7.45%)		(8.45%)	
Board's proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$	112,070,000	\$	76,139,000	\$	45,877,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor's report dated August 16, 2019 on the total pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, total pension expense for the sum of all participating entities as of September 30, 2021 along with supporting schedules is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/

E. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

Plan Description

The City of Decatur provides certain post-retirement medical benefits to certain retired employees, through a single-employer defined benefit plan, an other postemployment benefit plan ("OPEB"). For all employees hired before October 1, 2009, the City provides post employment health, dental and vision care benefits to each permanent full-time employee who has twenty-five years of qualified service or reaches age sixty (60) with at least ten years under the state requirements of service with the City of Decatur and retires from the City of Decatur through the Employees Retirement System of the State of Alabama (ERS), prior to the age of sixty-five (65) and whose effective date of retirement, as approved by the ERS, falls on or after July 1, 1995.

All employees hired after October 1, 2009 who desire to retire and continue their health insurance coverage, as previously provided by the City, will be responsible for the total cost of continued coverage.

All OPEB benefits are administered by City personnel. There are no separate financial statements published or available for the plan.

Plan Membership

At September 30, 2020, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Benficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	289
Inactive Members Entitled to But Not Yet	
Receiving Benefits	-
Active Employees	231
	520

Benefits Provided

For all employees hired before October 1, 2009, the City provides post employment health, dental and vision care benefits to each permanent full-time employee who has twenty-five years of qualified service or reaches age sixty (60) with at least ten years under the state requirements of service with the City of Decatur and retires from the City of Decatur through the Employees Retirement System of the State of Alabama (ERS), prior to the age of sixty-five (65) and whose effective date of retirement, as approved by the ERS, falls on or after July 1, 1995.

All employees hired after October 1, 2009 who desire to retire and continue their health insurance coverage, as previously provided by the City, will be responsible for the total cost of continued coverage.

All OPEB benefits are administered by City personnel. There are no separate financial statements published or available for the plan.

Funding Policy

Retirees with family coverage are required to pay premiums for a portion of the benefits in an amount established by City Ordinance, which is \$100 or 8.58% (for individuals not yet reaching the age of retirement) and 13.48% (for those over the age of 65) of the total cost to the City as of September 30, 2019 unless Medicare is involved, in which case, retirees pay the State Employee's Insurance benefit Medicare rate. The City pays all but \$40 of the costs of retirees with single coverage. This is equivalent to the required premiums of active employees. In addition, when an eligible retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, the City will continue to pay for the medical insurance (at a reduced rate) with Medicare becoming primary.

The City is required to pay the remaining premiums and has funded the plan on a projected pay-as-you-go basis in the current year.

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continuous revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Although the valuation results are based on values the City's actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation result is only an estimate of what future costs may actually be and reflect a long-term perspective. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rate discounts, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage risk, and changes in marital status, could result in actual costs being greater or less than estimated.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$80,302,452 was measured as of September 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% - 6.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.21%
Measurement Date	2.26%
Health Care Cost Trends	
	7.00% for 2020 decreasing to an
Pre-Medicare	ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030
	5.25% for 2020 decreasing to an
Medicare	ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2024
Dental	4.00%
Vision	2.50%

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was based on the September average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the sex distinct RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 with an adjustment factor of 70% for males and 50% for females. An adjustment of 125% at all ages for males and 120% for female beginning at age 78 was made for service retirements and beneficiaries. An adjustment of 130% for females at all ages was made for disability retirements.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirements, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increase used in the September 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2010 – September 30, 2015 and were submitted to and adopted by the Board of Employees' Retirement System of Alabama on September 29, 2016.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balances at 09/30/2020	\$ 80,744,851
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	1,709,166
Interest	1,753,889
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	18,528
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,142,106)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	
contributions	(2,781,876)
Administrative expense	-
Net changes	\$ (442,399)
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 80,302,452

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.26%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.26%) than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease (1.26%)	C	urrent Rate (2.26%)	1	% Increase (3.26%)
Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability	\$	91,222,708	\$	80,302,452	\$	71,284,706

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the health care costs trend rates, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability	\$	68,988,335	\$	80,302,452	\$	94,325,107

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City had an overall reduction in OPEB expense of \$10,370,884. At September 30, 2022, the City reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual					
experiences		\$	25,927	\$	22,618,457
Changes of assumption		10,655,490			3,597,828
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		2,948,212			
	Total	\$	13,629,629	\$	26,216,285

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized post-retirement expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2023	\$ (9,934,859)
2024	(5,331,947)
2025	(268,062)
2026	-
2027	-
Thereafter	-

\$2,948,212 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2023.

Plan contributions are made and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to discount, trend rates and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

Payment of Benefits. Benefits are recorded when the participant has met all of the Plan requirements to receive a benefit. At September 30, 2022 no benefits were payable and not paid.

Administrative Expenses. Qualified Plan administrative expenses are paid by the City. During the year ended September 30, 2023 there were no administrative expenses paid by the City.

The Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund

The Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund provides post-employment benefits other than pension benefits to all full time employees who retire as an eligible participant in the qualified retirement plan, as described previously. These benefits are approved by the board of directors. Contribution funding is also approved by the board. Benefits provided retirees at September 30, 2020 include:

- 1. Retiree group health/dental benefits to age 65. Retiree contributes to the premium.
- 2. Retiree Medicare supplement policy at age 65. Retiree contributes to the premium.
- 3. Dependent group health/dental benefits to age 65. Retiree contributes to the premium.
- 4. Spouse Medicare Supplement policy at age 65. Retiree contributes to the premium. Benefit lapses at the date of death of the retiree.
- 5. Retirees who have a hire date on or after 1/1/04 and are 55 or older have group health/dental for a reduced 10-year period and contribute to the premium.
- 6. Early Retirement Medical Option Employees retiring under age 55 have a reduced 10-year benefit period and contribute to the premium.
- 7. Life insurance based upon an amount agreed upon prior to retirement. Not restricted to those who retire at age 55 or older. Employees hired after January 1, 2003 do not have this benefit.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Changes in System's Net OPEB Liability. Changes in the System's net OPEB liability measured at September 30, 2022 are detailed in the following tables. Table 1A shows the net OPEB liability as of September 30, 2022, which is what is reported in the financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. Total OPEB Liability was rolled forward to September 30, 2022 in order to be in compliance with GASB Statement No. 75.

) Total OPEB ability (TOL)	 Plan Fiduciary et Position	a) - (b) Net PEB Liability
Balances at 09/30/2021	\$ 26,600,530	\$ 9,358,188	\$ 17,242,342
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	404,942	-	404,942
Interest	1,148,612	-	1,148,612
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	8,196,997	-	8,196,997
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(5,397,417)	-	(5,397,417)
Contributions - Employer	-	1,507,635	(1,507,635)
Contributions - Employee	-	285,605	(285,605)
Net investment income	-	(619,707)	619,707
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(1,761,260)	(1,761,260)	-
Administrative expense	 -	(42,579)	 42,579
Net changes	\$ 2,591,874	\$ (630,306)	\$ 3,222,180
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 29,192,404	\$ 8,727,882	\$ 20,464,522

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The valuation was based on information provided by the Utility as of October 1, 2022 and only those not frozen in the defined benefit plan.

Plan Membership

Actives (with medical coverage)	166
Actives (without medical coverage)	19
Retirees (with medical coverage)	92
Retirees (without medical coverage)	44
Beneficiaries (without medical coverage)	3
Total participants	 324
Annual Projected Payroll	\$ 12,213,047
Average Projected Earnings	\$ 66,016

Benefits Provided

Employees retiring after age 62 with at least 15 years of service has the option to maintain health insurance after they retire (including subsidized beneficial coverage), until they reach age 65. For anyone retiring at age 62, the Authority pays 100% of individual coverage and 0% of dependent coverage before age 65. In addition, the plan provides \$25,000 in post-retirement death benefits to retirees until they reach age 65.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases, including wage inflation	2.50%
Health Care Cost Trends	Medical: 6.00% to grade uniformity to 5.50% over a 3 year period
	Dental: 5.0% per annum
Acutarial Cost Method Mortality Rate	Entry age normal - level percent of pay Pub-2010 General Headcount weighted Mortality Tables with improvement Scale

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending October 1, 2022.

MP-2021.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.40 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Utility's contributions will made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following represents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the stated health care cost trend assumption, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the assumed trend rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
	5.00%		6.00%			7.00%
	Decreasing to		Decreasing to		De	ecreasing to
	4.50%		5.50%		6.50%	
Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability	\$	25,931,681	\$	29,192,404	\$	33,134,287
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		8,727,882		8,727,882		8,727,882
Net OPEB Liability	\$	17,203,799	\$	20,464,522	\$	24,406,405

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the stated discount rate, as well as what the Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	3.55%	3.55% 4.55% 5.55	
Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability	\$ 33,046,342	\$ 29,192,404	\$ 25,993,133
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,727,882	8,727,882	8,727,882
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 24,318,460	\$ 20,464,522	\$ 17,265,251

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the System recognized OPEB expense of \$62,357. At September 30, 2022, the System reported deferred outflows of related to OPEB liability from the following sources:

		Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual					
experiences		\$	6,918,956	\$	1,695,620
Changes of assumption		-			6,393,890
Investment losses (gains)		848,454			
Post-measurement contribution					-
	Total	\$	7,767,410	\$	8,089,510

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows as of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022:

Year ended	
September 30:	
2023	\$ (1,232,692)
2024	(593,953)
2025	362,247
2026	675,698
2027	466,600
Thereafter	-

Plan contributions are made and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to discount, trend rates and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

Payment of Benefits. Benefits are recorded when the participant has met all of the Plan requirements to receive a benefit. At September 30, 2022 no benefits were payable and not paid.

Administrative Expenses. Qualified Plan administrative expenses are paid by the Plan. During the year ended September 30, 2022 there were no administrative expenses paid by the Municipal Utilities Board.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension liability of the City have been allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities. The same balances of the Municipal Utilities Board are also reported within the business-type activities column of the Statement of Net Positon. The following presents the further allocation of the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension liability of the City as a whole amongst the governmental and business-type activities:

	Business-Type										
				Activities							
	Governmental Activities		(IESS IVIOD AS SHOWIT			Total					
Deferred Outflows	\$	12,772,291		\$	857,338	\$ 13,629,629					
Net OPEB Liability	\$	75,703,753		\$	4,598,699	\$ 80,302,452					
Deferred Inflows	\$	24,573,140		\$	1,643,145	\$ 26,216,285					
	٦	Vlunicipal		Γ	lonmajor						
	Uti	lities Board		Proprietary Funds		Total					
Deferred Outflows	\$	7,767,410		\$	857,338	\$ 8,624,748					
Net OPEB Liability	\$	20,464,522		\$	4,598,699	\$ 25,063,221					
Deferred Inflows	\$	8,089,509		\$	1,643,145	\$ 9,732,654					

Component Units

Plan Description

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local education institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (Board) to create an irrevocable trust to fund postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in PEEHIP. Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP). In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (State) and is included in the State's Comprehensive

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25A (Act 83-455) to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the plan. The four-year universities participate in the plan with respect to their retired employees, and are eligible and may elect to participate in the plan with respect to their active employees. Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its general administration and operations is vested in the Board. The Board is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-4 provides the Board with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS) has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

Benefits Provided

PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs. Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eye glasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retiree members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (SEIB).

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents who are covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the United Healthcare Group Medicare Advantage plan for PEEHIP retirees. The MAPDP plan is fully insured by United Healthcare and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A, Part B, and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. With the United Healthcare plan for PEEHIP, retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Retirees have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

Contributions

The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-8 and the Code of Alabama 1975, Section, 16-25A-8.1 provide the Board with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, the Board is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee, necessary to fund the coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill. For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by the Board for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% percent for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by the Board for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the Board for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by the Board for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the Board for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1% multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by the Board. This reduction in the employer contribution ceases upon notification to the Board of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2022, the Board reported a liability of \$46,126,468 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the System's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021, the Board's proportion was .892745 percent, which was a decrease of .036986% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Board recognized revenue from the OPEB plan of \$2,408,595 with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of Resources	١r	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experiences	\$	1,091,353	\$	16,047,484
Changes of assumption		16,427,496		17,879,015
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments	-			1,438,846
Changes in proportion and differences between employe	er			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,162,608		6,617,616
Employer contributions reported subsequent to the		-		
measurement date	1,808,159			-
Total	\$	25,489,616	\$	41,982,961

\$1,808,159 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2023	\$ (6,284,192)
2024	(4,843,828)
2025	(5,355,255)
2026	(584,668)
2027	(197,505)
Thereafter	(1,036,056)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Projected salary increases (1)	2.75% 3.25% - 5.00%
Long-term investment rate of return (2)	7.25%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date	2.29%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior Measurement Date	2.25%
Projected year for fiduciary net position (FNP) to be depleted	2051
Single equivalent interest rate at the measurement date	3.97%
Single equivalent interest rate at the prior measurement date	3.05%
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%
Medicare Eligible	**
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2028
Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2025

(1): Includes 2.75% wage inflation.

(2) : Compounded annually, net of investment expense and includes inflation.

**Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2022.

The rates of mortality are based on the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables, adjusted generationally based on scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning in year 2019. The mortality rates are adjusted forward and/or back depending on the plan and group covered, as shown in the table below:

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+) / Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Active Members	Teacher Employee - Below Median	None	65%
Service Retirees	Teacher Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	Male: 108% ages < 63, 96% ages > 67; Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages , 69; 98% > 74 Phasing down 69-74
Disabled Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8, Female: +3	None
Beneficiaries	Teacher Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2, Female: None	None

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2020, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama Board on September 13, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the September 30, 2020

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years, in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long- term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
	Allocation	of Return*
Fixed Income	30.00%	4.40%
U.S. Large Stocks	38.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stock	8.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00%	9.50%
Cash	5.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

*Geometric mean, Includes 2.50% inflation

Discount Rate

The discount rate (also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB 74) used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.97%. Premiums paid to the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Currently, the monthly employer rate is \$800 per non-university active member. Approximately, 12.990% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2021 and it is assumed that the amount will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the close group reaching 20.00%. It is assumed the \$800 rate will increase with inflation at 250% starting in 2024. Retiree benefit payments for University members are paid by the Universities and are not included in the cash flow projections. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119. The long-term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2051, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

Sensitivity of the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following table presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
		2.97%		3.97%	4.97%		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	56,737,596	\$	45,126,468	\$	37,615,172	

Sensitivity of the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rates

The following table presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the discount rate of 4.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Current Rate		% Increase
						7.50%
	5.50	% Decreasing	6.50	% Decreasing	D	ecreasing to
	to 3	50% for pre-	to 4	.50% for pre-	5.	50% for pre-
	mec	medicare, Known decreasing to 3.50% or		medicare, Known decreasing to 4.50% or		dicare, Known
	de					ecreasing to
						5.50% or
	Mec	Medicare Eligible		dicare Eligible	Medicare Eligibl	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	36,194,179	\$	46,126,468	\$	58,923,261

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is located in the Trust's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2021. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at <u>www.rsa-al.gov</u>.

F. Risk Financing Programs

The City elected to retain risk related to the employees' health and dental insurance for the first time beginning December 1, 1999. Then, on January 1, 2002 the City elected to no longer retain the health insurance risk and purchased health insurance. The City currently pays premiums to the State Employee Insurance Board. However, the City still retains the risk for the period under the health self-insurance. The amount of outstanding claims liability remaining as of September 30, 2022 is insignificant and immaterial to the City's statements as a whole.

Note 5 - Other Information - Continued

The City has chosen to finance risks associated with workers compensation coverage through the City's general fund. The City maintains insurance coverage for individual claims in excess of \$300,000 or an aggregate of 115% of annual standard premium. Claims liabilities are based on estimated claim settlements.

Anticipated legal claims are estimated by the City's legal counsel. All legal claims estimated to possibly be paid within the next fiscal year, even if not reported to the City until after September 30, 2022, are recorded as a liability within the General Fund and likewise, as liabilities due within one year under governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position. The portion of estimated legal claims expected to be paid beyond the next fiscal year have been included as a noncurrent liability due in more than one year within the governmental activities of the government-wide statement of net position.

Changes in the balance of long-term claims liability (net of anticipated insurance coverage) for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Workers Compensation			Legal Claims				Total			
	2022	2021		2022	202	21		2022		2021	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 1,007,33	30 \$ 1,041,844	\$	200,000	\$ 250	0,000	\$	1,207,330	\$	1,291,844	
Incurred claims	511,85	872,082		135,444	65	5,472		647,297		937,554	
Less claim payments	(875,77	(906,596)		(185,444)	(115	5,472)		(1,061,216)		(1,022,068)	
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 643,4	11 \$ 1,007,330	\$	150,000	\$ 200	0,000	\$	793,411	\$	1,207,330	

The Electric, Water and Gas systems of the Utilities are also self-insured for general liability, health insurance and workers' compensation insurance. Reinsurance has been purchased to limit the exposure to catastrophic loss for health insurance and workers' compensation insurance claims.

G. Tax Abatements

A tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one or more governments and a participant whereby one or more governments forgoes tax revenues to which they are entitled with the qualifying participant promising to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or their residents. The City has various sales and use tax abatement and property tax abatement agreements with qualifying participants in which \$729,683 in sales and use tax and \$812,009 in property tax were abated during the fiscal year.

H. Subsequent Events

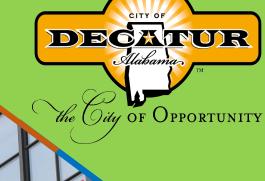
The City has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue, noting no items which require further disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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CITY OF DECATUR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS OF ALABAMA LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

				City of	Decatur			
Total pension liability	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Service cost	\$ 2,449,812	\$ 2,282,555	\$ 2,262,003	\$ 2,207,466	\$ 2,140,584	\$ 2,145,903	\$ 2,168,298	\$ 2,211,718
Interest	11,134,296	10,499,235	10,150,472	9,801,611	9,589,472	9,222,454	8,867,007	8,567,542
Changes in benefit terms	-	1,233,984	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between actual & expected experience	831,663	3,595,277	1,394,060	1,039,217	(1,290,531)	(436,981)	633,364	-
Changes of assumptions	5,766,327	-	-	712,513	-	5,451,626	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(9,701,166)	(9,177,342)	(9,104,968)	(7,879,869)	(7,758,396)	(7,635,873)	(6,815,284)	(7,256,603)
Transfers among employers	198,929	75,748	(135,985)	83,525	116,885	(231,427)	-	-
Net change in total pension liability	10,679,861	8,509,457	4,565,582	5,964,463	2,798,014	8,515,702	4,853,385	3,522,657
Total pension liability - beginning	149,451,831	140,942,374	136,376,792	130,412,329	127,614,315	119,098,613	114,245,228	110,722,571
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 160,131,692	\$ 149,451,831	\$ 140,942,374	\$ 136,376,792	\$ 130,412,329	\$ 127,614,315	\$ 119,098,613	\$ 114,245,228
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contribution-employer	3,947,956	3,697,742	3,677,388	3,109,240	2,996,885	2,844,967	2,967,587	3,049,380
Contribution-employee	1,874,466	1,620,552	1,617,455	1,513,027	1,393,984	1,431,785	1,451,728	1,488,936
Net investment income	20,123,999	5,100,180	2,331,226	7,991,909	10,166,518	7,655,033	915,644	8,538,093
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(9,701,166)	(9,177,342)	(9,104,968)	(7,879,869)	(7,758,396)	(7,635,873)	(6,815,284)	(7,256,603)
Transfers among employers	198,929	75,748	(135,985)	83,525	116,885	(231,427)	127,694	(47,845)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position - beginning	16,444,184	1,316,880	(1,614,884)	4,817,832	6,915,876	4,064,485	(1,352,631)	5,771,961
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	92,461,813	91,144,933	92,759,817	87,941,985	81,026,109	76,961,624	78,314,255	72,542,294
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	108,905,997	92,461,813	91,144,933	92,759,817	87,941,985	81,026,109	76,961,624	78,314,255
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	51,225,695	56,990,018	49,797,441	43,616,975	42,470,344	46,588,206	42,136,989	35,930,973
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	68.01%	61.87%	64.67%	68.02%	67.43%	63.49%	64.62%	68.55%
Covered payroll	28,914,760	27,352,778	27,352,778	25,145,773	25,990,353	23,801,380	24,283,101	25,172,255
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroli	177.16%	208.35%	182.06%	173.46%	163.41%	195.74%	173.52%	142.74%

						Municipal U	tilitie	s Board						
	2021		2020		2019	2018		2017	-	2016	-	2015	-	2014
Total pension liability	\$ 910,080) \$	840,218	\$	830,571	\$ 785,826	\$	765,318	\$	762,211	\$	735,009	\$	719,118
Service cost	4,544,535	i i	4,218,387		4,049,796	3,861,606		3,777,084		3,701,363		3,669,670		3,551,873
Interest	-		355,337		-	-		-		-		-		-
Changes in benefit terms	(3,088,085	5)	2,446,011		675,369	976,957		(414,798)		(37,776)		(1,104,264)		-
Differences between actual & expected experience	1,767,980)	-		-	272,995		-		1,011,888		-		-
Changes of assumptions	(3,734,235	5)	(3,493,226)		(3,365,784)	(3,112,066)		(2,878,582)		(3,069,854)		(2,738,647)		(2,858,415)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	69,816		(10,534)		63,270	109,124		(41,676)		6,054		-		-
Transfers among employers	470,091		4,356,193		2,253,222	2,894,442		1,207,346		2,373,886		561,768		1,412,576
Net change in total pension liability	60,887,058	3	56,530,865		54,277,643	51,383,201		50,175,855		47,801,969		47,240,201		45,827,625
Total pension liability - beginning	\$ 61,357,149) \$	60,887,058	\$	56,530,865	\$ 54,277,643	\$	51,383,201	\$	50,175,855	\$	47,801,969	\$	47,240,201
Total pension liability - ending (a)				_		 								
Plan fiduciary net position	1,630,854	L .	1,479,041		1,457,804	1,440,567		1,415,404		1,451,760		1,481,898		1,439,683
Contribution-employer	700,082	2	587,421		591,191	547,638		533,792		517,917		588,751		478,274
Contribution-employee	8,200,831	I	2,071,088		941,061	3,200,475		4,038,012		3,010,349		357,511		3,314,923
Net investment income	(3,734,235	5)	(3,493,226)		(3,365,784)	(3,112,066)		(2,878,582)		(3,069,854)		(2,738,647)		(2,858,415)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions			-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Administrative expense	69,816	5	(10,534)		63,270	109,124		(41,675)		6,054		(103,901)		96,722
Transfers among employers	6,867,348	;	633,790	_	(312,458)	 2,185,738		3,066,951	_	1,916,226	_	(414,388)	_	2,471,187
Net change in plan fiduciary net position - beginning	37,596,526	5	36,962,736		37,275,194	35,089,456		32,022,505		30,106,279		30,520,667		28,049,480
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	44,463,874		37,596,526		36,962,736	37,275,194		35,089,456	_	32,022,505	_	30,106,279		30,520,667
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)				_										
	16,893,275	i	23,290,532		19,568,129	17,002,449		16,293,745		18,153,350		17,695,690		16,719,534
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)														
	72.479	6	61.75%		65.39%	68.68%		68.29%		63.82%		62.98%		64.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability														
· · · · · ·	12,756,883	6	11,641,834		11,307,292	11,388,209		10,665,563		10,397,431		9,916,527		9,655,596
Covered payroll														
	132.429	6	200.06%		173.06%	149.30%		152.77%		174.59%		178.45%		173.16%
Not popular liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll														

Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroli
* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF DECATUR SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS OF ALABAMA Last 10 Fiscal Years Ending September 30*

	City of Decatur												
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 4,351,433	\$	4,018,976	\$	3,780,285	\$	3,745,335	\$	3,176,065	\$	3,058,616	\$ 2,967,587	\$ 3,049,380
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	4,351,433		4,018,976		3,780,285		3,745,335		3,176,065		3,058,616	 2,967,587	 3,049,380
Contribution deficiency (excess)			-	_	-		-	_	-	_	-	 -	 -
Covered payroll	\$ 30,273,871	\$	28,914,760	\$	27,352,778	\$	27,352,778	\$	25,145,773	\$	25,990,353	\$ 23,801,380	\$ 24,283,101
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	14.37%		13.90%		13.82%		13.69%		12.63%		11.77%	12.47%	12.56%

		Municipal Utilities Board													
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,857,012	\$	1,695,643	\$	1,469,435	\$	1,409,907	\$	1,391,790	\$	1,415,401	\$ 1,481,898	\$	1,481,882
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		1,857,012		1,695,643		1,469,435		1,409,907		1,391,790		1,415,401	 1,481,898		1,481,882
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-		-		-		-	_	-	_	-	 -		-
Covered payroll	\$	13,294,216	\$	12,756,883	\$	11,641,834	\$	11,307,292	\$	11,388,209	\$	10,665,563	\$ 10,397,431	\$	9,916,527
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll		13.97%		13.29%		12.62%		12.47%		12.22%		13.27%	14.25%		14.94%

Notes to Schedule

Investment rate of return

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Contributions for fiscal year 2022 were based on the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for the period October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020: Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases

Entry Age Level percent closed 27.9 years and 25.5 years, respectively Five year smoothed market 2.75% 3.25 - 5.00%, including inflation 7.70%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflatio

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is only presented for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF DECATUR BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF SYSTEM'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS OF ALABAMA SEPTEMBER 30*

System's proportion of the net pension liability	2021 .00808247.	2020 0.737322%	2019 0.822118%	2018 0.761579%	2017 0.758570%	2016 0.757463%	2015 0.761109%	2014 0.785686%
System's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 76,139,000	\$ 91,204,000	\$ 90,901,000	\$ 75,721,000	\$ 74,556,000	\$ 82,003,000	\$ 79,655,000	\$ 71,376,000
System's covered payroll	\$ 59,061,450	\$ 57,149,454	\$ 53,916,727	\$ 50,752,290	\$ 50,033,648	\$ 48,021,155	\$ 47,934,304	\$ 49,729,459
System's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage its covered payroll	of 128.91%	159.59%	168.60%	149.20%	149.01%	170.76%	166.18%	143.53%
Plan fudiciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.44%	67.72%	69.85%	72.29%	71.50%	67.93%	67.51%	71.01%

*: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years to which information is available.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,470,026	\$ 7,073,907	\$ 6,938,206	\$ 6,564,487	\$ 6,114,961	\$ 5,935,142	\$ 5,697,027	\$ 5,654,232
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	7,470,026	7,073,907	6,938,206	6,564,487	6,114,961	5,935,142	5,697,027	5,654,232
Contribution deficiency (excess)					-			
System's covered payroll	\$ 62,222,750	\$ 59,061,450	\$ 57,149,454	\$ 53,916,727	\$ 50,752,590	\$ 50,033,648	\$ 48,021,155	\$ 47,934,304
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.01%	11.98%	12.14%	12.18%	12.05%	11.86%	11.86%	11.80%

CITY OF DECATUR BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS OF ALABAMA Last 10 Fiscal Years Ending September 30*

*: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years to which information is available.

CITY OF DECATUR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

			City of Decatu	ır			м	unicipal Utilities	Board	
Total OPEB llability	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 1,709,166	\$ 2,657,721	\$ 1,710,615	\$ 2,448,333	\$ 2,832,229	\$ 404,942	\$ 387,319	\$ 373,572	\$ 424,692	\$ 577,544
Interest	1,753,889	3,168,951	3,849,902	3,574,276	3,139,256	1,148,612	1,157,651	1,039,156	1,269,752	1,076,050
Changes in benefit terms	-	(88,269)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between actual & expected experience	18,528	(46,800,681)	(13,870)	(3,600,770)	86,792	8,196,997	-	193,875	(5,687,159)	-
Changes of assumptions	(1,142,106)	3,820,394	23,952,717	(7,889,102)	(10,658,776)	(5,397,417)	-	(3,367,893)	(1,338,994)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,781,876)	(2,278,532)	(2,646,946)	(2,457,754)	(2,389,744)	(1,761,260)	(1,047,526)	(883,341)	(941,411)	(822,065)
Net change in OPEB liability	(442,399)	(39,520,416)	26,852,418	(7,925,017)	(6,990,243)	2,591,874	497,444	(2,644,631)	(6,273,120)	831,529
Total OPEB liability - beginning	80,744,848	120,265,264	93,412,846	101,337,863	108,328,106	26,600,530	26,103,086	28,747,717	35,020,837	34,189,308
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 80,302,449	########	\$ 120,265,264	\$ 93,412,846	\$ 101,337,863	#######	#######	\$ 26,103,086	\$ 28,747,717	\$ 35,020,837
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,948,212	\$ 2,757,353	\$ 3,745,335	\$ 2,457,754	\$ 2,378,069	\$ 1,507,635	\$ 1,741,315	\$ 8,875,780	\$ 941,411	\$ 822,065
Contributions - employee	-	-	-	-	-	285,605	-	294,342	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-	-	-	(619,707)	377,073	545	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,948,212)	(2,757,353)	(3,745,335)	(2,457,754)	(2,378,069)	(1,761,260)	(1,047,526)	(883,341)	(941,411)	(822,065)
Administrative expenses	-		-		-	(42,579)		-		
Net change in OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	(630,306)	1,070,862	8,287,326	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-			9,358,188	8,287,326		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,727,882	\$ 9,358,188	\$ 8,287,326	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB llability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	80,302,449	80,744,848	120,265,264	93,412,846	101,337,863	20,464,522	17,242,342	17,815,760	28,747,717	35,020,837
Covered-employee payroll	25,721,743	25,721,743	16,244,063	15,582,742	16,915,903					
Covered payroll						12,213,047	10,840,661	10,576,255	9,259,586	9,721,892
Fiduciary Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	29.90%	35.18%	31.75%	0.00%	0.00%
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	312.20%	313.92%	740.36%	599.46%	599.07%	167.56%	159.05%	168.45%	310.46%	360.23%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Note: The Municipal Utilities Board has established a trust for the purposes of accumulating assests to be used for paying benefits of the OPEB Plan. The City of Decatur has not established such a trust and pays for benefits as incurred.

CITY OF DECATUR BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF SYSTEM'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY ALABAMA RETIRED EDUCATION EMPLOYEES' HEALTH CARE TRUST SEPTEMBER 30*

OPEB	2021 0.892745%	2020 0.855759%	2019 0.964650%	2018 0.898192%	2017 0.868568%
System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 46,126,468	\$ 55,537,568	\$ 36,394,005	\$ 73,819,943	\$ 64,512,270
System's covered payroll	\$ 59,061,450	\$ 57,149,454	\$ 53,916,727	\$ 50,752,590	\$ 50,033,648
System's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	78.10%	97.18%	67.50%	145.45%	128.94%
Plan fudiciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	27.11%	19.80%	28.14%	14.81%	15.37%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF DECATUR BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ALABAMA RETIRED EDUCATION EMPLOYEES: HEALTH CARE TRUST Last 10 Fiscal Years Ending September 30*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,808,159	\$ 1,539,446	\$ 1,738,148	\$ 2,719,129	\$ 2,218,461
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,808,159	1,539,446	1,738,148	2,719,129	2,218,461
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
System's covered payroll	\$ 62,222,750	\$ 59,061,450	\$ 57,149,454	\$ 53,916,727	\$ 50,752,590
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.91%	2.61%	3.04%	5.04%	4.37%

*: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years to which information is available.

Note A - Changes in actuarial assumptions

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study for the five-year perios ending July 30, 2020 are summarized below:

Assumptions	Description
Price inflation	2.50%
Investment Return	7.00%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Mortality Rates (Pre-Retirement), Post- Retirement Health and Disabled)	Updated to Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables. For future mortality improvement, generational mortality improvement with mortality improvement scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66- 2/3% to the table beginning in 2019.
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates of retirement at most ages and extended retirement rates at age 80.
Withdrawal Rates	Changed from an age-based table broken down by service bands to a pure service-based table. Used a liability weighted methodology in analyzing rates.
Disability Rates	Lowered rates of disability retirement at most ages.
Salary Increases	No change of total assumed rates of salary increases, but increased merit salary scale bu 0.25% to offset the recommended decrease in wage inflation assumption by 0.25%.

In 2019, the anticipated rates of participation, spouse coverage, and tobacco usage were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Note B - Recent plan changes

Beginning in plan year 2021, the MAPD pln premium rates exclude the ACA Health Insurer Fee which was repealed on December 20, 2019.

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible medical and prescription drug benefits are provided through the United Healthcare Medicare Advantage Plan with Prescription Drun Coverane (MAPD)

The Health Plan is changed periodically to reflect the Affordable Care Act (ACA) maximum annual out-of pocket amounts.

Note C - Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of September 30, 2015, three years prior to the end of the fiscal vear in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods an assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	23 year, closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Year of Ultimate Trend Rate	2026 for Pre-Medicare Eligible
	2024 Medicare Eligible
Optional Plans Trend Rate	2.00%
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%, including inflation

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

ANC



City of Decatur General Fund Balance Sheet September 30, 2022

Assets	
Cash & investments	\$ 47,359,172
Cash with fiscal agent	3,038,157
Receivables (net of allowances):	
Accounts	645,417
Taxes	4,612,633
Leases	1,829,088
Due from other funds	1,314,925
Due from other governmental entities	506,415
Deposits	71,405
Prepaids	111,455
Inventories	 80,345
Total assets	\$ 59,569,012
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 -
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,886,715
Accrued liabilities	1,514,811
Contract retainages	20,000
Due to other funds	410,735
Due to other governmental entities	12,830
Customer deposits	 652,817
Total liabilities	4,497,908
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable revenue	543,635
Lease related deferred inflows	 1,783,655
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,327,290
Fund Balance	
Nonspendable	237,233
Restricted	1,547
Committed	28,498,202
Unassigned	24,006,832
Total fund holonoo	52 712 011
Total fund balance	 52,743,814
Total liabilities, deferred resources and fund balance	\$ 59,569,012

Report Positive Original Final Actual (Negative) REVENUES Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes \$ 51,774,150 \$ 51,816,650 \$ 60,355,697 \$ 8,539,047 Licenses and permits 7,188,100 71,88,100 83,34,558 1,146,458 Fines and forfeitures 318,800 318,800 318,000 98,320 264,406 Revenues from money and property 1,060,700 1060,700 (913,054) (1,973,754) Charges for services 5,812,668 5,812,668 6,133,091 320,423 Intergovernmental 5,724,424 6,533,014 614,722 Other revenues 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 Corrent 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community services contracts 2,746,480 2,799,480 3,173,389 (37,909)							Fir	riance with nal Report
REVENUES - - Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes \$ 51,774,150 \$ 51,816,650 \$ 60,355,697 \$ 8,539,047 Licenses and permits 7,188,100 7,188,100 8,334,558 1,146,458 Fines and forfeitures 318,800 318,800 318,800 28,334,558 1,146,458 Charges for services 5,812,668 5,812,668 6,133,091 320,423 Intergovernmental 5,724,424 6,33,914 6,417,22 Gifts and donations 10,000 67,500 98,338 30,838 Other revenues 229,500 229,500 590,848 361,348 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 Community services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Public safety 29,683,253 33,505,237 2,93,309 (373,909) Community development 2,746,480 2,799,485 4,519,004 359,481 Interest and fiscal charges		Report						Positive
Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes \$<			Original		Final	Actual	1)	Vegative)
Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes \$< \$< \$< \$< \$< \$< \$< \$< \$< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<< \$<<< \$<< \$<< <th< td=""><td>REVENUES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures 318,800 318,800 583,206 264,406 Revenues from money and property 1,060,700 1,060,700 (191,054) (1,973,754) Charges for services 5,812,668 5,812,668 5,812,668 6,133,091 320,423 Intergovernmental 5,724,424 5,724,424 6,339,146 6414,722 Gifts and donations 229,500 229,500 229,500 98,338 30,838 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES Current 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,559,823 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public safety 29,688,325 315,591,837 9,263,527 4,328,340 Public services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: Principal 601,630 848,618 847,178 1,440		\$	51,774,150	\$	51,816,650	\$ 60,355,697	\$	8,539,047
Revenues from money and property 1.060,700 1.060,700 (913,054) (1,973,754) Charges for services 5,812,668 5,812,668 6,133,091 320,423 Intergovernmental 5,724,424 5,724,424 6,339,146 614,722 Gifts and donations 10,000 67,500 98,338 30,838 229,500 229,500 590,848 361,348 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,686,325 33,505,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public safety 29,686,325 33,505,233 29,413,519 4,091,714<	Licenses and permits		7,188,100		7,188,100	8,334,558		1,146,458
Charges for services 5,812,668 5,812,668 6,133,091 320,423 Intergovernmental 5,724,424 5,724,424 6,339,146 614,722 Cifts and donations 10,000 67,500 98,338 30,838 Other revenues 229,500 229,500 590,848 361,348 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES 229,500 229,500 590,848 361,348 Current General government 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,506,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public services 9,916,282 12,2662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community services contracts 2,794,4480 2,799,408 3173,389 (373,909) Gommunity development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: Principal 5,048,520 4,878,485 4,519,004 359,481 Interest and fiscal charges 1078,436 (13,268,221) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>318,800</td><td></td><td>318,800</td><td>583,206</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			318,800		318,800	583,206		
Intergovernmental Gifts and donations 5,724,424 5,724,424 6,339,146 614,722 Gifts and donations 10,000 67,500 98,338 30,838 Other revenues 229,500 229,500 590,848 361,348 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES General government 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,506,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community services contracts 2,746,480 2,799,480 3,173,389 (373,909) Community development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: 9 710,39,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 32,039 32,039 32,039 Lea	3 1 1 3					(913,054)		(1,973,754)
Gifts and donations 10,000 67,500 98,338 30,838 Other revenues 229,500 229,500 590,848 361,348 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES 72,000 590,848 361,348 36,338 Current 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,505,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public sarvices 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: 9 710,392 710,399 601,630 848,618 847,178 1,440 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 71,039,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 32,039 32,039 32,039 Lease								
Other revenues 229,500 590,848 361,348 TOTAL REVENUES 72,118,342 72,218,342 81,521,830 9,303,488 EXPENDITURES General government 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,505,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public vorks 6,970,913 13,591,867 9,263,527 4,328,319 Public services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community development 21,464,800 2,799,480 3,173,389 (373,909) Community development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: Principal 16,630 848,618 847,178 1,440 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 71,039,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - 32,039 32,039 Lease proceeds 0,003 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
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EXPENDITURES Current 5 General government 15,356,511 Public safety 29,688,325 Public services 9,916,282 Community services contracts 2,746,480 Community services 2,746,480 Principal 5,048,520 Principal 5,048,520 Interest and fiscal charges 6,01,630 Principal 5,048,520 Interest and fiscal charges 71,039,906 PCEXESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 2,277,232 Lease proceeds - Operating transfers in 7,082 Operating transfers out (940,906) Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) EXCESS OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER 13,7530 SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER 13,7530 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316	Other revenues		229,500		229,500	 590,848		361,348
Current Is 356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,505,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,787,433 Community services contracts 2,746,480 2,799,480 3,173,389 (373,909) Community development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: 711,039,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 32,039 32,039 32,039 Lease proceeds 0 - - 32,039 32,039 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 0perating transfers out 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1	TOTAL REVENUES		72,118,342		72,218,342	81,521,830		9,303,488
General government 15,356,511 16,442,001 15,731,609 710,392 Public safety 29,688,325 33,505,233 29,413,519 4,091,714 Public services 9,916,282 710,392 4,032,714 Public services 9,916,282 12,662,701 9,875,268 2,784,480 2,799,480 3,173,389 (373,909) Community services contracts 2,746,480 2,799,480 3,173,389 (373,909) Community development 711,245 758,178 680,240 77,938 Debt service: 9 15,630 848,618 847,178 1,440 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 32,039 32,039 Lease proceeds - - 32,039 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses)								
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Debt service: Principal 5,048,520 4,878,485 4,519,004 359,481 Interest and fiscal charges 601,630 848,618 847,178 1,440 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 71,039,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 Lease proceeds - - 32,039 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 - -	,							,
Principal Interest and fiscal charges 5,048,520 4,878,485 4,519,004 359,481 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 601,630 848,618 847,178 1,440 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 71,039,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1 1 1 1 1 1 Lease proceeds - - 32,039 32,039 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 - -	3		/11,245		730,170	000,240		11,750
Interest and fiscal charges 601,630 848,618 847,178 1,440 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 71,039,906 85,486,563 73,503,734 11,982,829 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 Derating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -			5.048.520		4.878.485	4.519.004		359,481
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,078,436 (13,268,221) 8,018,096 21,286,317 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease proceeds - - 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 - -	0							
Lease proceeds - - 32,039 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,078,436		(13,268,221)	8,018,096		21,286,317
Lease proceeds - - 32,039 32,039 Operating transfers in 7,082 277,232 300,003 22,771 Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers out (947,988) (5,287,486) (4,242,640) 1,044,846 Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -	Lease proceeds		-		-	32,039		32,039
Total other financing sources (uses) (940,906) (5,010,254) (3,910,598) 1,099,656 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -			1					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -	Operating transfers out		(947,988)		(5,287,486)	(4,242,640)		1,044,846
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 137,530 (18,278,475) 4,107,498 22,385,973 Fund balance, beginning 48,636,316 48,636,316 48,636,316 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		(940,906)		(5,010,254)	(3,910,598)		1,099,656
			137,530		(18,278,475)	4,107,498		22,385,973
FUND BALANCE, ENDING \$ 48,773,846 \$ 30,357,841 \$ 52,743,814 \$ 22,385,973	Fund balance, beginning		48,636,316		48,636,316	48,636,316		-
	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	48,773,846	\$	30,357,841	\$ 52,743,814	\$	22,385,973

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	Dama	-		Variance with Final Report
	Repo		Actual	Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes				
Sales and use	39,303,950	39,346,450	46,280,834	6,934,384
Ad valorem	4,291,700	4,291,700	4,462,028	170,328
Other	8,178,500	8,178,500	9,612,835	1,434,335
Total	51,774,150	51,816,650	60,355,697	8,539,047
Licenses and permits Motor Vehicle	180,000	180,000	192,156	10 154
Business Licenses and Permits	6,288,100	6,288,100	7,027,938	12,156 739,838
	720,000	720,000		
Building Permits and Inspection Fees	/20,000	720,000	1,114,464	394,464
Total	7,188,100	7,188,100	8,334,558	1,146,458
Fines and forfeitures	318,800	318,800	583,206	264,406
Devenues from monoy and property				
Revenues from money and property	870.000	070.000	(1 120 007)	(2,000,007)
Interest Other	870,000 190,700	870,000	(1,138,097)	(2,008,097)
Other	190,700	190,700	225,043	34,343
Total	1,060,700	1,060,700	(913,054)	(1,973,754)
Charges for current services				
Recreation	295,000	295,000	456,065	161,065
Animal shelter	24,700	24,700	32,027	7,327
General government	453,700	453,700	504,390	50,690
Public safety	115,050	115,050	133,973	18,923
Public works	4,874,218	4,874,218	4,917,476	43,258
Cemetery	50,000	50,000	80,025	30,025
Youth services	-	-	9,135	9,135
Total	5,812,668	5,812,668	6,133,091	320,423
Intergovernmental				
Tax equivalents	4,932,749	4,932,749	5,512,162	579,413
State Grants	-	-	63,895	63,895
State Shared Taxes	791,675	791,675	763,089	(28,586)
State contributions	-	-	-	-
Total	5,724,424	5,724,424	6,339,146	614,722
Gifts & donations	10,000	67,500	98,338	30,838
Other revenues	229,500	229,500	590,848	361,348
	227,000	227,300	570,040	301,340
TOTAL REVENUES	72,118,342	72,218,342	81,521,830	9,303,488

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	Budg	ot		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES CURRENT EXPENDITURES General Government Mayor and Council			Actual	
Personnel services Operating expenses	396,781 89,996	398,719 321,496	397,486 269,963	1,233 51,533
Total	486,777	720,215	667,449	52,766
Legal Services Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	646,033 78,909 120,000	649,908 96,659 120,000	585,167 64,644 77,051	64,741 32,015 42,949
Total	844,942	866,567	726,862	139,705
Municipal Court Personnel services Operating expenses	1,037,810 8,859	1,050,405 8,859	1,039,940 8,202	10,465 657
Total	1,046,669	1,059,264	1,048,142	11,122
City Clerk Personnel services Operating expenses	465,250 75,375	469,125 75,375	370,829 52,975	98,296 22,400
Total	540,625	544,500	423,804	120,696
Revenue department Personnel services Operating expenses	352,644 92,250	356,519 92,500	351,099 51,710	5,420 40,790
Total	444,894	449,019	402,809	46,210
Finance department Personnel services Operating expenses	895,564 17,130	976,320 17,130	791,763 13,133	184,557 3,997
Total	912,694	993,450	804,896	188,554
Public building Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	269,134 370,400	240,041 350,965 40,757	214,160 332,774 40,757	25,881 18,191 -
Total	639,534	631,763	587,691	44,072

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	Budg	ot		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Economic and community development				<u> </u>
Personnel services	1,090,250	1,123,407	977,916	145,491
Operating expenses	161,690	163,690	115,904	47,786
Total	1,251,940	1,287,097	1,093,820	193,277
Garage				
Personnel services	424,928	430,741	376,014	54,727
Operating expenses	68,084	105,889	95,688	10,201
Total	493,012	536,630	471,702	64,928
Purchasing				
Personnel services	303.722	244,593	247,403	(2,810)
Operating expenses	12,040	12,040	4,865	7,175
Total	315,762	256,633	252,268	4,365
Information services				
Personnel services	1,147,790	1,165,531	1,186,055	(20,524)
Operating expenses	2,095,752	2,113,829	1,711,873	401,956
Capital outlay	90,000	199,529	101,710	97,819
Total	3,333,542	3,478,889	2,999,638	479,251
Miscellaneous				
Workman's compensation	800,000	800,000	533,170	266,830
Insurance	440,975	453,429	453,429	-
Other	3,660,850	4,219,031	5,159,270	(940,239)
Total	4,901,825	5,472,460	6,145,869	(673,409)
Safety				
Personnel services	94,530	95,499	82,712	12,787
Operating expenses	49,765	50,015	23,947	26,068
Total	144,295	145,514	106,659	38,855
Total general government	15,356,511	16,442,001	15,731,609	710,392

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	Budg	et		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Public Safety		-		
Fire Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	10,917,140 595,335 130,000	11,017,908 781,890 2,510,151	10,253,861 735,825 1,699,869	764,047 46,065 810,282
Total	11,642,475	14,309,949	12,689,555	1,620,394
Inspection Personnel services Operating expenses	918,311 30,045	928,968 36,635	905,993 35,911	22,975 724
Total	948,356	965,603	941,904	23,699
Police Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	13,464,808 2,446,263 700,000	13,517,852 2,715,380 1,383,068	11,294,353 2,745,460 1,379,621	2,223,499 (30,080) 3,447
Total	16,611,071	17,616,300	15,419,434	2,196,866
Sign Shop Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	349,966 136,457 	352,873 137,733 122,775	262,438 92,413 7,775	90,435 45,320 115,000
Total	486,423	613,381	362,626	250,755
Total public safety	29,688,325	33,505,233	29,413,519	4,091,714
Public Works				
Director Personnel services Operating expenses	257,847 12,463	258,816 12,463	159,603 9,179	99,213 3,284
Total	270,310	271,279	168,782	102,497
Streets Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	1,796,384 393,765 130,000	1,821,730 448,790 1,131,253	1,514,455 372,266 619,811	307,275 76,524 511,442
Total	2,320,149	3,401,773	2,506,532	895,241

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Budget Positive Personal services					Variance with Final Budget
Projects Personnel services 23,000 2,022,152 1,577,900 444,162 Capital outsy 125,762 105,692 20,070 Total 23,000 2,147,914 1,683,682 464,232 Engineering 9,809 2,147,914 1,683,682 464,232 Capital outsy 35,000 1,945,920 946,981 998,939 Total 557,716 2,480,896 1,350,871 1,130,025 Sanitation 98,939 135,500 1,945,920 946,981 998,939 Total 557,716 2,480,896 1,350,871 1,130,025 Sanitation 98,939 137,500 1,451,303 29,233 1,422,070 Total 3,799,738 5,290,005 3,553,660 1,736,345 Oparating expenses 1864,577 1825,892 1,877,976 2,428,340 Public Services 6,970,913 13,591,867 9,233 1,422,070 Total 3,799,738 5,290,005 3,553,660 1,736,345 Capital				Actual	
Personnel services -	Projects	Original	FINAI	Actual	(Negative)
Engineering Personnel services Operating expenses 450,766 454,641 363,272 91,369 Capital outlay 35,000 1,945,920 946,981 998,939 Total 557,716 2,480,896 1,350,871 1,130,025 Sanitation Personnel services 1,857,671 2,012,810 1,936,451 76,359 Capital outlay 1,350,871 1,320,892 1,587,976 2,37,916 2,37,916 Operating expenses 1,857,661 2,012,810 1,936,451 76,335 Capital outlay 1,736,345 Total 3,799,738 5,200,005 3,553,660 1,736,345 Total 3,799,738 5,200,005 3,553,660 1,736,345 Total 3,799,738 5,200,005 3,553,400 1,217 Public Services 4,66,578 108,700 113,606 101,389 12,217 Capital outlay 166,578 106,578 90,500 67,528 Total 821,911 833,599 742,056 91,543 Paris and recreation	Personnel services Operating expenses	23,000			
Personnel services 450,766 454,641 362,272 91,369 Operating expenses 71,950 80,335 40,018 39,717 Capital outlay 35,000 1,945,920 946,981 998,939 Total 557,716 2,480,896 1,350,871 1,130,025 Sanitation 1 957,716 2,480,896 1,350,871 1,130,025 Capital outlay 1,375,00 1,451,303 29,233 1,422,070 Total 3,799,738 5,290,005 3,553,660 1,736,345 Total public works 6,970,913 13,591,867 9,263,527 4,328,340 Public Services 546,633 553,415 541,617 11,76,345 Total public works 6,970,913 13,591,867 9,263,527 4,328,340 Public Services 108,700 113,606 101,389 12,217 Capital outlay 106,578 166,578 99,050 67,528 Total 821,911 833,599 742,056 91,543 Paris and recreati	Total	23,000	2,147,914	1,683,682	464,232
Sanitation 1804.577 1825.892 1.587.976 237.916 Operating expenses 1.876.61 2.012.810 1.936.451 76.339 Capital outlay 1.3750 1.451.303 29.223 1.422.070 Total 3.799.738 5.290.005 3.553.660 1.736.345 Total public works 6.970.913 13.591.867 9.263.527 4.328.340 Public Services 546.633 553.415 541.617 11.798 Personnel services 546.633 553.415 541.617 11.798 Operating expenses 108.700 113.606 101.389 12.217 Capital outlay 166.578 166.578 99.050 67.528 Total 821.911 833.599 742.056 91.543 Parks and recreation 9 2.967.370 3.117.620 2.755.266 361.354 Capital outlay 2.967.370 3.117.620 2.755.266 361.354 Capital outlay 7.830.827 8.280.803 7.830.787 450.016 L	Personnel services Operating expenses	71,950	80,335	40,618	39,717
Personnel services 1804.577 1825.892 1587.976 237.976 Operating expenses 1.357.661 2.012.810 1.936.451 76.359 Capital outlay 3.799.738 5.290.005 3.553.660 1.736.345 Total 3.799.738 5.290.005 3.553.660 1.736.345 Total public works 6.970.913 13.591.867 9.263.527 4.328.340 Public Services 546.633 553.415 541.617 11.798 Personnel services 546.633 553.415 541.617 11.798 Operating expenses 108.700 113.606 101.389 12.217 Capital outlay 166.578 99.050 67.528 Total 821.911 833.599 742.056 91.543 Parks and recreation 4.640.061 4.710.307 4.692.922 17.385 Operating expenses 2.967.370 3.117.620 2.766.266 361.354 Capital outlay 7.830.827 8.280.803 7.830.787 450.016 Landscape and beautification	Total	557,716	2,480,896	1,350,871	1,130,025
Total public works 6,970,913 13,591,867 9,263,527 4,328,340 Public Services Animal Shelter 9,263,527 4,328,340 Personnel services 546,633 553,415 541,617 11,798 Operating expenses 108,700 113,606 101,389 12,217 Capital outlay 166,578 190,500 67,528 Total 821,911 833,599 742,056 91,543 Parks and recreation 4,646,061 4,710,307 4,692,922 17,385 Operating expenses 2,967,370 3,117,620 2,756,266 361,354 Capital outlay 217,396 452,876 381,599 71,277 Total 7,830,827 8,280,803 7,830,787 450,016 Landscape and beautification - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - 149,045 - 149,045 Total - 199,621 - 199,621 Cemetery Personnel services 122,445 144,383	Personnel services Operating expenses	1,857,661	2,012,810	1,936,451	76,359
Public Services Animal Shelter Personnel services Operating expenses 546,633 553,415 541,617 11,798 Capital outlay 166,578 166,578 99,050 67,528 Total 821,911 833,599 742,056 91,543 Parks and recreation Personnel services 4,646,061 4,710,307 4,692,922 17,385 Operating expenses 2,967,370 3,117,620 2,756,266 361,354 Capital outlay 7,830,827 8,280,803 7,830,787 450,016 Landscape and beautification Personnel services - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - 50,576 - 50,576 Capital outlay - 149,045 - 149,045 Total - 199,621 - - - Cemetery - 199,621 - 199,621 - 199,621 Total - 199,621 - 199,621 - - - - -	Total	3,799,738	5,290,005	3,553,660	1,736,345
Animal Shelter Personnel services 546.633 553.415 541.617 11.798 Operating expenses 108.700 113.606 101.389 12.217 Capital outlay 166.578 190.50 67.528 Total 821.911 833.599 742.056 91.543 Parks and recreation Personnel services 4,646.061 4,710.307 4.692.922 17.385 Operating expenses 2,967.370 3,117.620 2,756.266 361.354 Capital outlay 7.830.827 8.280.803 7.830.787 450.016 Landscape and beautification Personnel services - 50.576 - 50.576 Operating expenses - 50.576 - 50.576 Operating expenses - - - - Capital outlay - 149.045 - 149.045 Total - 199.621 - 199.621 - Capital outlay - 199.621 - 149.045 Total - 199.621	Total public works	6,970,913	13,591,867	9,263,527	4,328,340
Personnel services 546,633 553,415 541,617 11,798 Operating expenses 108,700 113,606 101,389 12,217 Capital outlay 166,578 166,578 99,050 67,528 Total 821,911 833,599 742,056 91,543 Parks and recreation 4,646,061 4,710,307 4,692,922 17,385 Operating expenses 2,967,370 3,117,620 2,756,266 361,354 Capital outlay 7,830,827 8,280,803 7,830,787 450,016 Landscape and beautification - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - 50,576 - 50,576 Capital outlay - 149,045 - 149,045 Total - 199,621 - 199,621 - Capital outlay - 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses 262,633<	Public Services				
Parks and recreation Personnel services 4,646,061 4,710,307 4,692,922 17,385 Operating expenses 2,967,370 3,117,620 2,756,266 361,354 Capital outlay 217,396 452,876 381,599 71,277 Total 7,830,827 8,280,803 7,830,787 450,016 Landscape and beautification - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - 50,576 - 50,576 Capital outlay - 149,045 - - Total - 199,621 - 199,621 Cemetery - 199,621 - 199,621 Personnel services 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses	Personnel services Operating expenses	108,700	113,606	101,389	12,217
Personnel services 4,646,061 4,710,307 4,692,922 17,385 Operating expenses 2,967,370 3,117,620 2,756,266 361,354 Capital outlay 217,396 452,876 381,599 71,277 Total 7,830,827 8,280,803 7,830,787 450,016 Landscape and beautification - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - 149,045 - 149,045 Total - 199,621 - 199,621 - Total - 199,621 - 199,621 - 199,621 Cemetery - 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 6,082 Operating expenses 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 6,082 Operating expenses 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses 208,545 262,633 249,470 13,163	Total	821,911	833,599	742,056	91,543
Personnel services - 50,576 - 50,576 Operating expenses - - - - Capital outlay - 149,045 - 149,045 Total - 199,621 - 199,621 Cemetery Personnel services 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses 86,100 118,250 111,169 7,081 Total 208,545 262,633 249,470 13,163 Youth services 815,637 819,512 735,321 84,191 Operating expenses 137,562 170,667 104,981 65,686 Capital outlay - 1,711,341 16,832 1,694,509	Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay	2,967,370 217,396	3,117,620 452,876	2,756,266 381,599	361,354 71,277
Cemetery Personnel services Operating expenses 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Total 208,545 262,633 249,470 13,163 Youth services Personnel services Operating expenses 815,637 819,512 735,321 84,191 Operating expenses Capital outlay 137,562 170,667 104,981 65,686	Personnel services Operating expenses	-	-	- -	-
Personnel services 122,445 144,383 138,301 6,082 Operating expenses 86,100 118,250 111,169 7,081 Total 208,545 262,633 249,470 13,163 Youth services 815,637 819,512 735,321 84,191 Operating expenses 137,562 170,667 104,981 65,686 Capital outlay - 1,711,341 16,832 1,694,509	Total	-	199,621	-	199,621
Youth services 815,637 819,512 735,321 84,191 Operating expenses 137,562 170,667 104,981 65,686 Capital outlay - 1,711,341 16,832 1,694,509	Cemetery Personnel services		144,383		6,082
Personnel services 815,637 819,512 735,321 84,191 Operating expenses 137,562 170,667 104,981 65,686 Capital outlay - 1,711,341 16,832 1,694,509	Total	208,545	262,633	249,470	13,163
Total 953,199 2,701,520 857,134 1,844,386	Personnel services Operating expenses	137,562	170,667	104,981	65,686
	Total	953,199	2,701,520	857,134	1,844,386

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				Variance with Final Budget
	Budg			Positive
Colleges	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Culture Old Bank	90,300	99,300	99,082	218
Train Depot	11,500	11,500	5,846	5,654
Princess	-	273,725	90,893	182,832
Total	101,800	384,525	195,821	188,704
Total public services	9,916,282	12,662,701	9,875,268	2,787,433
Community Service Contracts				
Wheeler Basin Regional Library Board	377,936	377,936	377,936	-
Morgan County Emergency Management Dist.	443,817	443,817	443,817	-
Decatur-Morgan County Emergency Mgt. Agency	35,000	35,000	35,000	-
NARCOG:				
Regional Planning	-	-	-	-
Senior Aid Program	_	_	_	_
Transport Planning	135,000	135,000	135,000	
				-
NCA Mental Health Board	30,000	30,000	30,000	-
Economic Development Association	61,000	61,000	61,000	-
Morgan County Health Department	120,000	120,000	120,000	-
Community Action and Community Development				
Agency of North Alabama:				
Meals on Wheels	14,227	14,227	14,227	-
Foster Grandparents	7,200	7,200	7,200	-
Decatur-Morgan County Seniors' Council, Inc.	51,000	51,000	51,000	-
Decatur Convention and Visitors' Bureau	900,200	900,200	1,274,109	(373,909)
Chamber of Commerce:				
Community Business Development Board	-	-	-	-
Morgan County Rescue Squad	15,000	15,000	15,000	_
Hudson Alpha Foundation	-	-	- 15,000	-
Pryor Field Airport Authority	30,000	30,000	30,000	-
Friends of Delano	-	25,000	25,000	
Volunteer Center	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Carnegie Visual Arts	17,000	17,000	17,000	-
Free Health Clinic Morgan County Child Advocacy Center	75,000	75,000	75,000	-
Downtown Redevelopment Authority	- 84,100	- 84,100	- 84,100	-
Kidz Table Inc.	-	-		_
Decatur Youth Symphony	-	-	-	-
Princess Theatre	80,000	80,000	80,000	-
American Cancer Society	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Entrepreneurial Center	165,000	165,000	165,000	-
DDMBA / 3rd Friday	-	3,000	3,000	
DMCCC One Vision, One Voice	-	-	-	-
DMCCC Business Development Board Singing River Trail Study	50,000	50,000 25,000	50,000 25,000	
Total Community Services Contract	2,746,480	2,799,480	3,173,389	(373,909)
Total Johnnanity Johnoo Johnaut	2,740,400	2,177,400	5,175,507	(373,707)

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	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Community Development				
Planning department				
Personnel services	304,643	308,626	269,277	39,349
Operating expenses	84,602	85,052	62,306	22,746
Total	389,245	393,678	331,583	62,095
Business development				
Operating expenses	322,000	364,500	348,657	15,843
Total	322,000	364,500	348,657	15,843
Total community development	711,245	758,178	680,240	77,938
Debt Service Expenditures				
Principial	5,048,520	4,878,485	4,519,004	359,481
Interest and fiscal charges	601,630	848,618	847,178	1,440
Issuance costs	- E 4E0 1E0	- E 707 102	- E 244 102	-
Total Debt Service Expenditures	5,650,150	5,727,103	5,366,182	360,921
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	71,039,906	85,486,563	73,503,734	11,982,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITUR	1,078,436	(13,268,221)	8,018,096	21,286,317
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Lease proceeds	-	-	32,039	32,039
Operating transfers in	7,082	277,232	300,003	22,771
Operating transfers out	(947,988)	(5,287,486)	(4,242,640)	1,044,846
Total other financing sources (uses)	(940,906)	(5,010,254)	(3,910,598)	1,099,656
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER				
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER	137,530	(18,278,475)	4,107,498	22,385,973
	137,330	(10,270,473)	1,107,170	22,000,710
Fund balance, beginning	48,636,316	48,636,316	48,636,316	-
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 48,773,846	\$ 30,357,841	\$ 52,743,814	\$ 22,385,973

Other Governmental Funds

The City maintains the following governmental funds which are considered nonmajor funds in the current year. In order to provide more information to the readers of the financial statements, these have been included on the following pages to show the details of the "Other Governmental Funds" columns within the Governmental Fund financial statements.

7 Cent Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund - to account for funds designated for maintenance and improvement of public streets and highways.

4 and 5 Cent Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund - to account for funds designated for resurfacing and repairs of public streets and bridges.

2019 Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund - to account for additional gas tax funds to be phased in over a three-year period which are to be designated for resurfacing and repairs of public streets and bridges.

Grant Fund Special Revenue Fund (formerly the Community Development Special Revenue Fund) - to account for majority of Federal and State grant activity of the City, the largest of which is related to the development of viable urban communities, including decent housing and a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons of low and moderate income. Financing is provided by federal community development grants under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended. Such grants provide for payment of the City's Community Development program costs and may be used only for that purpose.

Personnel Board Special Revenue Fund - to account for the activity of the specially appointed personnel board which carries out the human resources and payroll functions of the City.

Municipal Court Special Revenue Fund - to account for the collection and payment of the portion of court fees which are due to other governmental entities.

Alabama Capital Improvement Trust Special Revenue Fund (formerly the Heritage Trust Special Revenue Fund) - to account for funds received from the Alabama Trust Fund of the State of Alabama which are designated for capital improvements, payments of bond principal and interest, and restoration of capital improvements such as buildings and streets.

Correction Special Revenue Fund - to account for funds that may be used for construction, operation, or maintenance of municipal jail, juvenile center, or court complex, or other correctional facilities.

Docket Fees Special Revenue Fund - to account for docket fee funds which can be used by municipal court for training and equipment for a multitude of enhancements for the court system.

Drug Seizure Special Revenue Fund - To account for funds received from the sale of transferred property from illegal drug operations. Funds are to be used for police activities related to drug operations.

Room Occupancy Special Revenue Fund - to account for tax levies on rooms per night in the City limits which are restricted for use for tourism product development.

Perpetual Care Permanent Fund - to account for the collection of cemetery revenues earmarked by local ordinance for the long-term care of the City-owned cemetery.

2016 Capital Improvements Fund - to account for the cost of constructing road projects and economic development projects which are financed by general obligation warrants.

Sewer Capital Improvement Fund - to account for the construction of capital sewer improvements along Beltline Road for economic development and payment of related debt to service construction.

City of Decatur Non-Major Governmental Funds (by fund type) Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds Fund Alabama Capital 7 Cent 4 & 5 Cent 2019 Personnel Municipal Improvement Docket Drug Room Perpetual Gas Tax Gas Tax Gas Tax Grant Board Court Trust Corrections Fees Seizure Occupancy Care Assets Cash & investments, at cost \$144,197 \$ 11,300 \$ 456,097 \$ 11,019,919 \$ 102,795 \$ 76,845 \$ 1,543,498 \$ 210,013 \$439,412 \$392,600 \$1,392,355 \$ 371,143 Cash with fiscal agents 37,063 Investments, at cost 1,046,851 Receivables (net of allowances) 1,295 Accounts 19,864 5,719 _ Taxes 52,508 _ Due from other funds Due from governmental entities 12,302 27,526 35,664 2,859,987 -Deposits 10,182 6,823 Prepaids 1,075 -1,543,498 \$ 229,877 \$ 445,131 \$ 393,675 \$ 1,481,926 \$ 1,419,289 Total assets \$166,681 \$ 45,649 \$ 491,761 \$ 13,879,906 \$ 102,795 \$ 76,845 \$ Deferred Outflows of Resources ---Liabilities Accounts payable 152,830 292,018 1,858,535 3,003 66,414 2,786 361 69,665 10,783 Accrued liabilities 9,567 23,759 2,000 _ Contract retainages 16,099 527,989 -_ -Due to other funds 736,477 1,295 _ _ Due to other governmental entities 8.431 _ _ _ . **Total liabilities** 152,830 361 292,018 2,396,091 26,762 76,845 85,764 10,783 2,786 736,477 1,295 -Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue 13.434.023 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,434,023 _ _ Fund Balances Nonspendable 1,075 1,417,994 ---Restricted 13,851 45,288 199,743 1,457,734 219,094 442,345 392,600 Committed 76,033 745,449 -(1,950,208) Unassigned _ Total fund balance (deficit) 13,851 45.288 199,743 (1,950,208) 76,033 1,457,734 219,094 442,345 393,675 745,449 1,417,994 -Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance \$166,681 \$ 45,649 \$ 491,761 \$ 13,879,906 \$ 102,795 \$ 76,845 \$ 1,543,498 \$ 229,877 \$ 445,131 \$ 393,675 \$ 1,481,926 \$ 1,419,289

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Permanent

City of Decatur Non-Major Governmental Funds (by fund type) Combining Balance Sheet - Continued September 30, 2022

	Capital Proje Funds	ects	6		
					Total
	2016				Nonmajor
Capital	Improvements		Sewer		vernmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds
¢	1 500 24 2	¢	402 4 2E	¢	10 070 1/1
\$	1,509,362	\$	603,625	\$	18,273,161
	-		571,301		608,364
	-				1,046,851
	37,286		-		64,164
	-		-		52,508
			80,570		80,570
	-		-		2,935,479
	-		-		17,005
	-		-		1,075
\$	1,546,648	\$	1,255,496	\$	23,079,177
			-		
			-		-
	451,313		-		2,907,708
	-		-		35,326
	22,160		-		566,248
	-		-		737,772
	272,695		-		281,126
	746,168		-		4,528,180
	-		-		13,434,023
	-		-		13,434,023
	-		-		1,419,069
	-		-		2,770,655
	800,480		1,255,496		2,877,458
	-		-		(1,950,208)
	800,480		1,255,496		5,116,974
\$	1,546,648	\$	1,255,496	\$	23,079,177

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City of Decatur

Non-major Governmental Funds (by fund type)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Page 3 of 4

					Sp	ecial Reven	ue Funds					Permanent Fund
	7 Cent Gas Tax	4 & 5 Cent Gas Tax	2019 Gas Tax	Grant	Personnel Board	Municipal Court	Alabama Capita Improvement Trust	l Corrections	Docket Fees	Drug Seizure	Room Occupancy	Perpetual Care
Revenue Other taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ - 5	5 -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 596,414	\$ -
Fines & forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,729	96,202	-	-	-
Revenues from money & property	1,780	1,884	4,490	92,833	-	-	-	1,808	-	6,930	-	55,531
Intergovernmental	139,833	312,635	400,990	7,320,441	-	-	529,898	-	-	80,833	-	-
Gifts & donations Other revenues	-	-	-	- 391,367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	-	-	-	391,307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	141,613	314,519	405,480	7,804,641	-	-	529,898	308,537	96,202	87,763	596,414	55,531
Expenditures Current												
General government	-	-	-	-	861,015	-	181,488	52,116	27,619	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	149,347	123,771	-	13,006	-	-
Public works	204,056	302,336	339,491	-	-	-	206,876	-	-	-	-	-
Public services	-	-	-	-	-	-	271,482	-	-	-	-	-
Educational assistance Community development	-	-	-	- 8,026,281	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	0,020,201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal	-	-	-	3,375	-	-	-	43,164	-	-	133,806	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	375	-	-	-	3,900	-	-	15,331	-
Debt issuance costs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	204,056	302,336	339,491	8,030,031	861,015	-	809,193	222,951	27,619	13,006	149,137	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	(62,443)	12,183	65,989	(225,390)	(861,015)	-	(279,295	85,586	68,583	74,757	447,277	55,531
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in	-	-	-	369,232	527,717	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	(695)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,724)	(27,089)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	368,537	527,717	-	-	-	-	-	(3,724)	(27,089)
Net change in fund balance	(62,443)	12,183	65,989	143,147	(333,298)	-	(279,295	85,586	68,583	74,757	443,553	28,442
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	76,294	33,105	133,754	(2,093,355)	409,331	-	1,737,029	133,508	373,762	318,918	301,896	1,389,552
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 13,851	\$ 45,288	\$ 199,743	\$ (1,950,208)	\$ 76,033	\$ -	\$ 1,457,734	\$ 219,094	\$ 442,345	\$ 393,675	\$ 745,449	\$ 1,417,994

City of Decatur

Non-major Governmental Funds (by fund type)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Capital Pro Fund	ject	S	
Captial In	2016 nprovements Fund		Sewer Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 596,414
	-		-	402,931
	27,141		11,571	203,968
	33,655		-	8,818,285
	-		-	- 391,367
	60,796		11,571	10,412,965
	-		-	1,122,238
	-		-	286,124
	878,546		-	1,931,305
	-		-	271,482
	-		-	-
	-		-	8,026,281
	-		720,898	901,243
	-		128,230	147,836
	-		-	-
	878,546		849,128	12,686,509
	(817,750)		(837,557)	(2,273,544)
	-		1,058,747 -	1,955,696 (31,508)
	-		1,058,747	1,924,188
	(817,750)		221,190	(349,356)
	1,618,230		1,034,306	5,466,330
\$	800,480	\$	1,255,496	\$ 5,116,974

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City of Decatur 7 Cent Gas Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Buc	lget				Final	nce with Budget sitive
	(Driginal	Fi	nal	Actual		(Neg	jative)
REVENUES	.	140.000	•	140.000	•	100.000	<i>.</i>	(1 (7)
Intergovernmental Revenues from money and property	\$	140,000 1,000	\$	140,000 1,000	\$	139,833 1,780	\$	(167) 780
Revenues nom money and property		1,000		1,000		1,700		700
Total revenues		141,000		141,000		141,613		613
EXPENDITURES Operating expenses		204,056		204,056		204,056		-
Total expenditures		204,056		204,056		204,056		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(63,056)		(63,056)		(62,443)		613
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(63,056)		(63,056)		(62,443)		613
Fund balance, beginning		76,294		76,294		76,294		-
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	13,238	\$	13,238	\$	13,851	\$	613

City of Decatur 4 & 5 Cent Gas Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Budge	t		Variance with Positive
	0	riginal	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues from money and property	\$	313,500 \$ 1,500	313,500 1,500	\$ 312,635 1,884	\$ (865) 384
Total revenues		315,000	315,000	314,519	(481)
EXPENDITURES Operating expenses		403,283	403,283	302,336	100,947
Total expenditures		403,283	403,283	302,336	100,947
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(88,283)	(88,283)	12,183	100,466
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(88,283)	(88,283)	12,183	100,466
Fund balance, beginning		33,105	33,105	33,105	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	(55,178) \$	(55,178)	\$ 45,288	\$ 100,466

		Buc	lget				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	C	Original Final			Actu	lal	(N	(Negative)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	275,000	\$	275,000	\$ 40	0,990	\$	125,990	
Revenues from money and property		1,001		1,001		4,491		3,490	
Total revenues		276,001		276,001	40)5,481		129,480	
EXPENDITURES Operating expenses		339,493		339,493	33	9,493			
Total expenditures		339,493		339,493	33	9,493			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(63,492)		(63,492)	6	5,988		129,480	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(63,492)		(63,492)	6	5,988		129,480	
Fund balance, beginning		133,756		133,756	13	3,756		-	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	70,264	\$	70,264	\$ 19	9,744	\$	129,480	

City of Decatur Personnel Board Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	C	Buc Driginal	Final	-	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES Other revenues	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Other revenues	ψ		ψ		Ψ		ψ	
l otal revenues		-		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services		693,541 700,323				683,624		16,699
Operating expenses		234,176		234,176		177,391		56,785
Total expenditures		927,717 934,499				861,015		73,484
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(927,717)		(934,499)		(861,015)		73,484
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Operating transfers in		527,717		527,717		527,717		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		527,717		527,717		527,717		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(400,000)		(406,782)		(333,298)		73,484
Fund balance, beginning		409,331		409,331		409,331		-
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	9,331	\$	2,549	\$	76,033	\$	73,484

City of Decatur Alabama Capital Improvement Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Buc	lget			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Original Final			Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	575,000	\$	575,000	\$ 529,898	\$	(45,102)
Total revenues		575,000		575,000	529,898		(45,102)
EXPENDITURES Personal services Operating expenses Capital outlay		- - 1,445,000		- - 2,124,768	- - 809,193		- - 1,315,575
Total expenditures		1,445,000		2,124,768	809,193		1,315,575
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(870,000)		(1,549,768)	(279,295)		1,270,473
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(870,000)		(1,549,768)	(279,295)		1,270,473
Fund balance, beginning		1,737,029		1,737,029	1,737,029		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	867,029	\$	187,261	\$ 1,457,734	\$	1,270,473

City of Decatur Corrections Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Buc				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	C	Driginal		Final	Actual		(N	egative)
REVENUES Fines and Forfeitures Revenues from money and property	\$	230,000 3,000	\$	230,000 3,000	\$	306,729 1,808	\$	76,729 (1,192)
Total revenues		233,000		233,000		308,537		75,537
EXPENDITURES Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest		109,480 185,614 - -		117,480 133,454 30,000 43,164 3,900		108,207 40,290 27,390 43,164 3,900		9,273 93,164 2,610 - -
Total expenditures		295,094		327,998		222,951		105,047
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(62,094)		(94,998)		85,586		180,584
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(62,094)		(94,998)		85,586		180,584
Fund balance, beginning		133,508		133,508		133,508		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	71,414	\$	38,510	\$	219,094	\$	180,584

City of Decatur Docket Fee Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Budg	let		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Final			Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Fines and Forfeitures	\$	69,700	\$ 69,700	\$ 96,202	\$ 26,502
Total revenues		69,700	69,700	96,202	26,502
EXPENDITURES Personnel services Operating expenses Capital outlay		- 40,300 90,000	- 40,300 90,000	- 27,619 -	- 12,681 90,000
Total expenditures		130,300	130,300	27,619	102,681
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(60,600)	(60,600)	68,583	129,183
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(60,600)	(60,600)	68,583	129,183
Fund balance, beginning		373,762	373,762	373,762	-
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	313,162	\$ 313,162	\$ 442,345	\$ 129,183

		Buc	lget				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	0	riginal		Final	A	ctual	(N	egative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues from money and property	\$	54,000 4,300	\$	54,000 4,300	\$	80,833 6,930		26,833 2,630
Total revenues		58,300		58,300		87,763		29,463
EXPENDITURES Personal services Operating expenses Capital outlay		3,500 50,500 4,300		3,500 54,800 35,000		- 9,779 3,227		3,500 45,021 31,773
Total expenditures		58,300		93,300		13,006		80,294
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(35,000)		74,757		109,757
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(35,000)		74,757		109,757
Fund balance, beginning		318,918		318,918		318,918		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	318,918	\$	283,918	\$	393,675	\$	109,757

		Buc	lget		Actual		Fin	ance with al Budget ositive
	C	riginal		Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Taxes and Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	488,000	\$	488,000	\$	596,414	\$	108,414
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,						
Total revenues		488,000		488,000		596,414		108,414
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		-		-		-		-
Operating expenses		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service		122.00/		122.00/		122.00/		
Principal Interest		133,806 15,331		133,806 15,331		133,806 15,331		-
Operating expenses		10,001		10,001		10,001		
Total expenditures		149,137		149,137		149,137		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		338,863		338,863		447,277		108,414
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers (out)		(3,724)		(3,724)		(3,724)		-
Total other financing sources		(3,724)		(3,724)		(3,724)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		335,139		335,139		443,553		108,414
Fund balance, beginning		301,896		301,896		301,896		-
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	637,035	\$	637,035	\$	745,449	\$	108,414

City of Decatur Non-major Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds							
	Poin	t	Sanitary	Total Nonmajor Enterprise				
	Malla		Landfill	Funds				
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash & investments, at cost	\$ 60	04,671 \$	31,111,554	\$31,716,225				
Receivables (net of allowance)								
Accounts	2	25,642	544,586	570,228				
Due from other funds		-	738,058	738,058				
Prepaid items		6,911	4,714	11,625				
Inventories, at cost		45,515	-	45,515				
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	68	32,739	32,398,912	33,081,651				
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets:								
Land	25	54,931	1,291,799	1,546,730				
Buildings	7,32	25,164	2,365,396	9,690,560				
Improvements other than buildings	10,96	8,438	8,664,132	19,632,570				
Furniture & equipment	99	90,716	7,219,464	8,210,180				
Construction work in progress		-	1,299,552	1,299,552				
Less accumulated depreciation	(16,08	37,287)	(12,888,298)	(28,975,585)				
Total capital assets (net of accumlated								
depreciation)	3,4	51,962	7,952,045	11,404,007				
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	3,4	51,962	7,952,045	11,404,007				
TOTAL ASSETS	4,1:	34,701	40,350,957	44,485,658				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
OPEB contribution Pension contributions subsequent to	3	51,712	505,626	857,338				
measurement date	22	24,732	502,185	726,917				
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	57	6,444	1,007,811	1,584,255				

LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	132,640	138,337	270,977
Accrued liabilities	39,945	94,852	134,797
Compensated absences	12,180	12,114	24,294
Claims payable	-	75,000	75,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	184,765	320,303	505,068
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs	-	4,539,776	4,539,776
Compensated absences	109,615	109,023	218,638
Claims payable	-	75,000	75,000
Net pension liability	828,093	1,811,087	2,639,180
Net other postemployment benefit liability	2,273,517	2,325,182	4,598,699
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	3,211,225	8,860,068	12,071,293
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,395,990	9,180,371	12,576,361
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	665,431	977,714	1,643,145
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	153,932	292,011	445,943
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	819,363	1,269,725	2,089,088
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,451,962	7,952,045	11,404,007
Unrestricted	(2,956,170)	22,956,627	20,000,457
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 495,792 \$	30,908,672 \$	31,404,464

City of Decatur Non-major Proprietary Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					
	Point Mallard					al Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUE Charges for services	\$	5,144,403	\$	7,825,856	\$	12,970,259
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		5,144,403		7,825,856		12,970,259
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel, operations & maintenance Closure and postclosure costs Depreciation and amortization		4,510,298 - 658,848		3,752,302 280,884 1,268,832		8,262,600 280,884 1,927,680
Administrative costs		314,592		467,098		781,690
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		5,483,738		5,769,116		11,252,854
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(339,335)		2,056,740		1,717,405
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Gain on disposition of assets Miscellaneous revenue		- - 1,116		443,326 44,244 46,340		443,326 44,244 47,456
Total nonoperating revenue		1,116		533,910		535,026
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS, TRANSFERS & SPECIAL ITEMS		(338,219)		2,590,650		2,252,431
Special item Transfers in Transfers (out)		- - (237)		3,343,423 8,176 -		3,343,423 8,176 (237)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(338,456)		5,942,249		5,603,793
Total net position, beginning		834,248		24,966,423		25,800,671
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	495,792	\$	30,908,672	\$	31,404,464

City of Decatur Non-major Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Er	nterprise Funds	5	
	 Point Mallard	Sanitary Landfill		tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services	\$ 5,141,644 \$ (2,408,448) (2,602,387) 1,119	7,982,042 (3,020,746) (1,732,209) -		13,123,686 (5,429,194) (4,334,596) 1,119
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 131,928	3,229,087		3,361,015
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments received from advances to other funds Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	 (237)	129,372 8,176 -		129,372 8,176 (237)
NET CASH (USED) PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (237)	137,548		137,311
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Extraordinary Item	 - -	(1,194,347) 44,244 3,343,423		(1,194,347) 44,244 3,343,423
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 -	2,193,320		2,193,320
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	 -	443,326		443,326
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 -	443,326		443,326
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	131,691	6,003,281		6,134,972
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	 472,980	25,108,273		25,581,253
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 604,671 \$	31,111,554	\$	31,716,225

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (339,335) \$	2,056,740 \$	1,717,405
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Depreciation and amortization	658,848	1,268,832	1,927,680
Landfill postclosue costs	-	236,634	236,634
Miscellaneous items	1,119	46,340	47,459
Decrease (increase) in operating assets and			
increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables	(2,759)	109,846	107,087
Accounts payable	30,827	8,929	39,756
Claims payable	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Inventory	(8,148)	-	(8,148)
Prepaid items	-	(4,714)	(4,714)
Accrued liabilities	5,882	4,536	10,418
Net pension liability	(204,536)	(427,357)	(631,893)
Net OPEB obligation	 (9,970)	(20,699)	(30,669)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 131,928 \$	3,229,087 \$	3,361,015

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)



Statistical Section

This part of the City of Decatur's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents

	Page
Financial Trends	B-1
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue source, the sales tax.	C-1
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	D-1
Demographic and Economic Information	E-1
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activates take place.	
Operating Information	F-1
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's finance report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	

Source:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

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City of Decatur Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	+,,	\$ 57,492,241	1 / - /	+,	\$ 34,773,577	\$ 37,209,341	. , ,		\$ 30,447,007	\$ 33,080,019
Restricted	6,534,968	6,264,941	6,206,701	3,570,597	3,509,162	3,682,814	3,788,357	4,318,971	3,885,349	3,145,307
Unrestricted	(80,009,846)	(97,299,482)	(112,616,183)	(106,609,293)	(113,665,669) (75,382,930)	(43,961,640)	(38,088,919)	(35,016,581)	(2,825,187)	(2,232,953)
Total governmental activities net position	(4,740,670)	(33,542,300)	(50,702,131)	(57,543,927)	(75,362,930)	(3,069,485)	(2,973,391)	(1,135,804)	31,507,169	33,992,373
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	260,360,162	257,574,347	249,319,906	243,198,235	226,886,818	201,146,976	188,974,450	168,779,187	123,170,516	141,972,809
Restricted	19,744,950	7,881,333	15,482,625	24,012,716	23,603,852	23,056,896	28,639,263	40,071,044	47,773,019	58,288,930
Unrestricted	26,759,813	17,198,387	8,563,733	(4,323,534)	(2,938,616)	37,772,340	35,861,212	33,133,776	82,333,175	47,187,185
Total business-type activities net position	306,864,925	282,654,067	273,366,264	262,887,417	247,552,054	261,976,212	253,474,925	241,984,007	253,276,710	247,448,924
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	329,094,370	315,066,588	305,027,257	288,693,004	261,660,395	238,356,317	220,301,621	198,340,993	153,617,523	175,052,828
Restricted	26,279,918	14,146,274	21,689,326	27,583,313	27,113,014	26,739,710	32,427,620	44,390,015	51,658,368	61,434,237
Unrestricted	(53,250,033)	(80,101,095)	(104,052,450)	(110,932,827)	(116,604,285)	(6,189,300)	(2,227,707)	(1,882,805)	79,507,988	44,954,232
Total primary government net assets	\$ 302,124,255	\$ 249,111,767	\$ 222,664,133	\$ 205,343,490	\$ 172,169,124	\$ 258,906,727	\$ 250,501,534	\$ 240,848,203	\$ 284,783,879	\$ 281,441,297

Notes: Implementation of GASB 65 created adjustments from previous years presentations.

City of Decatur Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
Expenses	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$ 9,041,02	5 \$ 12,944,319	\$21,666,828	\$ 9,470,149	\$ 23,144,821	\$ 18,363,409	\$ 16,044,080	\$ 13,957,454	\$ 14,264,188	\$ 14,103,141
Public safety	28,248,293	3 27,027,485	26,646,533	26,386,902	25,480,437	25,332,134	23,111,083	23,949,879	22,981,334	22,958,877
Public works	10,238,92	1 9,927,356	7,784,652	8,228,481	7,741,903	9,539,842	6,950,859	8,129,042	10,452,310	8,129,190
Public services	11,268,15	9,859,751	9,483,645	11,193,931	10,568,698	10,272,836	10,196,003	9,805,856	8,795,026	10,164,983
Educational assistance	27,631,70	9 26,016,676	23,314,576	23,232,204	21,974,908	21,097,369	20,423,095	20,133,524	19,647,186	18,294,568
Community development	2,420,24		1,489,956	2,794,596	1,260,539	1,310,902	1,218,223	1,026,451	2,121,523	1,294,167
Community service contracts	3,393,27	6 2,955,611	2,690,067	1,293,569	2,693,160	2,474,565	2,357,213	2,239,029	2,349,354	2,401,418
Personnel board			-	-	-	801,764	611,900	620,764	580,781	573,625
Interest on long-term debt	1,169,82	8 895,287	1,292,456	1,417,048	1,529,897	1,625,845	1,586,551	1,774,419	1,837,110	1,910,582
Unallocated depreciation	1,480,48	,	1,801,728	1,985,191	2,093,773	2,173,814	2,320,990	2,366,814	2,449,953	2,507,112
Total governmental activities expense	94,891,93			86,002,071	96,488,136	92,992,480	84,819,997	84,003,232	85,478,765	82,337,663
Business-type activities:										
Municipal Utilities Board	152,877,78	6 135,880,186	124,503,538	135,287,508	134,675,442	130,290,772	129,940,544	134,707,491	141,507,769	134,132,114
Point Mallard	5,483,73	, ,	, ,	5,718,591	5,885,957	5,587,125	5,591,696	5,614,318	5,382,914	5,311,189
Sanitary Landfill	5,769,11			5,665,053	10,265,722	6,676,493	5,946,289	5,579,541	5,593,042	5,582,815
Total business-type activities expenses	164,130,64	, ,	, ,	146,671,152	150,827,121	142,554,390	141,478,529	145,901,350	152,483,725	145,026,118
Total primary government expenses	259,022,57		, ,	232,673,223	247,315,257	235,546,870	226,298,526	229,904,582	237,962,490	227,363,781
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	8,204,27			7,032,271	6,903,145	6,495,047	6,101,001	6,642,236	6,546,578	6,118,428
Public safety	2,380,924	, .,		1,784,133	2,003,560	1,959,213	2,008,137	2,245,642	2,213,545	2,279,815
Public works	4,917,47			4,438,798	4,286,515	3,930,481	3,918,168	3,920,619	3,358,806	3,295,403
Public services	743,464	4 697,436	420,542	667,645	684,203	704,558	692,853	703,562	714,905	777,107
Intergovernmental assistance			-	-	-	-	-	-	264,600	288,963
Educational assistance			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community Development			-	-	-	1,944	2,911	7,716	15,068	
Operating grants and contributions	2,700,754			1,673,621	1,246,909	3,930,964	2,191,970	1,322,425	2,837,884	1,571,696
Capital grants and contributions	7,159,41	1 2 2 1 2 2		6,750,266	6,397,687	3,436,810	2,011,637	2,205,732	1,060,037	1,413,023
Total governmental activities program revenues	26,106,30	4 23,984,665	20,367,728	22,346,734	21,522,019	20,459,017	16,926,677	17,047,932	17,011,423	15,744,435
Business-type activities										
Charges for services:										
Municipal Utilities Board	164,224,21	, ,	, ,		145,366,327	139,081,130	137,016,266	141,001,444	146,862,667	138,618,004
Point Mallard	5,144,40	, ,	, ,	5,155,091	5,375,310	5,076,812	5,016,486	5,154,135	4,760,368	4,658,432
Sanitary Landfill	7,825,85	6 7,650,951	7,507,008	7,029,190	6,900,730	6,040,839	6,022,126	6,094,943	5,926,274	5,853,244
Operating grants and contributions			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	730,76		, ,	3,907,937	359,349	1,195,833	2,539,845	1,205,802	405,913	740,348
Total business-type activities program revenues	177,925,23	7 153,362,572	142,513,179	160,335,912	158,001,716	151,394,614	150,594,723	153,456,324	157,955,222	149,870,028
Total primary government program revenues	204,031,54	1 177,347,237	162,880,907	182,682,646	179,523,735	171,853,631	167,521,400	170,504,256	174,966,645	165,614,463
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	(68,785,62	B) (70,007,775) (75,802,713)	(63,655,337)	(74,966,117)	(72,533,463)	(67,893,320)	(66,955,300)	(68,467,342)	(66,593,228
Business-type activities	13,794,59	6,513,769	9,727,537	13,664,760	7,174,595	8,840,224	9,116,194	7,554,974	5,471,497	4,843,910
Total primary government net expense	(54,991,03				(67,791,522)	(63,693,239)	(58,777,126)	(59,400,326)	(62,995,845)	(61,749,318

Notes:

Implementation of GASB 65 created adjustments from previous years presentations.

City of Decatur Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited), continued (accrual basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities	n									
Taxes	04 400 050	FF 000 000	10.000.001	40 070 707	44 540 740	40.000.440	00 400 054	07 400 407	00 075 455	00.007.000
Sales & use taxes	61,120,053	55,838,932	49,930,964	48,372,767	44,540,749	42,306,443	39,102,654	37,490,197	36,975,155	36,227,828
Property taxes	21,772,067	20,596,224	20,507,015	20,754,352	19,733,997	19,644,780	18,863,532	19,300,964	19,453,927	18,203,180
Alcoholic beverage taxes*	2,093,118	2,125,967	1,972,204	1,836,545	1,807,517	1,867,412	1,848,981	1,768,182	1,750,197	1,785,189
Gasoline taxes*	1,050,623	817,441	770,700	806,139	753,123	790,070	813,437	762,676	762,635	841,873
Automobile taxes*	1,912,941	1,665,894	1,530,617	1,470,708	1,416,741	1,439,929	1,468,633	1,393,212	1,385,352	1,397,678
Lodging taxes*	2,656,308	2,362,706	1,882,644	1,661,859	1,473,513	1,707,366	1,502,491	1,290,241	1,298,503	1,494,547
Rental taxes*	1,721,259	1,667,263	1,396,080	1,526,752	1,259,248	1,174,924	1,160,898	1,075,881	1,061,858	1,016,323
Other taxes*	3,060,181	2,518,376	2,843,597	3,200,153	3,162,870	2,270,700	2,640,531	2,603,581	2,433,363	2,473,382
Interest on investments	(998,910)	1,644,900	1,125,044	1,032,167	216,775	163,743	85,679	75,454	99,328	134,835
Other	579,096	164,001	287,769	37,239	383,589	206,279	711,482	953,234	766,711	748,981
Extraordinary item	1,605,911									
Transfers	1,014,611	(2,234,098)	396,735	795,661	(9,188,159)	865,723	(2,142,585)	930,600	(4,891)	(1,219,764)
Total governmental activities	97,587,258	87,167,606	82,643,369	81,494,341	65,559,963	72,437,369	66,055,733	67,644,222	65,982,138	63,104,052
Business-type activities:										
Interest on investments	2,061,311	475,867	1,081,704	1,883,254	1,329,049	438,987	182,828	173,935	212,843	208,518
Forgiveness of Long-term debt	_,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other	96,700	(71,715)	66,343	583,010	(145,266)	87,779	49,311	46,454	138,555	61,011
Extraordinary item	9,272,861	(1.1,1.10)	00,010	000,010	(1.10,200)	01,110	10,011		,	01,011
Transfers	(1,014,611)	2,234,098	(396,737)	(795,661)	9,188,159	(865,723)	2,142,585	(930,600)	4,891	1,219,764
Total business-type activities	10,416,261	2,638,250	751,310	1,670,603	10,371,942	(338,957)	2,374,724	(710,211)	356,289	1,489,293
	,,	_,,	,	.,,	,	(***,***)	_,,	(,)	,	.,
Total primary government	108,003,519	89,805,856	83,394,679	83,164,944	75,931,905	72,098,412	68,430,457	66,934,011	66,338,427	64,593,345
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	28,801,630	17,159,831	6,840,656	17,839,004	(9,406,154)	(96,094)	(1,837,587)	688,922	(2,485,204)	(3,489,176)
Business-type activities	24,210,858	9,152,019	10,478,847	15,335,363	17,546,537	8,501,267	11,490,918	6,844,763	5,827,786	6,333,203
Total primary government	\$ 53,012,488 \$	26,311,850 \$		\$ 33,174,367	\$ 8,140,383		\$ 9,653,331	\$ 7,533,685	, , ,	\$ 2,844,027
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Notes:

Implementation of GASB 65 created adjustments from previous years presentations

* The presentation on the Government-wide Statement of Activities was updated by management in 2018 to combine these line items into one line item labeled "Other taxes" within General Revenues.

For purposes of comparability within the above table, however, the City has continued to present these individual tax types separately rather than in the aggregate as on the Statement of Activities.

City of Decatur Fund Balance-Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		0004		0040		0040		0047	0040		0045		0044		0040
	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018		2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
General fund															
Nonspendable	\$ 237,233	\$ 214,106	\$ 237,316	\$ 185,036	\$	53,403	\$	25,204	\$ 19,543	\$	21,299	\$	21,549	\$	13,545
Restricted	1,547	1,312	1,312	1,312		1,312		1,312	1,312		1,312		1,311		0
Committed	28,498,202	26,097,888	23,169,208	21,781,925	22,	040,347	2	21,062,702	21,230,959	1	7,809,129	1	7,009,274	10	0,871,653
Assigned	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-		-		751,791
Unassigned	24,006,832	22,323,010	15,232,369	15,103,480	10,	942,972		10,304,555	9,831,764		9,031,061		6,153,212	ę	9,365,011
Total general fund	 52,743,814	48,636,316	38,640,205	37,071,753	33,	,038,034	3	31,393,773	31,083,578	2	26,862,801	2	23,185,346	2	1,002,000
All other governmental funds															
Nonspendable	1.419.069	1.389.552	1,331,312	1.200.564	1	108.622		1.035.972	1.114.186		1.068.386		1.021.886		985,086
Restricted	2,770,655	2,806,370	2,281,362	2,368,721	,	399,228		2,645,530	2,672,858		3,249,271		2,862,151		827,177
Committed	24,362,365	3,363,763	2,592,718	2,205,535	3,	080,921		5,903,693	2,705,450		4,289,409		4,283,113	7	7,369,361
Assigned	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Unassigned	(1,950,208)	(2,184,140)	-	-		-		-	(403,248)		(284,827)		(631,842)		(531,029)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 26,601,881	\$ 5,375,545	\$ 6,205,392	\$ 5,774,820	\$6,	588,771	\$	9,585,195	\$ 6,089,246	\$	8,322,239	\$	7,535,308	\$ 8	8,650,595

City of Decatur Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)							Fiscal Year			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues										
Sales & use taxes	\$ 61,120,052	\$ 55,818,586	\$ 49,930,963 \$	48,372,766	\$ 44,579,344	\$ 42,306,443	\$ 39,102,654 \$	37,490,198 \$	36,975,156	\$ 36,227,829
Property taxes	15,345,822	14,998,318	14,294,390	14,602,486	13,515,186	13,076,829	12,771,314	12,804,007	12,449,851	11,568,399
Other taxes	11,731,781	10,290,286	9,603,478	9,974,179	9,421,115	8,901,979	8,930,750	8,439,412	8,194,022	8,491,566
Licenses & permits	8,334,558	6,961,326	7,245,608	7,079,882	7,009,021	6,419,707	6,500,840	6,874,042	6,332,105	6,395,655
Fines & forfeitures	986,137	608,125	638,627	894,355	1,003,660	1,084,515	1,123,993	1,277,650	1,483,398	1,294,427
Revenues from money & property	(667,667)	1,976,998	1,393,261	1,292,076	476,857	395,853	305,821	278,241	295,724	331,552
Charges for services	6,133,091	5,805,493	5,423,782	5,686,552	5,604,473	5,341,448	5,321,168	5,350,291	4,791,185	4,746,517
Intergovernmental	16,251,514	14,468,404	13,177,632	14,243,667	14,008,548	12,372,847	10,373,846	10,236,944	11,472,765	10,122,422
Gifts & donations	148,338	72,357	378,020	119,680	165,000	280,405	226,081	155,629	108.180	79,115
Other revenues	· · · · ·	395,282	,	409,959	375,268	,	,	,	640,298	
Other revenues	2,588,126	395,282	874,035	409,959	375,208	1,268,944	1,050,811	825,963	640,298	762,753
Total revenues	121,971,752	111,395,175	102,959,796	102,675,602	96,158,472	91,448,970	85,707,278	83,732,377	82,742,684	80,020,235
Expenditures										
General government	18,320,410	15,671,067	15,796,012	13,671,107	5.697.269	4.929.165	5.606.753	4.511.312	4.456.127	4,354,201
Public safety	29,699,643	27,640,408	27,276,303	27,793,838	25,210,014	27,468,639	23,356,634	23,406,958	22,038,762	22,665,964
Public works	12,833,056	10,393,166	16,678,200	15,229,711	16,845,093	22,133,489	7,967,892	8,326,936	11,542,923	10,146,277
Public services	10,729,990	8,521,875	7,685,146	9,802,365	10,414,073	9,835,207	9,704,966	9,362,391	8,948,313	9,743,971
Educational assistance	27,631,709	26,016,676	23,314,576	23,232,204	28,857,773	28,155,808	26,931,950	25,487,456	24,699,081	22,984,911
Community service contracts	3,393,276	2,955,611	2,690,067	2,794,596	2,693,160	2,474,565	2,357,213	2,239,029	2,349,354	2,401,419
Community development	8,706,521	8,889,871	2,557,713	2,215,799	1,317,398	973,435	2,123,977	2,311,183	1,841,519	1,465,521
Personnel board	0,700,021	0,000,071	2,007,710	2,210,700	1,017,000	801,764	611,900	620,764	580,781	573,625
Debt Service: Principal	5,420,247	3,101,446	4,093,750	4,139,235	6,445,261	3,344,319	3,227,479	3,576,260	3,469,657	4,250,001
Interest and fiscal charges	995,014	949,578	1,265,740	1,372,640	1,485,229	1,440,280	1,645,140	1,734,540	1,797,817	1,856,179
Debt issuance costs	242,575	214,280	1,203,740	1,372,040	1,405,229	86,803	354,892	1,734,340	1,797,017	1,000,179
Debt issuance costs	242,575	214,200	-	-	15	00,003	354,092	-	-	-
Total expenditures	117,972,441	104,353,978	101,357,507	100,251,495	98,965,285	101,643,474	83,888,796	81,576,829	81,724,334	80,442,069
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,999,311	7,041,197	1,602,289	2,424,107	(2,806,813)	(10,194,504)	1,818,482	2,155,548	1,018,350	(421,834)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
General obligation debt issued	18,185,000	17,660,000	-	-	-	5,140,000	21,630,000	2,500,000	-	-
Premium on debt issue	2,066,675	-	-	-	-	97,594	316,632	-	-	-
Discount on debt issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease Proceeds ***	32,039	-	-	-	837,996	422,596	-	-	54,600	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	(16,373,131)	-	-	-	-	(14,105,614)	-	-	-
Transfers in	5,595,106	2,227,587	1,818,247	1,896,577	1,551,014	5,996,202	2,858,215	749,409	849,219	752,865
Transfers (out)	(4,544,298)	(1,389,388)	(1,421,512)	(1,100,916)	(934,360)	(5,130,479)	(3,055,196)	(940,571)	(854,110)	(1,972,629)
Total other financing	(1,011,200)	(1,000,000)	(1,121,012)	(1,100,010)	(001,000)	(0,100,110)	(0,000,100)	(010,011)	(001,110)	(1,012,020)
(uses) sources	21,334,522	2,125,068	396,735	795,661	1,454,650	6,525,913	7,644,037	2,308,838	49,709	(1,219,764)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 25,333,833	\$ 9,166,265	\$ 1,999,024 \$	3,219,768	\$ (1,352,163)	\$ (3,668,591) \$	\$ 9,462,519 \$	4,464,386 \$	1,068,059	\$ (1,641,598)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.4%	4.5%	6.1%	6.3%	9.8%	5.1%	6.5%	6.8%	6.9%	8.2%

 ** Capital outlay and construction are included in the expenditure function categories $^{\star\star\star}\text{GASB}$ 87 implemented FY22

City of Decatur Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Historical and Residential Property	Commercial and Industrial Property	Public Utility Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Net Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	**Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Net Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2013	200,898,580	605,860,720	9,258,020	190,522,460	625,494,860	18.6 Mills	3,991,799,167	15.67%
2014	199,699,520	627,784,140	9,382,520	210,588,960	626,277,220	18.6 Mills	3,981,836,067	15.73%
2015	198,796,920	645,795,960	9,039,260	230,243,280	623,388,860	18.6 Mills	3,961,013,167	15.74%
2016	199,647,480	654,237,080	7,172,520	221,571,380	639,485,700	18.6 Mills	4,055,584,500	15.77%
2017	201,551,340	678,834,860	6,880,340	235,556,020	651,710,520	18.6 Mills	4,118,475,267	15.82%
2018	219,332,940	736,725,140	6,338,340	236,229,400	726,167,020	18.6 Mills	4,563,462,800	15.91%
2019	219,575,960	718,256,240	5,887,520	238,074,460	705,645,260	18.6 Mills	4,461,462,967	15.82%
2020	218,689,160	755,474,260	6,252,720	231,706,760	748,709,380	18.6 Mills	4,673,523,200	16.02%
2021	226,699,900	768,299,980	6,004,640	232,745,400	768,259,120	18.6 Mills	4,806,410,667	15.98%
2022	262,554,560	807,195,000	6,748,900	239,453,500	837,044,960	18.6 Mills	5,302,623,333	15.79%

Source: Morgan County Revenue Commissioner

Total Direct Tax Rate is \$.0186 per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value.

**The county assesses public utility property at 30% of appraised value, commercial and industrial property at 20% and residential and historical property at 10%.

Property in Morgan County is assessed annually.

City of Decatur Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (rate per \$1,000 of assess value)

	Cit	y Direct Rate	S		Overlap	oing Rates	
Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Rate	City Schools	County Schools	Morgan County	State of Alabama
rear	Nate	Gervice	Nate	00110013	00110013	County	Alabama
2013	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2014	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2015	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2016	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2017	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2018	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2019	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2020	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2021	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills
2022	6.0 Mills	12.6 Mills	18.6 Mills	3.6 Mills	5.8 Mills	10.8 Mills	6.5 Mills

Source:

Morgan County Revenue Commissioner

Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Decatur.

City of Decatur Principal Property Taxpayers, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2013			2014			2015			2016			2017	
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net City Taxable Assessed Value												
Taxpayer	_														
Bunge Corporation	22,273,940	3	3.56%	18,185,860	3	2.90%	19,230,040	4	3.08%	18,957,020	4	2.96%	15,686,620	5	2.41%
BellSouth	6,721,200	6	1.07%	6,867,200	6	1.10%	6,918,000	7	1.11%	4,923,500	8	0.77%	6,596,200	7	1.01%
Hexel Corporation	58,219,400	2	9.31%	73,919,400	2	11.80%	80,968,860	2	12.99%	88,503,120	2	13.84%	115,923,600	1	17.79%
General Electric/Haier	8,286,840	5	1.32%	9,210,420	5	1.47%	17,694,600	5	2.84%	24,603,100	3	3.85%	23,886,940	3	3.67%
Nucor Steel	119,504,540	1	19.11%	110,906,620	1	17.71%	108,511,480	1	17.41%	100,342,940	1	15.69%	85,160,720	2	13.07%
O.C.I. Chemical Corp	5,116,740	10	0.82%	4,392,840	10	0.70%	4,248,060	9	0.68%	4,287,060	9	0.67%	4,046,600	10	0.62%
Meow Mix	7,018,020	7	1.12%	6,151,880	7	0.98%	5,960,260	8	0.96%	12,920,104	6	2.02%	5,922,580	8	0.91%
Hyosung USA, Inc.	*			*			*			*			*		
ITC-AL LLC	9,713,600	8	1.55%	9,109,400	8	1.45%	8,646,880	6	1.39%	8,179,880	7	1.28%	7,718,520	6	1.18%
Ardent Mills, LLC (Conagra)	4,992,080	9	0.80%	5,769,920	9	0.92%	*			4,398,960	10	0.69%	4,124,760	9	0.63%
Coyote Garrison Decatur LLC	*			*			3,571,720	10	0.57%	*			*		
Polyplex USA, LLC Sparks Industrial	11,052,460 *	4	1.77%	20,117,180	4	3.21%	19,955,600	3	3.20%	18,940,400 *	5	2.96%	18,162,900 *	4	2.79%
Total	\$ 252,898,820		40.43%	\$ 264,630,720		42.25%	\$ 275,705,500		44.23%	\$ 286,056,084	-	44.73%	\$ 287,229,440		44.07%
Net City Taxable Assessed Value			625,494,860			626,277,220			623,388,860			639,485,700			651,710,520

Source: Revenue Commissioner of Morgan County

* Denotes company was not a principal taxpayer for year reported.

City of Decatur Principal Property Taxpayers, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited), continued

		2018			2019			2020			2021			2022	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net City Taxable Assessed Value									
Тахрауег	_														
Bunge Corporation BellSouth	19,535,500 *	4	2.69%	25,218,360 *	3	3.57%	25,909,520 *	4	3.46%	26,233,020 *	4	3.41%	28,838,860	4	3.45%
Hexel Corporation	129,027,720	1	17.77%	94,714,420	2	13.42%	108,259,680	1	14.46%	108,350,500	2	14.10%	105.644.020	2	12.62%
General Electric/Haier	23,460,220	3	3.23%	23,703,380	4	3.36%	38,182,000	3	5.10%	39,853,700	3	5.19%	38,465,720	3	4.60%
Nucor Steel	93,710,320	2	12.90%	101,212,160	1	14.34%	88,500,080	2	11.82%	108,977,660	1	14.19%	129,474,200	1	15.47%
O.C.I. Chemical Corp	4,417,860	9	0.61%	4,456,900	7	0.63%	4,371,960	9	0.58%	4,391,580	9	0.57%	4,938,840	9	0.59%
Meow Mix	6,916,740	7	0.95%	7,070,620	6	1.00%	7,003,220	8	0.94%	7,203,000	7	0.94%	8,096,920	7	0.97%
Hyosung USA, Inc.	4,787,100	8	0.66%	5,225,880	9	0.74%	4,097,880	10	0.55%	4,091,960	10	0.53%	4,049,380	10	0.48%
ITC-AL LLC	7,433,260	6	1.02%	2,760,362	10	0.39%	7,185,060	7	0.96%	4,576,580	8	0.60%	-		0.00%
Ardent Mills, LLC (Conagra) Coyote Garrison Decatur LLC	3,766,600	10	0.52%	5,411,100 *	8	0.77%	8,843,520 *	6	1.18%	9,964,520 *	6	1.30%	10,202,300	6	1.22%
Polyplex USA, LLC Sparks Industrial	17,228,060 *	5	2.37%	15,955,120 *	5	2.26%	16,758,320 *	5	2.24%	12,943,260 *	5	1.68%	14,851,240 8,075,220	5 8	1.77% 0.96%
Total	\$ 310,283,380		42.73%	\$ 285,728,302		40.49%	\$ 309,111,240		41.29%	\$ 326,585,780	• •	42.51%	\$ 352,636,700	· -	42.13%

Source: Revenue Commissioner of Morgan County

* Denotes company was not a principal taxpayer for year reported.

City of Decatur Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Collected wit Fiscal Year of			Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2013	19,709,515	19,414,409	98.50%	14,208	19,428,618	98.6%	
2014	20,014,092	19,942,029	99.64%	17,899	19,959,928	99.7%	
2015	20,345,222	20,228,986	99.43%	14,334	20,243,320	99.5%	
2016	20,759,796	20,673,012	99.58%	18,482	20,691,493	99.7%	
2017	21,301,129	21,241,167	99.72%	513	21,241,680	99.7%	
2018	24,887,687	24,825,911	99.75%	4,233	24,830,144	99.8%	
2019	26,713,891	26,252,347	98.27%	10,049	26,262,396	98.3%	
2020	26,992,758	24,637,744	91.28%	1,694,470	26,332,214	97.6%	
2021**	27,082,273	26,995,942	99.68%	0	26,995,942	99.7%	
2022*	27,979,367						

Source:

Morgan County Revenue Commissioner

* FY 22 revenue collected amounts will not be available until mid-July 2023

** FY 21 collections in subsequent years will not be available until mid-July 2023

Notes:

Property class I, II, and III are levied and collected one year in arrears. Due October 1 and delinquent after December 31.

Collected includes remittance, assessment commissions, collection commissions, and expenses. Expenses include reappraisal, supernumerary, and salary.

Collections in subsequent years include insolvents, bankruptcy, and escapes.

City of Decatur Taxable Sales by Category, Current Year and Nine Prior Calendar Years (Unaudited) (In thousands)

				Ca	lend	ar Year						
Category Description	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013
Apparel	\$ 50,606	\$ 48,752	\$ 35,960	\$ 44,021	\$	53,625	\$ 41,401	\$ 72,483	\$ 62,724	\$ 61,670	\$	61,993
Multi-Line Retail	\$ 596,825	\$ 556,261	\$ 471,528	\$ 442,566	\$	337,965	\$ 148,859	\$ 210,809	\$ 170,418	169,766		173,710
Restaurants	\$ 169,393	\$ 165,410	\$ 127,136	\$ 148,127	\$	137,321	\$ 201,243	\$ 154,769	\$ 138,512	129,213		124,740
Grocery Stores	\$ 111,110	\$ 104,158	\$ 103,391	\$ 101,114	\$	85,501	\$ 89,777	\$ 80,136	\$ 78,899	74,277		75,415
Building Materials	\$ 52,577	\$ 25,121	\$ 14,922	\$ 16,971	\$	67,453	\$ 78,528	\$ 77,028	\$ 63,561	60,476		58,530
Automobile Dealers	\$ 356,282	\$ 342,976	\$ 232,836	\$ 269,234	\$	269,605	\$ 317,935	\$ 294,061	\$ 230,500	217,491		201,947
Household Furnishings	\$ 11,920	\$ 10,481	\$ 7,362	\$ 7,538	\$	7,763	\$ 27,439	\$ 28,083	\$ 26,665	24,961		18,203
Convenience Stores	\$ 50,544	\$ 50,990	\$ 39,219	\$ 40,102	\$	38,199	\$ 31,931	\$ 35,557	\$ 33,510	32,371		28,268
All other outlets	\$ 451,460	\$ 386,004	\$ 479,546	\$ 395,346	\$	346,622	\$ 381,769	\$ 558,504	\$ 477,803	 494,117		440,491
Total	\$ 1,850,717	\$ 1,690,152	\$ 1,511,899	\$ 1,465,019	\$	1,344,054	\$ 1,318,882	\$ 1,511,430	\$ 1,282,591	\$ 1,264,342	\$1	,183,297

Source: City Revenue Department Notes: City direct sales tax rate is 4%

City of Decatur Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rate, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Morgan County	State of Alabama
2013	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2014	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2015	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2016	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2017	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2018	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2019	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2020	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2021	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%
2022	4.00%	1.00%	4.00%

Source: City Revenue Department

Notes:

Tax rates indicated are the general rate.

City of Decatur Principal Sales Tax Remitters, Last 10 Calendar Years (Unaudited)

	Calen	dar Year 20	022	Calen	dar Year 2	021	Calendar Year 2020			
Fax Remitter Description	Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total	
Aulti-line retailer	4,708,189	1	7.70%	4,419,307	1	7.92%	\$ 4,211,233	1	8.43%	
Manufacturer	2,827,997	2	4.63%	2,644,063	2	4.74%	2,386,185	2	4.78%	
Grocery store	2,255,463	3	3.69%	2,150,853	3	3.85%	1,968,702	3	3.94%	
Aulti-line retailer	1,744,110	4	2.85%	1,233,810	6	2.21%	1,041,981	6	2.09%	
Building materials /hard line	1,387,202	5	2.27%	1,703,961	4	3.05%	1,478,592	4	2.96%	
/ulti-line retailer	1,259,272	6	2.06%	*			*			
Grocery store	954,410	7	1.56%	1,035,954	7	1.86%	994,615	7	1.99%	
Apparel Store				*			617,979	9	1.24%	
Building materials /hard line				1,287,072	5	2.31%	1,077,781	5	2.16%	
Automobile dealer	925,612	8	1.51%	888,673	8	1.59%	784,985	8	1.57%	
/lulti-line retailer	738,920	10	1.21%	794,693	9	1.42%	*			
Manufacturer				*			*			
Automobile dealer	748,328	9	1.22%	750,480	10	1.34%	574,038	10	1.15%	
Fotal	\$ 17,549,503		28.71%	\$ 16,908,865		30.29%	\$ 15,136,090		30.31%	

		Calendar Y		Calendar Year 2018				Calendar Year 2017				
Tax Remitter Description	Tax Liabi		Percent nk of Tot	•	L	Tax .iability	Rank	Percentage of Total		Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total
Multi-line retailer	\$ 4,2	07,375	8 1	.70%	\$	3,951,670	1	8.86%	\$	3,890,428	1	9.20%
Manufacturer	1,9	39,906	2 4	.01%		2,260,719	2	5.07%		2,108,019	2	4.98%
Grocery store	1,6	05,699	3 3	.32%		1,361,800	3	3.05%		1,065,203	4	2.52%
Multi-line retailer	9	37,366	5 1	.94%		951,878	5	2.14%		900,660	5	2.13%
Building materials /hard line	1,2	05,364	1 2	.49%		1,161,078	4	2.60%		1,169,429	3	2.76%
Multi-line retailer	*					585,560	9	1.31%		603,855	9	1.43%
Grocery store	8	39,337	7 1	.74%		843,166	6	1.89%		887,086	6	2.10%
Apparel Store	5	77,001) 1	.19%		535,169	10	1.20%		555,165	10	1.31%
Building materials /hard line	8	68,700	6 1	.80%		784,960	7	1.76%		756,826	7	1.79%
Automobile dealer	7	73,297	3 1	.60%		741,860	8	1.66%		739,811	8	1.75%
Multi-line retailer	*											
Manufacturer	*											
	5	23,929 1	0 1	.08%								
Total												
	\$ 13,4	77,974	27	.86%	\$	13,177,860		29.56%	\$	12,676,482		29.96%

Source:

City Revenue Department

Notes:

Confidentiality requirements prohibit disclosure of tax remitter business names.

City of Decatur Principal Sales Tax Remitters, Last 10 Calendar Years (Unaudited), Continued

Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability		Percentage	Тах		Percentage
¢ 0.040.005			Liability	Rank	of Total	Liability	Rank	of Total
\$ 3,842,685	1	9.83%	\$ 3,708,054	1	9.89%	\$ 3,587,180	1	9.70%
1,627,433	2	4.16%	1,880,011	2	5.01%	2,100,098	2	5.68%
1,002,354	4	2.56%	1,224,425	3	3.27%	1,136,174	3	3.07%
849,926	6	2.17%	875,168	5	2.33%	867,320	5	2.35%
1,138,342	3	2.91%	1,040,212	4	2.77%	994,952	4	2.69%
590,507	10	1.51%	698,811	7	1.86%	689,663	7	1.87%
858,139	5	2.19%	832,716	6	2.22%	754,482	6	2.04%
607,759	9	1.55%	638,815	10	1.70%	661,069	8	1.79%
741,728	7	1.90%	693,029	8	1.85%	660,209	9	1.79%
725,808	8	1.86%	639,662	9	1.71%	577,733	10	1.56%
	1,002,354 849,926 1,138,342 590,507 858,139 607,759 741,728	1,002,3544849,92661,138,3423590,50710858,1395607,7599741,7287	1,002,35442.56%849,92662.17%1,138,34232.91%590,507101.51%858,13952.19%607,75991.55%741,72871.90%	1,002,35442.56%1,224,425849,92662.17%875,1681,138,34232.91%1,040,212590,507101.51%698,811858,13952.19%832,716607,75991.55%638,815741,72871.90%693,029	1,002,35442.56%1,224,4253849,92662.17%875,16851,138,34232.91%1,040,2124590,507101.51%698,8117858,13952.19%832,7166607,75991.55%638,81510741,72871.90%693,0298	1,002,35442.56%1,224,42533.27%849,92662.17%875,16852.33%1,138,34232.91%1,040,21242.77%590,507101.51%698,81171.86%858,13952.19%832,71662.22%607,75991.55%638,815101.70%741,72871.90%693,02981.85%	1,002,35442.56%1,224,42533.27%1,136,174849,92662.17%875,16852.33%867,3201,138,34232.91%1,040,21242.77%994,952590,507101.51%698,81171.86%689,663858,13952.19%832,71662.22%754,482607,75991.55%638,815101.70%661,069741,72871.90%693,02981.85%660,209	1,002,35442.56%1,224,42533.27%1,136,1743849,92662.17%875,16852.33%867,32051,138,34232.91%1,040,21242.77%994,9524590,507101.51%698,81171.86%689,6637858,13952.19%832,71662.22%754,4826607,75991.55%638,815101.70%661,0698741,72871.90%693,02981.85%660,2099

	Caler	idar Year 20	013
Tax Remitter Description	 Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total
Multi-line retailer	\$ 3,413,220	1	9.42%
Manufacturer	1,375,066	2	3.80%
Grocery store	1,112,742	3	3.07%
Multi-line retailer	909,758	5	2.51%
Building materials /hard line	954,004	4	2.63%
Multi-line retailer	730,711	7	2.02%
Grocery store	765,625	6	2.11%
Apparel Store	692,994	8	1.91%
Building materials /hard line Automobile dealer	635,330 *	9	1.75%
Multi-line retailer Manufacturer	615,354	10	1.70%
Total	 *		
10101	\$ 11,204,804		30.93%

Source:

City Revenue Department

Notes:

Confidentiality requirements prohibit disclosure of tax remitter business names.

City of Decatur Gas, Electric, Water, and Wastewater Operating Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Electric	Gas	Water	Wastewater	Total
2013	94,768,138	17,835,792	10,935,251	15,078,823	138,618,004
2014	98,306,039	20,956,097	11,841,254	15,759,277	146,862,667
2015	95,544,700	16,663,591	12,489,561	16,303,592	141,001,444
2016	92,196,471	13,333,262	14,795,250	16,691,283	137,016,266
2017	91,740,396	14,198,279	15,875,358	17,267,097	139,081,130
2018	97,006,626	15,237,050	15,510,793	17,611,859	145,366,328
2019	95,442,625	15,004,171	15,933,461	17,863,437	144,243,694
2020	87,291,974	11,878,699	15,550,350	17,192,122	131,913,145
2021	89,705,874	14,913,891	15,426,462	19,804,285	139,850,512
2022	102,341,575	21,185,361	16,130,184	24,567,091	164,224,211

City of Decatur Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (Thousands of dollars)

	Governr	mental Act	tivities		Busines	s-type Act	ivities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Warrants	Notes Payable	Leases	Water Revenue Warrants	Wastewater Revenue Warrants	Water Notes Payable	Wastewater Notes Payable	Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Total Debt per Capita
2013	54,778	-	-	25,175	55,370	-	-	-	135,323	9.87%	2,402
2014	51,318	-	45	23,300	52,495	-	-	-	127,158	9.37%	2,254
2015	50,253	-	34	21,370	49,530	-	-	-	121,187	8.80%	2,161
2016	54,841	-	24	19,380	46,475	-	-	-	120,720	8.74%	2,157
2017	56,648	-	435	17,320	43,320	-	-	-	117,723	8.29%	2,099
2018	50,404	-	1071	15,185	40,265	-	-	-	106,925	7.58%	1,950
2019	46,567	-	769	10,780	39,395	-	-	-	97,511	6.98%	1,797
2020	42,782	-	460	10,155	35,895	-	-	-	89,292	5.85%	1,639
2021	41,715	-	291	17,214	191,916	-	-	-	251,136	16.18%	4,439
2022	57,060	-	452	16,207	187,803	-	-	-	261,522	14.62%	4,507

Sources:

Estimates from the Morgan County Economic Development Association See Schedule (E-1) for personal income and per capita data

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Decatur Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2013	54,778,295	1.37%	972
2014	51,318,049	1.29%	910
2015	50,252,354	1.27%	896
2016	54,840,756	1.35%	980
2017	56,647,650	1.38%	1,010
2018	50,403,999	1.10%	919
2019	46,567,244	1.04%	858
2020	42,782,593	0.92%	785
2021	41,715,180	0.87%	737
2022	54,770,000	1.03%	944

Sources: Morgan County Economic Development Association provided demographics

Governmental Unit	 Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable to City	City's Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
City of Decatur general obligation bonds/warrants & leases	\$ 57,512,777	100.00%	\$ 57,512,777
Total Direct Debt			57,512,777
 * City of Decatur Board of Education Morgan County Morgan County Board of Education Total Overlapping Debt 	\$ 213,161,253 17,795,803 100,850,229	100.00% 42.83% 42.83%	213,161,253 7,621,942 <u>43,194,153</u> 263,977,349
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 321,490,126

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the City is calculated on the basis of the ratio of the estimated 2022 net assessed valuation of all taxable property in the City (\$837,044,960 - exclusive of taxable property outside the boundaries of Morgan County - to that of all net taxable property in Morgan County (\$1,954,260,640).

*Decatur Board of Education Capital Outlay Warrants funded by property tax.

Sources:

Morgan County Revenue Commissioner Debt outstanding provided by each governmental unit.

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Decatur. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident - and therefore responsible for repaying the debt - of each overlapping government.

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 125,098,9	2 \$ 125,255,444	\$ 124,677,772	\$ 127,897,140	\$ 130,342,104	\$ 145,233,404	\$ 141,129,052	\$ 149,741,876 \$	153,651,824	\$ 167,408,992
Total net debt applicable to limit	48,868,2	45,708,049	44,947,354	49,845,756	51,967,650	46,048,999	46,567,244	43,242,593	41,715,180	57,512,777
Legal debt margin	70,320,6	77 73,937,395	74,425,418	\$ 82,591,384	\$ 81,084,453	\$ 99,184,405	\$ 94,561,808	\$ 106,499,283 \$	111,936,644	\$ 109,896,215
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	39.0	36.49 %	36.05%	38.97%	39.87%	31.71%	33.00%	28.88%	27.15%	34.35%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022

Assessed value	\$ 1,076,498,460
Less tax exempt property	(239,453,500)
Net Assessed Value	837,044,960
Debt limit (20% of net assessed value)	167,408,992
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds/ leases	57,512,777
Less:School	-
Total net debt applicable to limit	57,512,777
Legal debt margin	\$ 109,896,215

City of Decatur Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service	Coverage
2013	138,764,202	123,584,281	15,179,921	6,570,620	2.31%
2014	147,026,063	129,276,053	17,750,010	7,398,849	2.40%
2015	141,138,101	123,318,615	17,819,486	7,548,849	2.36%
2016	137,016,266	117,453,066	19,563,200	7,461,046	2.62%
2017	139,081,130	117,854,008	21,227,122	7,283,843	2.91%
2018	145,366,327	121,342,506	24,023,821	7,305,475	3.29%
2019	145,962,003	121,341,186	24,620,817	5,859,361	4.20%
2020	132,677,734	110,140,121	22,537,613	4,616,407	4.88%
2021	139,970,774	119,317,179	20,653,595	8,365,931	2.47%
2022	165,842,196	134,008,756	31,833,440	10,499,434	3.03%

City of Decatur Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income Thousands of dollars	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Graduated	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
0040	50.040	4 074 405	04 007	07.0	400	0.040	C 40/
2013	56,342	1,371,195	24,337	37.3	499	8,312	6.4%
2014	56,416	1,356,861	24,051	37.4	557	8,476	6.1%
2015	56,068	1,376,638	24,553	37.8	546	8,693	5.7%
2016	55,974	1,380,711	24,667	38.0	534	8,484	5.6%
2017	56,077	1,419,253	25,309	38.2	506	8,814	3.2%
2018	54,844	1,411,520	25,737	39.6	577	8,756	3.5%
2019	54,264	1,396,593	25,737	40.0	577	8,910	2.2%
2020	54,478	1,525,275	27,998	39.9	555	8,781	5.0%
2021	56,571	1,552,082	27,436	39.5	577	8,287	2.7%
2022	58,023	1,788,501	30,824	39.3	541	8,439	2.3%

Sources: Morgan County Economic Development Association Decatur City Schools

City of Decatur Principal Employers Current Year and Prior Nine Years (Unaudited)

		2022			2021			2020	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Decatur Morgan Hospital	1.715		6.54%	1.553	1	4.73%	1.458	2	4.54%
Haier/General Electric	1.395		5.32%	1.395	2	4.25%	1,681	1	5.23%
Decatur City Schools	1,398		5.33%	1,347	3	4.10%	1,337	3	4.16%
United Launch Alliance	752		2.87%	715	8	2.18%	665	9	2.07%
3M Company	998		3.81%	950	5	2.89%	956	5	2.98%
Wayne Farms Fresh	684		2.61%	719	7	2.19%	750	6	2.33%
Nucor Steel	725		2.76%	725	6	2.21%	720	7	2.24%
City of Decatur	674		2.57%	674	9	2.05%	682	8	2.12%
Wayne Farms Prepared Foods	1,135		4.33%	1,047	4	3.19%	1,151	4	3.58%
BP America	*			*			*		
Gemstone Foods, LLC	520		1.98%	486	10	1.48%	486	10	1.51%
Total	9,996		38.11%	9,611		29.27%	9,886	-	30.77%

		2019	Percentage of Total City		2018	Percentage of Total City		2017	Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Decatur Morgan Hospital	1,500	1	4.47%	1,365	1	4.19%	1,365	1	5.02%
General Electric	1,381	2	4.12%	1,325	2	4.07%	1,325	2	4.88%
Decatur City Schools	1,172	3	3.49%	1,172	3	3.60%	1,133	3	4.17%
United Launch Alliance	620	9	1.85%	620	9	1.90%	607	10	2.23%
3M Company	960	5	2.86%	961	5	2.95%	850	6	3.13%
Wayne Farms Fresh	750	6	2.24%	881	6	2.71%	881	5	3.24%
Nucor Steel	720	7	2.15%	728	7	2.24%	709	8	2.61%
City of Decatur	670	8	2.00%	665	8	2.04%	662	9	2.44%
Wayne Farms Prepared Foods	1,151	4	3.43%	1,033	4	3.17%	1,002	4	3.69%
BP America	*			*			*		
Gemstone Foods, LLC	486	10	1.45%						
Total	9,410		28.05%	8,750		26.87%	8,534	-	31.41%

Source:

Morgan County Economic Development Association

City of Decatur Principal Employers Current Year and Prior Nine Years (Unaudited), continued

		2016			2015	i		2014	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees R	ank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Decatur Morgan Hospital	1,365	1	4.58%	1.449	1	5.24%	1,449	1	4.32%
General Electric	1,305	2	4.35%	1.338	2	4.84%	1.300	2	3.88%
Decatur City Schools	1,133	3	3.80%	1,200	3	4.34%	1,200	3	3.58%
United Launch Alliance	820	7	2.75%	808	7	2.92%	849	5	2.53%
3M Company	850	6	2.85%	850	6	3.07%	850	4	2.53%
Wayne Farms Fresh	871	5	2.92%	871	5	3.15%	795	6	2.37%
Nucor Steel	721	8	2.42%	721	8	2.61%	715	7	2.13%
City of Decatur	658	10	2.21%	665	10	2.40%	670	9	2.00%
Wayne Farms East/West	942	4	3.16%	942	4	3.41%	696	8	2.08%
BP America	*			*			444	10	1.32%
Gemstone Foods, LLC					_				
Total	8,655		29.05%	8,844		31.98%	8,968		26.74%

		2013	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Decatur Morgan Hospital	1,449	1	4.62%
General Electric	1,298	2	4.14%
Decatur City Schools	1,200	3	3.83%
United Launch Alliance	849	5	2.71%
3M Company	887	4	2.83%
Wayne Farms Fresh	795	6	2.54%
Nucor Steel	710	7	2.26%
City of Decatur	693	9	2.21%
Wayne Farms East/West	696	8	2.22%
BP America	467	10	1.49%
Gemstone Foods, LLC			
Total	9,044		28.85%

Source: Morgan County Economic Development Association

Function/Program	Full-Time-Equivalent Employees as of September 30											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
General Government	72	69	69	68	65	61	54	53	53	51		
Public Safety	251	255	267	270	268	274	269	275	276	282		
Public Works	50	48	59	51	55	54	55	64	74	81		
Public Services	73	76	66	72	67	68	68	63	63	72		
Community Development	16	16	15	15	16	14	15	14	15	15		
Municipal Utilities Board	184	182	179	165	166	163	168	166	162	163		
Point Mallard	10	10	10	10	7	8	8	9	8	10		
Sanitary Landfill	18	18	17	19	21	20	21	21	19	19		
Total	674	674	682	670	665	662	658	665	670	693		

Source:

City of Decatur Personnel Board Decatur Utilities Personnel Department

City of Decatur Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government										
Building permits issued	4,252	3,693	3,426	3,503	3,496	3,051	3,325	3,039	5,319	3,090
Building inspections conducted	7,105	5,386	4,983	5,496	5,296	5,340	5,863	5,476	8,758	5,084
Police										
Adult arrests	3,756	4,122	3,896	4,142	4,422	3,881	3,930	4,635	5,325	4,770
Traffic citations	10,342	6,406	6,375	11,247	11,483	14,020	15,692	14,133	16,943	16,462
Fire										
Inspections	441	226	243	192	478	410	210	172	108	101
Emergency medical responses	6,173	5,651	4,034	3,295	5,003	4,758	5,354	5,709	5,937	4,183
Fire and/or Hazmat responses	2,072	2,623	2,306	1,959	2,151	1,988	1,838	1,558	1,479	901
Refuse collections										
Recyclables collected in tons	1,788	1,674	1,500	2,204	2,296	2,049	2,223	2,926	2,563	2,180
Garbage and trash collected	39,556	41,440	41,039	37,085	36,889	35,368	34,397	33,755	36,042	34,142
Municipal Utilities Board										
Electrical connections	26,842	26,814	26,734	26,644	26,531	26,599	26,582	26,525	26,487	26,515
Water connections	25,750	25,628	25,585	25,496	25,385	25,375	25,362	25,340	25,295	25,260
Wastewater connections	20,892	20,755	20,692	20,588	20,474	20,448	20,416	20,388	20,319	20,297
Gas connections	13,491	13,476	13,506	13,596	13,575	13,561	13,637	13,661	13,613	13,690

Source: Various city departments

City of Decatur Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Police Stations Police vehicles Boat Motorcycles Trucks/SUV/ATV Fire Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts Recreations centers	4 34 1 8 155 8 14 21 11 6 16 336 7 49	4 200 8 8 6 17 336 7	4 202 8 10 5 16 336 7	4 188 9 5 20 336	5 165 8 9 5 17	5 162 8 9 5 17	5 160 8 10 5 17	3 166 8 9 5 17	4 166 8 10 5 16	3 167 8 10 5 16
Police vehicles Boat Motorcycles Trucks/SUV/ATV Fire Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	34 1 8 155 8 14 21 11 6 16 336 7	200 8 8 6 17 336 7	202 8 10 5 16 336	188 9 5 20	165 8 9 5 17	162 8 9 5	160 8 10 5	166 8 9 5	166 8 10 5	167 8 10 5
Boat Motorcycles Trucks/SUV/ATV Fire Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	1 8 155 8 14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 8 6 17 336 7	8 10 5 16 336	8 9 5 20	8 9 5 17	8 9 5	8 10 5	8 9 5	8 10 5	8 10 5
Motorcycles Trucks/SUV/ATV Fire Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	8 155 8 14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 6 17 336 7	10 5 16 336	9 5 20	9 5 17	9 5	10 5	9 5	10 5	10 5
Trucks/SUV/ATV Fire Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	155 8 14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 6 17 336 7	10 5 16 336	9 5 20	9 5 17	9 5	10 5	9 5	10 5	10 5
Fire Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	8 14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 6 17 336 7	10 5 16 336	9 5 20	9 5 17	9 5	10 5	9 5	10 5	10 5
Stations Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 6 17 336 7	10 5 16 336	9 5 20	9 5 17	9 5	10 5	9 5	10 5	10 5
Fire trucks Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 6 17 336 7	10 5 16 336	9 5 20	9 5 17	9 5	10 5	9 5	10 5	10 5
Trucks/SUV/ATV Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	14 21 11 6 16 336 7	8 6 17 336 7	10 5 16 336	9 5 20	9 5 17	9 5	10 5	9 5	10 5	10 5
Sanitation Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	21 11 6 16 336 7	6 17 336 7	5 16 336	5 20	5 17	5	5	5	5	5
Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	6 16 336 7	336 7	336			17	17	17	16	16
Garbage collection trucks Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	6 16 336 7	336 7	336			17	17	17	16	16
Tractor trailer trucks Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	6 16 336 7	336 7	336							
Heavy equipment/loader trucks/SUV Other public works Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	16 336 7	7		336						
Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	7	7		336						
Paved streets (miles) Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	7	7		336						
Unpaved streets (miles) Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	7	7		000	336	336	336	336	336	336
Paved invert drainage channels (miles) Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts				7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Storm drainage conduits (miles) Parks and Recreation Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts		49	49	49	49	48	48	48	48	48
Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	144
Number of parks* Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts										
Acres of Parks Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	30	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Golf courses (public & private) Tennis courts	1280	1278	1278	1278	1278	1278	1278	1278	1278	1278
Tennis courts	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Senior citizen centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ball fields in use	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Enclosed swimming pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Open air swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Soccer facilities (acres)	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
lce rinks	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Marina/boat launch	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Campgrounds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Municiple Utilities Board										
Water mains (miles)	494	494	492	492	491	490	487	487	484	484
Gas mains (miles)	425	423	423	432	421	430	420	420	418	418
Electric lines (miles)	596	596	596	596	594	594	593	593	593	593
Sanitary sewers (miles)	377	377	375	374	374	358	350	348	342	342
Fire hydrants in service	3//	2117	2065	2060	2060	2048	2039	2032	2028	2026

City of Decatur

Single Audit Report September 30, 2022

City of Decatur September 30, 2022

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Certified Public Accountants / Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Decatur, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Decatur, Alabama (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Decatur's Board of Education ("Board of Education"), which is a discretely presented component unit of the City, or the financial statements of the Municipal Utilities Board Enterprise Fund ("Utilities Board"), a business-type activity and major proprietary fund, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Decatur's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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820 6th Ave SE / P.O. Box 5220 Decatur, AL 35601

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DWA

Darrell W. Wates, CPA, PC Certified Public Accountants Decatur, Alabama March 31, 2023

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Certified Public Accountants / Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTRIL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Decatur, Alabama

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Decatur, Alabama's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

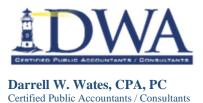
We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibility of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance



requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-01, 2022-02 and 2022-03. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-001, 2022-002 and 2022-003 to be a significant deficiency.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report theron dated March 31, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

DWA

Darrell W. Wates, CPA, PC Certified Public Accountants

Decatur, Alabama February 20, 2024

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City of Decatur Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended September 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grantor or Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Grant Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Clust	ler			
Direct Programs:				
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-19-MC-01-0011	\$ 11.763	\$ 11.763
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-MC-01-0011	162,521	220,500
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-21-MC-01-0011	282,446	395,934
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-22-MC-01-0011	117,732	175,971
COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-MW-01-0011	65,775	382,633
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Gra	nts Cluster		640,237	1,186,801
Community Development Block Grant CARES Act Program Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of Interior National Park Service	14.228	CV EC 20 003	640,237	<u>302,313</u> <u>302,313</u> 1,489,114
Passed Through Alabama Historical Commission:				
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-in-aid	15.904	AL-20-10020	-	2,580
		AL-20-10024	-	11,643
		AL-21-10022	-	18,000
		AL-21-10024	-	6,685
			-	38,908
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct Programs:				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2020-BU-BX-2002-1912	-	10,461
		2022-BU-BX-2202-9392	-	75
			-	10,536

City of Decatur Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended September 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grantor or Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Grant Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
Passed Through Alabama Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction - Metropolitan				
Planning Organization	20.205	PL-0011(032)	-	174,853
Highway Planning and Construction - Federal Aid				
Highway Program	20.205	STPOA-9215(600)	-	4,866
Highway Planning and Construction - Federal Aid				
Highway Program	20.205	ST-052-999-014	-	400,000
Highway Planning and Construction - Federal Aid				
Highway Program	20.205	STPOA-5220 (252)	-	74,312
Highway Planning and Construction - Federal Aid	00.005			5 000 077
Highway Program	20.205	2018 BUILD No.55		<u>5,900,966</u> 6,554,997
U.S. Department of Transportation (Continued) Highway Safety Cluster				
Passed Through North Alabama Highway Safety Office:				
State and Community Highway Safety -402 Step GHSP	20.600	22-FP-PT-035	-	17,110
National Priority Safety Programs - Drive Sober Grant	20.616	22-ID-M5-034		1,647
Total Highway Safety Cluster			-	18,757
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			-	6,573,754
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Direct Programs:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	SLT-8676		30,470
Total Department of the Treasury			-	30,470
Executive Office of the President Passed Through Gulf Coast HIDTA: ONDCP Gulf Coast High Intensity Drug Trafficking				
Area Program	95.001	G20GC0006A		9,745
Total Executive Office of the President			-	9,745

City of Decatur Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended September 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grantor or Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Thre	assed ough to ecipients	Exp	Grant penditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security						
Direct Programs:						
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially						
Declared Disasters	97.036	FEMA 4426-DR-AL		-		31,013
Port Security Grant Program	97.056	EMW-2021-PU-00196-S01		-		51,935
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				-		82,948
Total Federal Awards			\$	640,237	\$	8,235,475

Note 1 - Entity Definition

For the purposes of this schedule, the entity is defined as the City of Decatur; therefore, this schedule does not include the grant activities of the City of Decatur's Board of Education ("Board of Education), a component unit of the City described in the notes to the general-purpose financial statements. This entity is subject to and has undergone a separate single audit as needed to comply with the Uniform Guidance.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Decatur under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022 presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recognized when the related Fund liability is incurred. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. Since the schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of the City of Decatur, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

The City of Decatur elected not to utilize the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Payments to Subrecipients

The City passes certain federal awards received agencies of the United States Government to not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). The City reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

Payments to subrecipients from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the Community Development Block Grant totaled \$640,237 under this award for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Note 4 – Loans Outstanding

The City used funds available under the Community Development Block Grant to eligible persons. Disbursements of such loans are included as expenditures in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards in the year of disbursement. The loan agreements state that the loans will be fully forgiven at the end of a stated period as long as all conditions under the loan agreement are met. The outstanding balances of these loans at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	CFDA	Amount	
Federal Program	Number	outstanding	itstanding
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	\$	238,369
		\$	238,369

City of Decatur Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended September 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued on whether the financial				
statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP	Unmodified		_	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	~	no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered? to be material weaknesses?	yes	√	_none reported	
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	yes	✓	_no	
Federal Awards				
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	√	_no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered? to be material weaknesses?	yes		_none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance: for major programs	Unmodified		_	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes		no	
Identification of major programs:				
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
14.218	Community Development Block Grant including the COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants			
20.205	Highway Planning and Cons			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes		no	

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2022-001 Policies and Procedures - COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants (AL #14.218)

Criteria: As the use of funds under the CDBG-CV have specific uses and requirements which are more narrow than those of normal operations under the City's Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants, specific written policies and procedures which address the small business grant assistance, the rental assistance, or the public improvement programs of the CDBG-CV grant should be created in order to ensure sound internal controls surrounding programs.

Condition and Context: During testing of CDBG-CV funds, it was noted that the City had not prepared policies and procedures specific to the small business grant assistance, the rental assistance, or the public improvement programs of the CDBG-CV grant. This was noted in a monitoring letter from The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Although the City has since established certain written procedures to address the small business grant assistance and rental assistance programs, they have not established written procedures for the CDBG-CV public improvement program and have not addressed all components of the initial finding.

Cause: The City was unaware that formalized written policies were required prior to the distribution of the funds.

Effects: The City was not in compliance with the formal policy and procedure requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend the City review current written policies and address the missing components of the CDBG-CV public improvement program; monitoring standards and timeframes, financial management; period of performance, record retention, program income, public service cap, special economic development underwriting requirements, duplication of benefits under the rental assistance program, emergency payments; a system to organize financial statements, document costs, and further ensure internal controls have been and are followed for the CDBG-CV programs.

Auditee's Response: The City's Community Development Department is in the process of rewriting its Policies to include the CDBG-CV provisions. Those policies should be completed within the next couple of months.

2022-002 Recordkeeping Concerning Duplication of Benefits - COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants (AL #14.218)

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place under the COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants, to ensure there is not a Duplication of Benefits (DOB) for business assistance activities. All CDBG-CV grantees are required to establish and maintain adequate procedures to prevent any duplication of benefits for assisted activities (as discussed in Section III.B.9. of the CDBG-CV Notice). To demonstrate that no financial assistance has been received or is available to pay costs charged to a CDBG-CV grant, a grantee may demonstrate that no other funds are available for an activity by maintaining records of compliance with mandatory duplication of benefits requirements described in Section III.B.9.

Condition and Context: During testing of subawards under activities allowed or unallowed, we noted that the City did not perform their own assessment as to whether business applicants had received financial assistance from other sources. Although they did require applicants to indicate whether other sources had been awarded and accepted or applied for from other sources, an independent review by the City was not conducted to verify these statements.

Cause: The City was not aware that of the additional assessment process required to verify the statements made by applicants within their signed applications regarding whether other sources of financial assistance had been utilized or applied for in paying related expenditures.

Effects: The City was not in compliance with the recordkeeping requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend the City take the necessary steps to verify that no financial assistance has been received or is available to pay costs charged to a CDBG-CV grant for each recipient and maintain the documentation of these results within their files.

Auditee's Response: As noted previously, the City's Community Development Department is in the process of rewriting its Policies to include the CDBG-CV provisions. Those updated policies will include safeguards to ensure no duplication of benefits will accrue and proper documentation of procedures taken.

2022-003 Documentation of Prevent Prepare and Respond Tieback Responsibilities - COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants (AL #14.218)

Criteria: Documentation should be maintained for assistance provided under the COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants, that details how the activities prepare, prevent, and respond (PPR tieback) to coronavirus.

Condition and Context: Remote monitoring by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development noted that proper documentation of the PPR tieback responsibilities was not maintained. In particular, it was noted that the City did not provide a detailed and descriptive assessment that evidenced how all businesses met the PPR tieback.

Cause: The City felt the assistance provided to businesses properly met the PPR tieback as it enabled retention of jobs at small businesses.

Effects: The City was not in compliance with the documentation requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City prepare written representations that provide a full description of their assessment and conclusions that properly support their determination of allowability for each business which received assistance. We further recommend the City implement policies that require detailed written assessments and conclusions prior to approval and disbursement of funds.

Auditee's Response: As noted previously, the City's Community Development Department is in the process of rewriting its Policies to include the CDBG-CV provisions The City's updated policies will include the above recommendations.

City of Decatur Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the year ended September 30, 2022

Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.





Finance Department

Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

February 20, 2024

The City of Decatur, Alabama respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The findings from the September 30, 2022 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. Each is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

Finding 2022-01 - Policies and Procedures - COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants (AL #14.218) - Significant Deficiency

Corrective Action Plan: We concur with the findings and are in the process of rewriting policies to include the CDBG-CV provisions. Those policies should be completed within the next couple of months.

Finding 2022-02 - Recordkeeping Concerning Duplication of Benefits - COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants (AL #14.218) - Significant Deficiency

Corrective Action Plan: We concur with the findings and are in the process of rewriting policies to include the CDBG-CV provisions. Those policies should be completed within the next couple of months.

Finding 2022-03 - Documentation of Prevent Prepare and Respond Tieback Responsibilities - COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants (AL #14.218) - Significant Deficiency

Corrective Action Plan: We concur with the findings and are in the process of rewriting policies to include the CDBG-CV provisions. Those policies should be completed within the next couple of months.

If further information is needed regarding this plan, please contact me directly at 256-341-4556. Sincerely,

Dawn Runager, Finance Manager Finance Department City of Decatur, Alabama